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ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION
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IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION OF
RIO RICO UTILITIES, INC., AN ARIZONA
CORPORATION, FOR A DETERMINATION
OF THE FAIR VALUE OF ITS UTILITY
PLANTS AND PROPERTY AND FOR
INCREASES IN ITS WATER AND
WASTEWATER RATES AND CHARGES
FOR UTILITY SERVICE BASED THEREON.

Docket No. WS-02676A-09-0257

NOTICE OF FILING
DIRECT TESTIMONY

The Residential Utility Consumer Office ("RUCO") hereby provides notice of filing the
Direct Required Revenue Testimony of Timothy J. Coley, in the above-referenced matter.

RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED this 23rd day of December, 2009.

Daniel W. Pozefsky
Chief Counsel

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2 of the foregoing filed this 23rd day
3 of December, 2009 with:

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7 Phoenix, Arizona 85007

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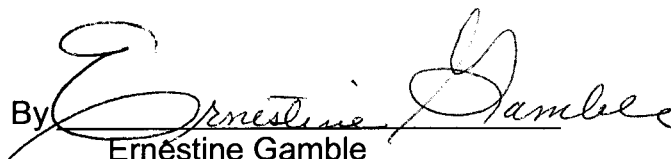
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RIO RICO UTILITIES, INC.

DOCKET NO. WS-02676A-09-0257

**DIRECT TESTIMONY
(REQUIRED REVENUE)**

OF

TIMOTHY J. COLEY

ON BEHALF OF

THE

RESIDENTIAL UTILITY CONSUMER OFFICE

DECEMBER 23, 2009

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INTRODUCTION

Q. Please state your name, position, employer and address.

A. My Name is Timothy J. Coley. I am a Public Utilities Analyst V employed by the Residential Utility Consumer Office ("RUCO") located at 1110 W. Washington, Suite 220, Phoenix, Arizona 85007.

Q. Please state your educational background and qualifications in the utility regulation field.

A. Appendix 1, which is attached to this testimony, describes my educational background and includes a list of the rate cases and regulatory matters in which I have participated.

Q. Please state the purpose of your testimony.

A. The purpose of my testimony is to present RUCO's recommendations regarding Rio Rico Utilities, Inc.'s ("RRUI" or "Company") application for a determination of the current fair value of both its Water and Wastewater utility plant and property and for a permanent increase in its rates and charges based thereon for utility service. The test year utilized by the Company in connection with the preparation of this application is the 12-month period that ended December 31, 2008.

1 **BACKGROUND**

2 Q. Please describe your work effort on this project.

3 A. I obtained and reviewed data and performed analytical procedures
4 necessary to understand the Company's filing as it relates to operating
5 income, rate base, and the Company's overall revenue requirement. My
6 recommendations are based on these analyses. Procedures performed
7 include the in-house formulation and analysis of several sets of data
8 requests, the review and analysis of the Company's responses to
9 Commission Staff data requests, and review of prior ACC dockets related
10 to RRUI.

11
12 RUCO's participation in this proceeding is the cumulative effort of me
13 (Timothy J. Coley) and William A. Rigsby. I performed the revenue
14 requirement analysis on the Company's rate base and operating income.
15 Mr. Rigsby will provide an analysis of the cost of capital. I will also
16 subsequently file RUCO's recommended rate design on January 4, 2010.
17 RUCO analyzed each division (Water and Wastewater Divisions) on a
18 stand-alone basis.

19
20 Q. Please identify the Schedules and Exhibits you are sponsoring.

21 A. I am sponsoring schedules for both the Water and Wastewater Divisions
22 of RRUI that are numbered TJC-1 through TJC-17 and RUCO Exhibits 1
23 through 6.

SUMMARY OF ADJUSTMENTS

Q. Please summarize RUCO's adjustments to the rate base and operating income contained in your testimony.

A. My testimony addresses the following issues and is common to both the Water and Wastewater Divisions unless otherwise noted:

Rate Base

RUCO Rate Base Adjustment #1 – Accumulated Depreciation – This adjustment reflects RUCO's recommended Accumulated Depreciation balances since the last rate case for each Division. I started with the last Commission approved Utility Plant in Service ("UPIS") and Accumulated Depreciation balances and reconstructed all plant additions, retirements, and adjustments at the approved depreciation rates.

RUCO Rate Base Adjustment #2 – Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes ("ADIT") – This adjustment recalculates the Company's ADIT balances.

RUCO Rate Base Adjustment #3 – Advances in Aid of Construction ("AIAC") and Contributions in Aid of Construction ("CIAC") – This is a conforming adjustment to the AIAC and CIAC balances the Company identified in its data response to RUCO data request 1.08.

Operating Income

RUCO Operating Income Adjustment #1 – Revenue Annualization – This adjustment annualizes the revenues for the 5/8" residential customer based on the average test-year customer count.

RUCO Operating Income Adjustment #2 – Purchased Power Expense Annualization – This is a corresponding adjustment to account for the additional purchased power expense related to RUCO's Operating Adjustment #1 – Revenue Annualization.

RUCO Operating Income Adjustment #3 – Depreciation Expense – This adjustment reflects RUCO's recommended level of depreciation expense.

RUCO Operating Income Adjustment #4 – Property Tax Expense – This adjustment reflects RUCO's recommended level of an increase to gross revenues.

RUCO Operating Income Adjustment #5 – Rate Case Expense – This adjustment reflects RUCO's recommended five-year normalization rather than the Company's three-year proposed normalization period.

1 RUCO Operating Income Adjustment #6 – Miscellaneous Expense – This
2 adjustment pertains to the Water Division only. It removes unnecessary
3 expenses that are unwarranted for the provision of water service.

4
5 RUCO Operating Income Adjustment #7 – Purchased Power Expense –
6 This is a conforming adjustment to purchased power expense that
7 transfers \$48,005 from the Water Division to the Wastewater Division. It
8 was improperly booked to the Water Division as identified by the
9 Company's data response to Staff data request GB 3.8.

10
11 RUCO Operating Income Adjustment #8 – Corporate Allocations – This
12 adjustment removes some corporate allocations that RUCO finds as
13 unnecessary in the provisioning of water and wastewater service.

14
15 RUCO Operating Income Adjustment #9 – Bad Debt Expense – This
16 adjustment normalizes bad debt expense.

17
18 RUCO Operating Income Adjustment #10 – Income Taxes – This
19 adjustment reflects RUCO's level of income taxes on its recommended
20 taxable operating income.

Other Issues

Low Income Tariff Program – The Company has proposed a new Low Income Tariff Program for RRUI in its rate application for this case. RUCO will provide its position on the Company's proposal later in this testimony.

Hook Up Fee – The Company is proposing a new Hook Up Fee to address part of the costs for off-site facilities for new service connections. RUCO will address this matter later in its testimony.

Other Tariff Changes – The Company also proposes a change in the cost of new service lines. RRUI has proposed that all service line installation charges be at "cost" rather than current stated tariff rates. This matter will be addressed later in RUCO's testimony.

Late Payment Finance Charge – The Company is proposing the Commission to approve at 1.5 percent finance charge for customers that are delinquent on their accounts. RUCO will discuss this proposal later in its testimony.

REVENUE REQUIREMENTS

Q. Please summarize the results of RUCO's analysis of the Company's filing and state RUCO's recommended revenue requirement.

A. RUCO's analysis found many of the Company's financial statements (i.e. balance sheets) filed with the application and invoices provided in data responses to the various intervenors in the Algonquin related cases unreliable and without sufficient detail.

RUCO's recommended fair value rate base is \$7,045,555 for the Water Division and \$2,937,595 for the Wastewater Division. Mr. Rigsby recommends a 9 percent return on common equity and an overall rate of return on fair value rate base of 7.90 percent.

RUCO's recommended revenue requirements increase gross revenues by \$936,172 for the Water Division and decrease gross revenues in the amount of \$549,328 for the Wastewater Division. RUCO's recommended increase (decrease) in gross revenues represents a 49.95 percent increase and a (29.69) percent decrease in the Water and Wastewater Divisions respectively. The details are shown on Schedules TJC-1 and TJC-17.

RATE BASE ADJUSTMENTS

Q. Is RUCO recommending any changes to the Company's proposed rate base?

A. Yes. RUCO analyzed the Company's rate base adjustments to its historical test-year elements of rate base and made adjustments to the rate base as filed by the Company. The details of RUCO's adjustments are explained individually below.

Rate Base Adj. #1 – Plant and Accumulated Depreciation

Q. Please explain any adjustments that RUCO made to the Company's utility plant in service ("UPIS") and Accumulated Depreciation balances.

A. All of RUCO's adjustments are common to both the Water and Wastewater Divisions unless otherwise noted. Each division is comprised of its UPIS and Accumulated Depreciation. RUCO reconstructed the UPIS additions, adjustments, and retirements since the last rate case, as did the Company, to determine the proper UPIS and Accumulated Depreciation balances for the test year in this case.

Q. Does RUCO accept the Company's balances of UPIS and Accumulated Depreciation balances authorized in the previous case for a starting point?

A. Yes.

1 Q. Did RUCO make any adjustments to Company's adjusted test-year UPIS
2 or Accumulated Depreciation balances to the divisions?

3 A. RUCO agrees with the Company's adjusted test-year end UPIS balances
4 for both the Water and Wastewater Divisions. However, RUCO made
5 adjustments to the Accumulated Depreciation balances for both divisions.
6

7 Q. What led RUCO to make those adjustments for Accumulated
8 Depreciation?

9 A. Apparently, the Company's Water Division Schedule B-2, pages 3.1 – 3.6,
10 contains an error in the depreciation expense formula for Account 341 –
11 Transportation Equipment for years 2003 - 2007. The Company's 2008
12 depreciation expense for Account 341 is calculating properly. This is not
13 the only mistake I identified but the most significant.
14

15 The same problem exists in the Company's Wastewater Division Schedule
16 B-2's with the exception of year 2004. For year 2003, there is a slight
17 error in Accounts 360 and 361 depreciation expense calculation. Account
18 390.1 – Computers and Software has a marginal mistake for year 2005.
19 For years 2006 through 2008, the same computational error occurs in
20 Accounts 390.1 and 396.
21

22 ...
23

1 Q. What adjustments did RUCO make to the Accumulated Depreciation
2 balances?

3 A. RUCO's adjustments increased the Accumulated Depreciation balances
4 by \$130,701 for the Water Division and \$45,969 for the Wastewater
5 Division. Those adjustments are on Schedules TJC-2 with the supporting
6 detail on Schedules TJC-3.

7

8 **Rate Base Adj. #2 – Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes**

9 Q. Did the Company make a proforma adjustment in its rate application that
10 created an adjusted test-year end Accumulated Deferred Income Tax
11 ("ADIT") Assets for both the Water and Wastewater Divisions?

12 A. Yes.

13

14 Q. What are ADIT's?

15 A. ADIT is a balance sheet item that is derived through the normalization of
16 income tax expense on the income statement. ADIT's can be classified as
17 either ADIT Liabilities ("ADTL") or ADIT Assets ("ADTA"). An accounting
18 department may manage deferred tax liabilities and assets in a way that
19 helps maximize a company's net income for external financial accounting
20 reporting purposes. On the other hand, an accountant may seek to
21 minimize the company's net income for purposes of the Internal Revenue
22 Service ("IRS") tax liability reporting purposes in a given fiscal tax year.

23

1 ADIT's are created by temporary inter-period timing differences between
2 the book and taxable income treatment of certain accounting events and
3 transactions. These differences typically originate in one period and
4 reverse in one or more subsequent periods. For utilities, the largest such
5 timing difference is the extent to which accelerated tax depreciation
6 generally exceeds straight-line book depreciation during the early years of
7 an asset's service life.¹ ADIT represents the cumulative net deferred tax
8 amounts as shown in the table 1 on the next page:

9
10 ...
11
12
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20
21
22

¹ South Dakota Public Utilities Commission, Testimony of Witness Kyle Sem, Docket EL08-030, page 47.

Table 1²

**Utility Company
Accounting for Deferred Income Taxes**

Tax Deductions

						Accumulated
	Books	Tax		Net	Deferred	Deferred
	Straight-line	Accelerated	Cost of	Timing	Income	Income
Year	<u>Depreciation</u>	<u>Depreciation</u>	<u>Removal</u>	<u>Difference</u>	<u>Taxes</u>	<u>Taxes</u>
1	\$ 102,000	\$ 400,000		\$ 298,000	\$ 119,200	\$ 119,200
2	102,000	240,000		138,000	55,200	174,400
3	102,000	144,000		42,000	16,800	191,200
4	102,000	108,000		6,000	2,400	193,600
5	102,000	108,000		6,000	2,400	196,000
6	102,000			(102,000)	(40,800)	155,200
7	102,000			(102,000)	(40,800)	114,400
8	102,000			(102,000)	(40,800)	73,600
9	102,000			(102,000)	(40,800)	32,800
10	<u>102,000</u>		<u>20,000</u>	(82,000)	(32,800)	
	\$ 1,020,000	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 20,000			

Assumptions:

Asset Cost \$ 1,000,000
Income Tax Rate 40%
Cost of Removal \$ 20,000

Depreciation -

Book - 10-years; Straight-line
Tax - 5 years; DDB with Switch to SL

Note: The Deferred Income Tax amount in Year 1 is derived from multiplying the Net Timing Difference of \$298,000 by the assumed Income Tax Rate of 40 percent = Deferred Income Tax of \$119,200. The Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes are the accumulation of each year's Deferred Income Tax amount.

² Carl W. Dabelstein, CPA, Income Taxes in Ratemaking, Exhibit No. 8.

1 The illustrative example shown in Table 1 assumes a single asset with no
2 further ongoing investment in capital assets. Using that example, one can
3 see how the reversal of the ADTL reverses itself in the later years of its
4 useful life and to zero in the last year.

5
6 Q. Are utilities a capital intensive industry that requires continuous
7 investments in new plant assets?

8 A. Yes.

9
10 Q. Does RUCO believe that a utility company that is making ongoing capital
11 investments in plant that it is conceivable and logical that a deferred tax
12 liability, a reduction to rate base could exist on a company's books
13 indefinitely?

14 A. Yes. RRUI should be reflecting a deferred tax liability, which is a
15 reduction to rate base rather than an asset that increases rate base.
16 Utilities are constantly adding and repairing new and old infrastructure all
17 the time. This requires additional investment on behalf of the utility year
18 after year. When a utility's asset (rate) base continues to grow each year,
19 the total accelerated depreciation will continue to exceed book
20 depreciation, but for individual assets, at some point book depreciation will
21 be larger.³ Another source that I researched stated the following:

³ E. Busch and J. Johnson, "Treatment of Income Taxes In Utility Ratemaking," A White Paper Prepared for The Oregon Legislative Assembly By Public Utility Commission of Oregon Staff; February 2005, page 7 of 17.

1 New investments that cause the level of depreciable assets
2 to at least remain constant over time can effectively delay
3 that deferred tax liability indefinitely.⁴
4

5 RUCO's analysis determined that RRUI has continually added plant since
6 its last rate case Decision No. 67279. RUCO believes it is improper for
7 the Company to claim an ADTA on its B-2 Schedules when no such
8 designation appears on its Schedule E's balance sheet.
9

10 Q. Did RUCO inquire as to why the Company's Schedule E's balance sheets
11 reported no ADIT amounts?

12 A. Yes.
13

14 Q. What response did the Company provide regarding it not reporting any
15 ADIT on its balance sheet?

16 A. The Company responded by saying that its ADIT balances are maintained
17 on the parent level, Algonquin Power Trust Fund ("APTF"), books.
18

19 Q. Did RUCO review the parent, APFT, balance sheet provided in its 2008
20 Annual Report to assess the amount of ADIT reported there?

21 A. Yes. APFT reported a net ADIT Liability in the amount of \$83,951,000, as
22 shown in RUCO Exhibit 1. When that amount is allocated down to APFT

⁴ Source: <http://www.utdallas.edu>, Accounting Text, Chapter 16, Accounting for Income Taxes, page 3 of 20.

1 affiliates in some logical, rationale, and/or systematic⁵ manner would
2 amount to a reduction to rate base rather than an addition to rate base as
3 the Company's rate application reports.

4
5 Q. Did APTF 2008 Annual Report balance sheet actually balance properly
6 (i.e., Assets = Liabilities + Equity)?

7 A. Yes.

8
9 Q. If RRUI had reported its claimed ADIT Assets of \$778,203 and \$323,602
10 on its balance sheets for the Water and Wastewater Divisions
11 respectively, would RRUI Schedule E balance sheets balance properly?

12 A. No.

13
14 Q. Did RRUI claim any ADIT's in the Company's Annual Reports financial
15 statements, filed with the Commission annually, since the last rate case
16 authorized in Decision No. 67279.

17 A. Yes. RRUI filed three annual reports for the Water Division that showed
18 both ADIT Asset and Liability amounts in years 2006, 2007, and 2008.

19
20
21 ...
22

⁵ As prescribed in Statement of Financial Standards No. 109, Section 40, page 19.

1 Q. Did RUCO ask the Company about the ADIT amounts claimed in the
2 Annual Reports filed with the Commission for those three-years?

3 A. Yes. RUCO asked the Company about the ADIT Liability amount of
4 \$72,985 for the Water Division reported in the 2008 Annual Report filed
5 with the Commission. The Company responded that the amount was not
6 an ADIT Liability in actuality but was a deferred rate case expense that
7 was misclassified as shown in RUCO Exhibit 2.

8
9 Q. Did Commission Decision No. 67279 in RRUI's last rate case authorize
10 any ADIT balance?

11 A. No. Albeit, the Company firmly denied that fact in its response to RUCO
12 data request number 3.03. First, the Company denied the fact that no
13 ADIT were granted in that decision and then, responded that "The
14 decision speaks for itself," as shown in RUCO Exhibit 3.

15
16 Q. What is an Accumulated Deferred Tax Asset ("ADTA")?

17 A. An ADTA is listed on a company's balance sheet to document or record
18 an event/situation where the Company will likely realize a reduction in
19 future income taxes due to an asset. In other words, an ADTA is a future
20 tax benefit. In order for the company to benefit from a deferred tax asset,
21 a company first deducts the expense on its accounting books. Tax breaks
22 are then provided at a later date. Warranties and Net Operating Losses
23 ("NOL") are good examples of ADTA. Generally Accepted Accounting

1 Principles ("GAAP") allows a company to make estimates on their future
2 warranty expense based on how many returns they think they will get and
3 records the estimated expense on its books. However, the IRS will not
4 allow the recognition of the estimated warranty expense until the actual
5 event occurs, and as a result, shareholder income is lower than taxable
6 income. An ADTA is similar to a prepaid tax. Here is an example that
7 contains numbers; a company may have an ADTA of \$10,000 listed on its
8 books. If the company earns \$50,000 in income prior to taxes, the
9 company can deduct the \$10,000 ADTA from the total taxable income. As
10 a result, the company is only required to pay taxes on the \$40,000.

11
12 Q. What is an Accumulated Deferred Tax Liability ("ADTL")?

13 A. The Rate Case and Audit Manual prepared by the National Association of
14 Regulatory Utility Commissioners ("NARUC") Staff Subcommittee on
15 Accounting and Finance in the summer of 2003 reported the following:

16 Deferred income taxes (DIT) arise when income tax amounts
17 provided for book purposes differ from the amount of taxes
18 currently due and payable. The **primary** [emphasis added]
19 cause of the tax differences is the straight-line depreciation
20 rates used for rate making purposes versus the accelerated
21 depreciation rates used for federal and state income tax
22 purposes. Under this method, there is higher depreciation
23 expense for tax purposes than for regulatory book purposes,
24 causing the taxes computed for regulatory books (and thus,
25 included in revenue requirement) to be more than the taxes
26 actually payable to the Internal Revenue Service and state

1 taxing entities, in the early years of the asset's life. In later
2 years, the situation reverses itself, such that the revenue
3 requirement will reflect a lesser amount of income tax than
4 that which is actually due and payable. This difference then
5 becomes a source of interest-free funds, provided by
6 ratepayers and not investors. This accumulated balance of
7 interest-free funds (ADIT) is available to the utility to further
8 invest until it is then needed to fund the taxes due and
9 payable in the later years.

10
11 These differences are generally caused by both differences
12 between IRS/State and regulatory allowed asset
13 depreciation lives, and differences in the depreciation
14 method (e.g., straight line versus accelerated)...

15
16 The timing differences related to life and method differences
17 are required by the federal tax code to be *normalized*.
18 Pursuant to normalization, the timing differences are
19 accumulated in the DIT account and used to spread the
20 benefits of the IRS tax policies over the economic life of the
21 asset. This will be the **bulk** [emphasis added] of the dollars
22 involved in DIT. The remaining items, related to basis
23 differences, may be either normalized or *flowed-through* to
24 customers. Under the flow-through method, income tax
25 savings resulting from IRS tax methods are immediately
26 used to reduce rate (i.e., revenue requirements) instead of
27 recording the difference as a liability in the deferred tax
28 accounts.

29
30 In looking at accumulated DIT, the auditor should look at the
31 Schedule M of the federal (and possibly state) tax return, to

1 determine the types of items the IRS/State computed taxes
2 and taxes computed for regulatory purposes...

3
4 There are two ways of treating DIT in the revenue
5 requirement computation. In the first, the accumulated DIT
6 is deducted from rate base. This appropriately recognizes
7 that these are interest free funds upon which the utility
8 should not earn a return. In the second, the accumulated
9 DIT is not deducted from rate base, but instead, is treated as
10 zero cost element of the capital structure. In doing so, a
11 lower average authorized rate of return is applied to a higher
12 rate base. In concept, the methods should derive similar
13 results. The auditor should become familiar with the
14 jurisdiction's policy and practice on this matter, so it is
15 properly reflected in the rate computation.⁶
16
17

18 Q. The above referenced source addressed two methods of addressing
19 Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes. Which method does Arizona utilize
20 in revenue requirement computation?

21 A. Arizona utilizes the normalization method that spreads the DIT benefits of
22 the IRS tax policies over the economic life of the asset, which is a
23 reduction to rate base.
24
25

26 ...
27
28

⁶ Rate Case and Audit Manual prepared by the National Association of Regulatory Utility Commissioners ("NARUC") Staff Subcommittee on Accounting and Finance in the Summer of 2003, pages 24-26.

1 Q. Does RUCO have another source that supports its position regarding the
2 ADIT issue to which the Company claims?

3 A. Yes. A paper⁷ prepared for the Public Service Commission of Utah cited
4 the following:

5 Deferred income taxes are created when components of
6 income or expense are recognized in different time periods
7 for financial reporting purposes than for income tax
8 purposes. The Federal income tax laws necessarily require
9 some items to be reflected differently for income tax
10 reporting purposes. Some of these differences are the result
11 of efforts to protect the federal government from abuse by
12 tax payers. Other differences are the result of legislative
13 efforts to stimulate economic activity. These efforts often
14 take the form of accelerated depreciation or an immediate
15 write-off of investments in fixed assets. When these assets
16 are deducted more quickly on income tax returns than for
17 financial reporting purposes the current burden of income tax
18 payments are reduced. These accelerated write-offs will
19 eventually be exhausted and the company's taxable income
20 will increase to a level that is above book income relative to
21 those specific items...

22
23 The income tax issues related to the establishment of utility
24 rates can be complicated. Regulatory agencies sometimes
25 require that advantageous tax provisions be flowed-through
26 to ratepayers by including those adjustments in the
27 calculation of the income tax component of the revenue
28 requirement. However, Congress has restricted this practice
29 so that temporary differences related to accelerated

⁷ Edwin C. Farrar, CPA for the Garrett Group, LLC; Normalization of Deferred Income Taxes for Rocky Mountain Power; May 28, 2009, pages 1-2.

1 depreciation cannot be used to directly benefit ratepayers.
2 Instead, regulatory bodies must use the same depreciation
3 rates for both the revenue requirement calculation and for
4 the income tax calculation contained in the revenue
5 requirement. The regulator is then permitted to use the
6 accumulated balance of deferred income taxes that results
7 from this treatment as a reduction to the rate base. This
8 requirement results in an interperiod tax allocation because
9 income tax deductions are recognized when the asset is
10 depreciated for ratemaking purposes instead of when the
11 deduction is actually taken on the tax return. The use of the
12 interperiod tax allocation to calculate components of the
13 revenue requirement and to calculate income tax expense
14 and the deduction of the accumulated deferred income tax
15 balance from the rate base is known as income tax
16 normalization... With normalization, the balance of
17 accumulated deferred income taxes may be deducted from
18 rate base as a source of cost free capital. The ratepayer will
19 realize a reduction in rates under full normalization equal to
20 the Commission authorized pretax return on the balance of
21 accumulated deferred income taxes...

22
23 Q. Besides Modified Accelerated Cost Recovery System ("MACRS"), what
24 other tax laws exist within the Internal Revenue Code ("IRC") that allows a
25 company to write-off capital investments and plant more quickly on its
26 income tax returns than for financial / ratemaking purposes?

27 A. Two other tax laws come to mind that allow a company to immediately
28 write-off investments in fixed assets. The first is the IRC Section 179
29 Expense, which allows a company to deduct up to \$250,000 in the first

1 year of the asset's cost for qualified property. The second IRC option for a
2 company is the 2008 bonus depreciation, which allows a company to
3 immediately write-off 50 percent of the cost in the fixed asset the first year
4 it is placed in service. Both of those options are the result of legislative
5 efforts to stimulate economic activity. When these assets are depreciated
6 more quickly on income tax returns than for financial reporting purposes,
7 the company's current burden of income tax payments is reduced. Thus,
8 ratepayers are paying more income taxes through their rates than the
9 company is actually paying the IRS from the greater depreciation income
10 tax deductions. The reason that the ratepayers are contributing more
11 income tax expense through rates than the company is actually paying the
12 IRS is primarily because the ratemaking process is prohibited from using
13 the greater accelerated depreciation method deduction when setting the
14 income tax expense levels for rates. The difference between 1) the higher
15 income tax expense authorized by the Commission in setting rates and 2)
16 the lower income tax the company actually pays to the IRS is 3) the
17 deferred income tax liability, which is a *reduction* to rate base.

18
19 Q. Please provide a hypothetical scenario illustrating how the special
20 depreciation deductions affect depreciation expense and thus, taxable
21 income.

22 A. Assume a company completed its second full year of operations ending on
23 December 31, 2008 and has a rate base of \$12,000,000. It added

1 \$2,500,000 of plant additions during 2008, which are included in the
2 \$12,000,000 rate base. The new plant additions have a useful life of 10
3 years, which qualify for MACRS tax depreciation of 150 percent declining
4 balance ("DB") method using the half-year ("HY") convention.

5
6 The Commission predetermined just and reasonable rates prior to the
7 company's first year of operations based on the company's rate base,
8 estimated allowable expense levels, and its cost of capital. The
9 Commission estimated an allowable depreciation expense of \$1,200,000,
10 calculated using straight-line depreciation, to be recovered annually
11 through the company's ratepayers' rates. The Commission also
12 authorized an annual income tax expense of \$406,182 to be collected in
13 rates paid by the utility's customers.

14
15 The company elected not to recover any part of the cost of the new plant
16 additions under IRC Section 179 Deduction⁸ but did choose to claim the
17 Special Depreciation Allowance or Bonus Depreciation, as RRUI refers to
18 it.

19
20 The company can take a special deduction allowance to recover part of
21 the cost of qualified property, placed in service during the 2008 tax year.

22 The allowance applies only for the first year you place the property in

⁸ IRS Publication 946: The total amount you can elect to deduct under section 179 for most property placed in service in 2008 generally cannot be more than \$250,000.

1 service. The company claims an additional 50 percent special allowance
2 after electing or not electing to take the section 179 deduction. The
3 allowance is an additional deduction that can be taken after any section
4 179 deduction and before the calculation of regular MACRS depreciation.

5
6 The order of the depreciation election process is 1) first, elect to take or
7 not take the section 179 deduction, 2) claim or not claim the special 50
8 percent deduction allowance, and then 3) figure the regular MACRS's
9 depreciation on the new tax basis from the adjustments from the elections
10 and claims in one and two above.

11
12 Q. Please take us through the process of calculating the tax depreciation
13 deductions for these special IRS allowances for the \$2,500,000 of new
14 plant additions.

15 A. The company would first choose to either elect or not elect the section 179
16 deduction, which is up to \$250,000. In this hypothetical scenario, the
17 company chose not to elect the section 179 deduction. The company did
18 choose to claim the special depreciation allowance of 50 percent of the
19 \$2,500,000 new 2008 plant additions. The Company deducts half of the
20 plant additions for a total tax deduction of \$1,250,000. The remaining
21 \$1,250,000 is the company's new tax basis in the assets. The company's
22 book basis in the plant additions is still \$2,500,000. The difference of
23 \$1,250,000 in the tax versus book basis is due solely to the company

1 claiming the special depreciation allowance. Hence, the special deduction
2 has lowered the taxable operating income by an additional \$1,250,000
3 over financial book reporting. Thus, the actual income tax payable to the
4 IRS is lower than that reported in the company's books. The company
5 can now figure its regular MACRS depreciation for tax purposes on the
6 new plant additions.

7
8 Using the MACRS 150 percent DB tax depreciation method and the HY
9 convention, the company is allowed to deduct 7.5 percent tax depreciation
10 on its adjusted \$1,250,000 tax basis on the new plant additions or \$93,750
11 ($\$1,250,000 \times 7.5\%$). Under straight-line book depreciation method using
12 the HY convention, the company is allowed a 5 percent depreciation
13 expense deduction for the first year the plant is placed in service or
14 \$125,000 ($\$2,500,000 \times (10\% / 2)$). For tax purposes, the company is
15 allowed to deduct the additional special depreciation allowance of
16 \$1,250,000 plus the \$93,750 for the regular MACRS depreciation
17 calculation for a total depreciation deduction of \$1,343,750 ($\$1,250,000 +$
18 $\$93,750$). For book and ratemaking purposes, GAAP allows only a
19 straight-line depreciation deduction of \$125,000 ($\$2,500,000 \times (10\% / 2)$)
20 in the first year that the plant is placed in service. Thus, taxable income is
21 lower for tax purposes than book purposes because of the greater tax
22 depreciation deduction generated by claiming the special depreciation
23 deduction allowance.

The deferred tax calculation for the hypothetical DIT scenario⁹ is shown in the table below:

<u>Plant Additions</u>	<u>Book Depreciation</u>	<u>1st Year Tax Depreciation Rate</u>	<u>Tax Depreciation</u>	<u>Difference</u>	<u>Tax Rate</u>	<u>Deferred Tax</u>
2,500,000	125,000	53.75%	1,343,750	1,218,750	38.60%	(470,438)

As shown in the last column of the table above, the deferred income tax related to the bonus depreciation that the company claimed is a liability of \$470,438, which is a *reduction* to rate base for the interest free funds the company over collected from the ratepayers for income taxes.

Q. Did RUCO ask RRUI about its bonus depreciation it is claiming in this case that creates a deferred income tax liability?

A. Yes. RUCO issued data request number 3.10 that inquired about the bonus depreciation and the Company's response was as follows:

Q. Accumulated Deferred Income Tax (ADIT) – Admit that the bonus depreciation (50%) taken by the Company that led to the Company's net operating loss (NOL) shown on Company Schedules B-2, page 5 – line 11, would create a book ADIT liability for that year. If denied, please explain why.

RESPONSE: Deny. The tax net operating loss was caused, in part, by the bonus depreciation. However, the bonus depreciation is already contained in the tax basis value of plant and equipment of \$13,584,404 shown on Schedule B-2, page 5. The inclusion of the bonus depreciation contributed to lowering the tax basis and ultimately the book-tax timing difference. However, the adjusted net

⁹ The numbers and amounts used in this hypothetical are not exact amounts as shown in RRUI's rate application but are relatively comparable in size.

1 book basis of assets remains greater than the tax basis of assets
2 and creates a deferred tax asset. [emphasis added] The tax net
3 operating loss carry forward is a distinct book-tax timing difference
4 which by itself creates a deferred tax asset.
5

6 Q. Does RUCO agree with the Company's response and if no, why?

7 A. There are two primary reasons why RUCO disagrees with the Company's
8 response. First, the table on the previous page clearly demonstrates that
9 bonus depreciation creates a deferred tax liability in and of itself.
10 Secondly, the part of the Company's response that is underlined with
11 emphasis added is wrong and backwards.
12

13 Q. Please explain why RUCO believes that portion of the Company's
14 response is wrong and backwards.

15 A. It is wrong and backwards for the same reason. Deferred tax assets are
16 created when the tax basis of an asset is greater than book basis (See
17 RUCO Exhibit 4). This exhibit is an excerpt from a Chapter titled
18 Corporate Income Tax from a 2008 Prentice Hall publication text book
19 slide show presentation. The conclusions displayed in RUCO Exhibit 4
20 are the exact opposite of what the Company claims in its response.
21 Maybe that is why the Company has proposed an ADIT asset to increase
22 rate base in the instant case. A deferred tax liability, which is a reduction
23 to rate base, occurs when the tax basis of an asset is less than the book
24 basis. When the tax basis is less than the book basis, this means that
25 more depreciation through accelerated methods has been taken than on

1 the book basis, which must use the straight-line depreciation method that
2 results in less depreciation in the early years of an asset's life. As RUCO
3 has shown throughout its testimony that is what creates the **bulk** of a
4 utilities ADIT.

5
6 In a case involving Hope Gas, Inc., Case No. 05-0304-G-42T, Mr. Hugh
7 Larkin,¹⁰ Jr. testified on behalf of the Consumer Advocate Division of the
8 Public Service Commission of West Virginia and summed up ADIT in a
9 much more concise way than I have here as follows:

10 In Adjustment 59A the Company reduced accumulated
11 deferred income taxes and increased rate base. It appears
12 that this adjustment was made incorrectly by the Company
13 and should have increased deferred income taxes and not
14 decreased them.
15

16 Q. Does RUCO agree with the Company's proforma adjustment to RRUI that
17 establishes an ADTA?

18 A. No.
19

20 Q. What other reason(s) does RUCO provide in opposing the Company's
21 proforma adjustment that claims an existence of an ADTA?

22 A. RUCO takes issue with the creation of the ADTA on several grounds
23 beyond what RUCO has already discussed in this testimony.
24

¹⁰ Mr. Larkin is a CPA and senior partner in the firm of Larkin & Associates, PLLC. RUCO and the Commission has obtained Larkin & Associates for its services as outside consultants in a number of Arizona regulatory cases and matters.

1 Q. Please expound further on the issues of why RUCO opposes the
2 Company's proforma adjustment that gives rise to the ADTA.

3 A. RUCO has reviewed all interveners data requests and responses to
4 APTF's utility affiliates in Black Mountain Sewer, Litchfield Park Water and
5 Sewer, and RRUI Water and Sewer Divisions rate cases. All interveners
6 that analyzed the ADIT issue have grave concerns in regards to the
7 Company's claim of an ADTA.
8

9 Q. Does the Company's calculation of its ADIT Asset include Advances in Aid
10 of Construction ("AIAC")?

11 A. Yes.
12

13 Q. What is RUCO's position regarding the Company's inclusion of AIAC in its
14 ADIT computation?

15 A. RUCO's position on the Company's inclusion of AIAC in the computation
16 of ADIT is its erroneous. The Company does not have any book neither
17 tax basis in plant that was funded through non-investor capital other than
18 the amount previously refunded. The Company is already earning a
19 return of the AIAC balances through depreciation expense and is entitled
20 to no more or less.
21

22 ...
23

1 Q. What is RUCO's recommendation regarding the ADIT?

2 A. RUCO recommends that the Commission follow the guidelines set forth in
3 the Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 109 that
4 was issued in February 1992 and specifically for companies that file
5 consolidated tax returns as APTF does with its affiliate RRUI.

6
7 Q. Please state what those guidelines are in SFAS No. 109.

8 A. Section 40, page 19, of SFAS No. 109 states the following guidelines
9 whenever "The consolidated amount of current and deferred tax expense
10 for a group that files a consolidated tax return shall be allocated among
11 the members of the group when those members issue separate financial
12 statements" as is the case with RRUI for this rate proceeding. SFAS No.
13 109 further states the following:

14 **Separate Financial Statements of a Subsidiary**

15 40. This Statement does not require a single allocation
16 method. The method adopted, however, shall be
17 systematic, rationale, and consistent with the broad
18 principles established by this Statement. A method that
19 allocates current and deferred taxes to members of the
20 group by applying this Statement to each member as if it
21 were a separate taxpayer meets those criteria...

22
23 The excerpt of SFAS No. 109 is provided in this testimony as RUCO
24 Exhibit 5.

25 ...

1 Q. How has RUCO allocated, as set forth in Section 40 of SFAS No. 109, the
2 parent Company's net deferred income tax liabilities that are reported on
3 APTF 2008 Annual Report balance sheet?

4 A. RUCO adopted the prescribed SFAS 109 method to allocate APTF's net
5 deferred income tax liabilities. RUCO's allocation factor is based on RRUI
6 total asset cost (\$8.8 million) divided by Algonquin Power Trust Fund's
7 total assets (\$978.1 million) to arrive at RRUI asset ratio, as reported on
8 its 2008 Annual Report. RUCO's allocation method adopted is systematic,
9 rationale, and consistent with the broad principles established by Section
10 40 of SFAS No. 109. It allocates current and deferred taxes to members
11 of the group by applying SFAS No. 109 to each member as if it were a
12 separate taxpayer and meets the criteria established therein. These
13 deferred income tax liabilities are attributable to all APTF's affiliates. The
14 ratepayers of RRUI are entitled to those tax benefits that it contributed
15 towards.

16
17 Q. What is RUCO's recommendation for RRUI ADIT balance for the Water
18 and Wastewater Divisions?

19 A. RUCO recommends an ADIT Liability balance of \$501,057 for the Water
20 Division and \$208,912 for the Wastewater Division to properly reflect
21 SFAS No. 109 criteria of allocating the tax benefits that the ratepayers are
22 entitled, which reduces rate base accordingly. Those adjustments are on

1 Schedules TJC-2 with the supporting detail on Schedules TJC-3 and TJC-
2 5.

3
4 **Rate Base Adj. #3 – Advances and Contributions**

5 Q. Please discuss RUCO's adjustment to advances-in-aid-of-construction
6 ("AIAC") and contributions-in-aid-of-construction ("CIAC").

7 A. This is a conforming adjustment to AIAC and CIAC that arose through
8 RUCO data request 1.08. RUCO inquired about the balances in the
9 respective AIAC and CIAC accounts. The Company's response was after
10 closer investigation it determined that the amounts filed in the application
11 was not correct. RUCO made the necessary adjustments to conform with
12 the Company's updated AIAC and CIAC balances.

13
14 Q. What adjustment was necessary to conform to the Company's updated
15 AIAC and CIAC balances?

16 A. It was necessary to increase the AIAC balance by \$48,724 and a
17 corresponding adjustment to decrease the CIAC by the same \$48,724 for
18 the Water Division. The Company's data response indicated an
19 adjustment was needed to increase AIAC by \$238,783 and a
20 corresponding adjustment to decrease CIAC by the same \$238,783 for the
21 Wastewater Division. Those adjustments are on Schedules TJC-2 with
22 the supporting detail on Schedules TJC-3.

OPERATING INCOME ADJUSTMENTS

Operating Income Adj. #1 – Revenue Annualization

Q. Please explain RUCO's Operating Income Adjustment #1.

A. This adjustment annualizes the Company's revenues of the 5/8 inch average test-year customer count for the Water Division. The same calculation applies to the 5/8 inch residential Wastewater customers.

Q. Did the Company make a revenue annualization adjustment to the test-year end revenue balances?

A. Yes. The Company annualized revenues to the test-year end customer counts. RRUI's revenue annualization decreased revenues by \$4,794 and \$4,505 for the Water and Wastewater Divisions respectively.

Q. Doesn't RUCO normally annualize revenues to the test-year end customer count rather than averaging the test-year customer count?

A. Yes. RUCO normally annualizes the revenues to the test-year end customer count.

Q. Why did RUCO deviate from annualizing revenues to the test-year end customer count to averaging the customer count in the test-year?

A. RUCO did annualize revenues to the test-year end customer count for all customer classifications with the exception of the 5/8 inch residential customer.

1 Q. How is customer annualization typically used in a utility rate case?

2 A. Where a utility is growing and having to add plant during the test-year to
3 serve additional customers, a revenue annualization adjustment is
4 typically employed in order to capture the impact on revenue from
5 customer growth that has occurred and to better match the revenue with
6 the test-year plant that has been added to serve the new customers. The
7 revenue growth that relates to the addition of customers is captured in an
8 adjustment to increase revenue that is related to the increased plant that
9 has been added to serve additional customers during the test-year.

10

11 Q. Why does RUCO believe that averaging the test-year customer count is
12 more appropriate in this case for the 5/8 inch residential customers?

13 A. The Company's method of annualizing revenue is similar to the one used
14 in its last rate case. However, the use of such a method in this case is
15 decreasing test-year revenues. RUCO's analysis of the 5/8 inch
16 residential bill counts determined that the Company's decrease to
17 revenues were not attributable to a permanent decline in customer count
18 during the test-year but more attributable to the *seasonality* of the monthly
19 customer counts.

20

21

22 ...

23

1 Q. Has RUCO recommended averaging the test-year customer count in prior
2 rate cases to annualize revenue?

3 A. Yes. Mr. Ralph Smith, RUCO's outside consultant, recommended a
4 similar approach to averaging the customer count when annualizing
5 revenues in the last Unisource Gas ("UNS Gas") rate case – Docket No.
6 G-04204A-08-0571. RUCO recommends averaging the customer count in
7 RRUI for the same reasons Mr. Smith gave in the UNS Gas case. Mr.
8 Smith stated the following:

9 Moreover, the decrease in revenue produced by the
10 Company's calculation appears to be related to customer
11 seasonality rather than a permanent decline in customer
12 count during the test year, and therefore should not be
13 adopted because it would understate test year and going-
14 forward revenues.

15
16 I conclude that UNS Gas has added, on average, both
17 residential and commercial customers in each and every
18 year, including the test year. Consequently, an adjustment to
19 decrease test year revenue would understate test year and
20 going-forward revenues and be inappropriate and should be
21 rejected. Test year revenue of \$516,000 should not be
22 removed as proposed by UNSG...

23

24

25 ...

26

27

1 Q. In performing RUCO analysis of the monthly customer counts that led it to
2 the determination that the low test-year end customer count for the 5/8
3 inch residential customers is caused more by the seasonality of the
4 customers rather than a permanent decline in customer counts, what did
5 the data disclose?

6 A. After analyzing the Company's Annual Reports filed with the Commission,
7 the "Water Use Data Sheet By Month" for calendar years 2005 – 2008
8 showed an increase in customers for each month, with the exception of
9 one-month of the 48 months analyzed, during that four-year time period.
10 That analysis determined that to annualize revenues to test-year end
11 customer count was a proper methodology to utilize.

12
13 However, RUCO's examination of the Company's H-5 Schedules
14 discovered that the test-year end customer count was less than all other
15 months in the test-year, with the exception of the month of October. In
16 fact, the month of June had 331 more customers than the test-year end
17 month of December. This analysis shows that to annualize to the test-
18 year end customer count would skew the results of the annualization to
19 the detriment of the ratepayers. Thus, a more proper methodology to
20 utilize in this particular instance would be to average the number of
21 customers in the test-year for a basis of the annualization. This approach
22 normalizes the customer count over the test-year period and eliminates
23 the outliers, which produces more reasonable results.

1 Q. Has RRUI experienced growth to both plant and customer count since its
2 last rate case?

3 A. Yes. Using the average test-year customer count for the 5/8 inch
4 residential customers better matches the revenue to the plant added to
5 serve the new customers. For years 2006 through 2008, new plant
6 investments were as follows:

7 **Water Division**

Period	Total Plant in Service	Change
2006	\$ 30,269,691	
2007	31,033,505	\$ 763,814
2008	34,023,226	2,989,721

8
9
10 **Wastewater Division**

Period	Total Plant in Service	Change
2006	\$ 11,626,019	
2007	11,673,445	\$ 47,426
2008	11,833,279	159,834

11
12 Q. What year-over-year increases has RRUI experienced for total average
13 customers?

14 A. The year-over-year increases that RRUI has experienced for total average
15 customers are summarized in the following tables:

1

Water Division

Period	Average Customers	Change
2006	5,725	
2007	6,147	422
2008	6,506	359

2

3

4

Wastewater Division

Period	Average Customers	Change
2006	1,929	
2007	2,060	131
2008	2,170	110

5

6

Q. What adjustment does RUCO recommend to annualize revenues to the average test-year customer count to better match revenues to the plant additions and to account for the seasonality of the customer base?

7

8

9

A. RUCO recommends increasing gross revenues by \$26,801 for the Water Division and increasing the Wastewater Division's gross revenues by \$20,125. This mitigates the seasonality of RRUI customer base. Those adjustments are on Schedules TJC-6 with the supporting detail on Schedules TJC-7 and TJC-8, pages 1-16.

10

11

12

13

14

15

Operating Income Adj. #2 – Purchased Power Expense Annualization

Q. Please explain RUCO's adjustment to Purchased Power Expense.

A. RUCO's adjustment to Purchased Power Expense Annualization is a direct result of RUCO's adjustment #1 to Revenue Annualization. Since RUCO recommends additional revenue, it is also necessary to account for the additional gallons of water to be pumped and sewage to be transported and treated.

Q. Are there any other adjustments that RUCO made to the Purchased Power Expense Annualization that you would like to discuss?

A. Yes. When annualizing the related expenses (purchased power and chemicals), it was determined the Company miscalculated the purchased power expense. The Company's calculation (Adjustment #6) fails to include the purchased power adjustment #5 that relates to the estimated APS rate increase. RUCO has properly accounted for that adjustment when annualizing its purchased power expense. That correction slightly increases the purchased power expense in the annualization of the expense.

...

1 Q. What adjustments are necessary to properly reflect the additional
2 expenses to account for RUCO's increased levels of revenue because of
3 its' Revenue Annualization recommendation?

4 A. Adjustments to increase Purchased Power by \$9,081 for the Water
5 Division and by \$1,694 for the Wastewater Division are necessary to
6 account for the additional flows. Those adjustments are on Schedules
7 TJC-6 with the supporting detail on Schedules TJC-7 and TJC-9.
8

8

9 **Operating Income Adj. #3 – Depreciation Expense**

10 Q. Have you recalculated Test Year Depreciation and Amortization expense?

11 A. Yes. Based on RUCO's adjusted test-year plant and CIAC balances, I
12 have recalculated Depreciation and Amortization Expense on a going-
13 forward basis. The adjustment is exhibited in Schedule TJC-10 for both
14 the Water and Wastewater Divisions.
15

15

16 Q. What was RUCO's reason for adjusting the Company's Depreciation
17 Expense?

18 A. The primary reason that led to the adjustments was due to differences
19 between the Company's and RUCO's CIAC balances.
20
21

20

21

22 ...

23

1 Q. What adjustments are necessary to reflect RUCO's recommended levels
2 of depreciation expense?

3 A. RUCO's adjustments increase the Company's Depreciation and
4 Amortization Expense by \$1,687 and \$9,361 for the Water and
5 Wastewater Divisions respectively.
6

7 **Operating Income Adj. #4 – Property Tax Expense**

8 Q. Has RUCO made an adjustment to the Company-proposed level of
9 Property Tax Expense?

10 A. Yes.
11

12 Q. Has RUCO calculated Property Tax Expense using a methodology that
13 has been adopted by the ACC in prior rate cases?

14 A. Yes. RUCO has used a modified version of the ADOR formula that has
15 been adopted by the Commission in a number of prior rate cases.
16 RUCO's calculation of Property Tax Expense uses two years of adjusted
17 gross revenues and one year of RUCO's recommended level of gross
18 revenues to arrive at a three-year average of gross revenues that is
19 subject to property tax. The calculation of Property Tax Expense can be
20 viewed in Schedules TJC-11 for both the Water and Wastewater
21 Divisions.

22 ...
23

1 Q. Are there any differences between RUCO's calculation of Property Tax
2 Expense and the Company's calculation?

3 A. Yes. There are three differences. First, RUCO's adjusted test-year gross
4 revenues are not the same as the Company due to an adjustment for
5 Revenue Annualization nor is the proposed level of gross revenues the
6 same because RUCO recommends a lower amount of an increase in
7 rates. Second, RUCO's calculation includes an addition of 10 percent of
8 the amount of Construction Work in Progress ("CWIP") that was booked
9 during the test-year. Finally, RUCO has deducted a different amount of
10 test-year net book value (See Schedule TJC-4, page 7) of the Company's
11 vehicles.

12
13 Q. What adjustments were necessary to reflect RUCO's differences in
14 calculating the Property Tax Expense?

15 A. RUCO's adjustments decrease the Company's Property Tax Expense by
16 \$30,780 and \$12,434 for the Water and Wastewater Divisions
17 respectively.

18
19 **Operating Income Adj. #5 – Rate Case Expense**

20 Q. What level of Rate Case Expense is RRUI estimating in this case?

21 A. RRUI is estimating its Rate Case Expense to be \$210,000 for the Water
22 Division and \$125,000 for the Wastewater Division. The Company

1 proposes that the Rate Case Expense be recovered over a three-year
2 period.

3

4 Q. What level of rate case expense is RUCO recommending?

5 A. The last updated amount of invoiced Rate Case Expense that RUCO is
6 aware of was \$41,307 through October 2009. That is approximately 12
7 percent of the total \$335,000 estimated by the Company. At this time,
8 RUCO has made an adjustment of 25 percent to the Company's total
9 estimated Rate Case Expense for both the Water and Wastewater
10 Divisions. RUCO is reserving its right to make further adjustments to the
11 Company's estimates in surrebuttal testimony and final schedules. I will
12 review the final rate case invoices and make a reasonable adjustment as
13 this case proceeds.

14

15 Q. What adjustments are necessary to reflect RUCO's reasonable Rate
16 Case Expense recommendations?

17 A. RUCO recommended five-year normalization of Rate Case Expense
18 decreases the annual recovery by \$17,500 for the Water Division and
19 \$10,417 for the Wastewater Division. The adjustments can be seen on
20 Schedules TJC-12 for both the Water and Wastewater Divisions.

21

22

23

Operating Income Adj. #6 – Misc. Expense

Q. Please explain the adjustment RUCO makes to Miscellaneous Expense.

A. This adjustment to Miscellaneous Expense affects the Water Division only. It removes unnecessary expenses associated with the provision in the provisioning of utility services such as public relations and charitable contributions in the amount of \$1,363 for the Water Division. This adjustment is shown on Schedule TJC-6 and TJC-7. The details are shown in RUCO's work papers.

Operating Income Adj. #7 – Purchased Power Expense

Q. Please discuss RUCO's adjustment to Purchased Power Expense.

A. This adjustment is the result of Staff data request GB 3.8. The data request inquired about the abnormally low amount of Purchased Power Expense for the Wastewater Division. The Company's response stated the following:

First, there was about \$52k of sewer power costs erroneously coded to water power costs in 2007, and 48k in 2008 (see the attached file). The Company would not oppose a recommendation by Staff to transfer this cost from water to sewer, where it belongs.

...

1 Q. What adjustment was necessary to properly charge the power costs to the
2 appropriate division?

3 A. RUCO decreased the Water Division's Purchased Power Expense by
4 \$48,005 and increased the Wastewater Division's Purchased Power
5 Expense by \$48,005.

6

7 **Operating Income Adj. #8 – Corporate Allocations**

8 Q. Did RUCO make any adjustments to the Company's Corporate Expense
9 Allocation?

10 A. Yes.

11

12 Q. What is RUCO's rationale for making the adjustments to the Corporate
13 Expense Allocation?

14 A. First, RUCO believes that most of the expenses being allocated to the
15 Arizona Utility Infrastructure regulated affiliates, including RRUI, are
16 unnecessary and not directly attributable in the provisioning of water and
17 wastewater services. Second, the unregulated parent Company,
18 Algonquin Power Income Fund ("APIF" or "Fund"), allocated the costs
19 down to Algonquin Power Trust ("APT"), which the Company claims is
20 another unregulated affiliate. RUCO reviewed the Fund's organizational
21 chart of all its affiliates and could not ascertain if APT is even an affiliate
22 because APT is not on the organizational chart. Third, the Fund allocated
23 costs down to APT, which are later allocated to RRUI that included Super

1 Bowl tickets, hockey tickets, basketball tickets, gold watches etc. and
2 other licenses, fees, and permits that, should be totally disallowed for
3 ratemaking purposes. Fourth, RUCO does not agree with the allocation
4 factors utilized by APIF. Finally, RUCO has concerns with the allocation
5 and documentation methods between an unregulated parent, the Fund,
6 and regulated affiliates such as RRUI. The NARUC Guidelines for Cost
7 Allocations and Affiliate Transactions, attached as RUCO Exhibit 6, states
8 that, "The prevailing premise of these Guidelines is that allocation
9 methods should not result in subsidization of non-regulated services or
10 products by regulated entities..." The Guidelines also suggest that "to the
11 maximum extent practicable, in consideration of administrative costs,
12 costs should be collected and classified on a direct basis for each asset,
13 service or product provided.

14
15 Q. What is the definition of direct costs and indirect costs?

16 A. *Direct costs* are those costs that can be traced easily and accurately to a
17 cost object. The more costs that can be traced to the object, the greater
18 the accuracy of the cost assignments. Establishing traceability is a key
19 element in building accurate cost assignments. Tracing costs to cost
20 objects can occur in one of two ways: (1) direct tracing and (2) driver
21 tracing. Ideally, all costs should be charged to cost objects using direct
22 tracing. *Indirect costs* cannot be traced to cost objects. At the very least,
23 direct and indirect cost assignments should be reported separately.

1 Q. Have any of APT allocated costs been reported separately as either a
2 direct cost or indirect cost?

3 A. No. All the costs have been pooled into one grouping that I would classify
4 as all indirect costs and allocated accordingly.
5

6 Q. Please describe the Company's process of allocating the pooled APT
7 costs.

8 A. APT pools costs from twelve distinct areas, such as audit, tax services,
9 unit holder communications, trustee fees, and escrow/transfer fees etc.
10 The total amount of these costs is \$3,950,800. Next, the Company arrives
11 at an allocation factor of 26.98 percent to be allocated to the seventeen
12 utilities that the Fund owns. The 26.98 percent allocation factor is derived
13 by dividing the seventeen utility companies by the 63 total companies to
14 which it claims to own. RUCO does not agree that the Company has just
15 63 total companies but rather 70 as indicated in its 2008 APIF Annual
16 Report. Then, APT takes the total cost of \$3,950,800 and multiplies it by
17 the 26.98 percent allocation factor that it claims the seventeen utility
18 companies are attributable to arrive at \$1,066,089, which RUCO also
19 disagrees. Finally, the \$1,066,089 is allocated to each of the seventeen
20 utility companies based on each utility's customer count. In RRUI's case,
21 the customer count represents approximately 12.92 percent of the total
22 64,094 customers in the seventeen utility companies. The Company's
23 ultimately allocates 12.92 percent of the \$1,066,089 to RRUI, which is

1 \$137,706. That amount is allocated to RRUI Water and Wastewater
2 Divisions based on its rate base to RRUI total combined rate base.

3

4 Q. If RUCO does not agree with the first allocation factor of 26.98 percent,
5 what does RUCO recommend that allocation factor be?

6 A. RUCO has no problem with the Company's method of computing the
7 allocation factor of 26.98 percent (17 / 63). RUCO disagrees with the
8 variable of 63 being used. The 2008 Annual Report identifies 70 total
9 companies to which the Fund owns. A more accurate allocation factor for
10 the seventeen utility companies would be 24.29 percent (17 / 70).

11

12 Q. Does RUCO agree with the Company's total allocated cost of \$1,066,089
13 to be shared (based on customer count) among the seventeen utility
14 companies that the Fund owns?

15 A. No. This disagreement with the Company is nearly the entire amount of
16 RUCO's recommended adjustment.

17

18 Q. What is RUCO's position regarding the allocated APT costs of \$1,066,089
19 to be shared (based on customer count) among the seventeen utility
20 companies that the Fund owns?

21 A. For all the reasons previously stated by RUCO, only a very small portion
22 of the \$1,066,089 is attributable to RRUI. RUCO cannot directly trace any
23 of those costs to RRUI. The invoices essentially contain no detail. At the

1 very most, only a fraction of the costs would appear to be attributable to a
2 relatively small sewer company of roughly 2,100 customers such as RRUI.

3

4 Q. What APT expenses does RUCO believe could be attributable to RRUI?

5 A. RUCO's analysis and review determined that the audit, tax services, legal
6 – general, and depreciation expenses could possibly benefit the
7 ratepayers of RRUI to some minor extent.

8

9 Q. What amount of those expenses does RUCO believe could possibly
10 benefit RRUI in the provision of utility service?

11 A. RUCO recommends the Commission allow no more than 25 percent of the
12 APT audit, tax services, legal – general, and depreciation expenses and
13 disallow 100 percent of the other APT expense as being much more
14 attributable to the Fund's operating activities.

15

16 Q. Does RUCO agree with the Company's methodology in allocating RUCO's
17 recommended level of APT costs to RRUI by customer count?

18 A. RUCO is in general agreement to allocate RUCO's recommended level of
19 APT expenses to RRUI by customer count. However, other methods
20 could be appropriate too. RUCO did recommend correcting the
21 Company's 26.98 percent allocation factor to 24.29 percent. It is not so
22 much the Company's allocation methodology that RUCO takes issue with,

1 but rather the inappropriate and unnecessary nature of the expenses in
2 the provision of utility service.

3
4 Q. Does RUCO believe RRUI would incur the APT type of expenses if it were
5 a stand-alone utility and not multi-layered with corporate allocations by the
6 non-regulated parent and affiliates?

7 A. RUCO believes that RRUI would incur some of the types of expenses
8 (e.g., audit, tax services, and legal-general expenses) that APT was
9 allocating down to its affiliates but certainly not the majority of the type of
10 expenses being allocated by APT. RUCO will provide further analysis in
11 surrebuttal testimony comparing stand-alone companies to companies
12 structured as RRUI.

13
14 Q. Is RUCO aware that the Company claimed an additional \$200,000 to
15 \$300,000 of APT expenses in the Litchfield Park rate case during
16 discovery?

17 A. Yes. RUCO will make a further adjustment to the APT expenses in
18 surrebuttal testimony after the Company files the additional expense.

19
20
21
22 ...
23

1 Q. What adjustments did RUCO make to Outside Services in direct testimony
2 to remove the majority of the APT related costs?

3 A. RUCO's adjustments remove \$96,681 and \$31,637 from Outside Services
4 for the Water and Wastewater Divisions respectively. These adjustments
5 are shown on Schedules TJC-14.

6

7 **Operating Income Adj. #9 – Bad Debt Expense**

8 Q. Please explain RUCO's adjustment to Bad Debt Expense.

9 A. This adjustment normalizes the Bad Debt Expense over three-years to
10 obtain a more realistic and normal expense level than the amount
11 recorded in test-year. This was especially true for the Wastewater
12 Division where the test-year 2008 Bad Debt Expense was greater than
13 700 percent than that reported in 2006. The test-year Bad Debt Expense
14 was more than 200 percent higher when compared to 2007. These wide
15 fluctuations are mitigated by normalizing any extenuating circumstances
16 leading to the abnormally high test-year expense levels. The Water
17 Division did not experience the same wide fluctuations from year to year.
18 RUCO did normalize the Water Division Bad debt Expense for the sake of
19 consistency and fairness.

20

21

22 ...

23

1 Q. What adjustments were necessary to smooth out the wide fluctuations
2 reported in the Wastewater Division and to normalize the Water Division's
3 Bad Debt Expense?

4 A. RUCO decreased the Wastewater Bad Debt Expense by \$30,315 and
5 increased the Water Division's Bad Debt Expense by \$799. These
6 adjustments are shown on Schedules TJC-15.

7

8 **Operating Income Adj. #10 – Income Tax Expense**

9 Q. Have you calculated the Income Tax Expenses based on RUCO's
10 recommended adjusted operating incomes?

11 A. Yes. These adjustments are shown on Schedules TJC-16 for both the
12 Water and Wastewater Divisions.

13

14 **OTHER ISSUES**

15 **Low Income Tariff Program**

16 Q. What is RUCO's position on the Company's proposed new HUF tariff?

17 A. RUCO is in general agreement with most HUF tariffs that are intended to
18 fund new infrastructure created by growth and assists in equitably
19 apportioning the cost of off-site facilities. However, RUCO does not
20 support the Company's proposed HUF tariff as filed.

21

22

23

1 **Hook Up Fee**

2 Q. Why doesn't RUCO support the Company's proposed hook up fee ("HUF")
3 tariff?

4 A. RUCO does not support the Company's HUF tariff because of certain
5 language contained in the tariff and the Wastewater tariff is inconsistent
6 with the amount of the HUF in the Company's testimony.

7

8 Q. What language in the HUF tariff is RUCO opposed?

9 A. Both the Water and Wastewater Divisions tariff state, "The Company shall
10 not record amounts collected under this tariff as CIAC until such amounts
11 have been expended for plant."

12

13 Q. Please give RUCO's reasoning for which it is in opposition to that
14 particular language.

15 A. CIAC is non-investor funded capital. From the day the Company collects
16 the CIAC from the developer or customer, the Company has use of those
17 funds to expend them as it wishes. CIAC also frees up the investor
18 supplied capital to be expended on other investments. The CIAC balance
19 at any given point in time is the amount that has been collected up to that
20 point in time. Arizona ratemaking does not defer CIAC to be recorded at a
21 later time in the future.

22 ...

23

1 Q. Hasn't the Commission granted accounting orders that allowed a
2 Company to not record CIAC until a particular item of plant that the CIAC
3 is funding is fully constructed, operational, and in gross utility plant in
4 service?

5 A. Yes. The Commission has approved accounting orders that allowed a
6 company to not record CIAC until a "specific" piece of plant is fully
7 constructed, operational, and in gross utility plant in service. Normally, the
8 Commission approves such an accounting order only in extraordinary
9 circumstances. RRUI's request is far from an extraordinary circumstance.
10 In fact, the Company's request for this special treatment of CIAC is for
11 quite ordinary purposes.
12

13 Q. When did the Commission approve an accounting order that delayed the
14 recording of collecting CIAC from non-investors?

15 A. A case that comes to mind is an Arizona-American Water Company's
16 ("Arizona-American" or "AZ-AM") proceeding that involved construction of
17 the White Tank Regional Treatment Plant?
18

19 Q. What was the parties' positions regarding delaying the recording of CIAC
20 until the plant was fully constructed, operational, and in gross utility plant
21 in service?

22 A. Arizona-American requested an accounting order to delay the recording of
23 CIAC associated only with the White Tank Water Treatment Plant, which

1 was estimated to cost approximately \$74.8 Million and originally to be
2 funded predominantly with CIAC. AZ-AM had planned on filing a rate
3 case several years before the completion of the White Tank Plant that
4 included the White Tank System. If the CIAC associated with the White
5 Tank Plant had been recorded when collected, it would distort White
6 Tanks' rate base because of the magnitude of the CIAC balance related to
7 the specific plant item in question. The Commission granted approval of
8 the accounting order, which delayed the recording of the associated CIAC,
9 based primarily on the fact that it was indeed an extraordinary
10 circumstance. RUCO was in support of the Company's request in that
11 extraordinary instance.

12
13 Q. Then, is it RUCO's position that without some extraordinary circumstance,
14 which does not exist in RRUI's situation, the Commission should reject the
15 Company's request to not record CIAC on its books until the CIAC has
16 been expended for some generic plant?

17 A. Yes.

18
19 Q. If RRUI were to strike that sentence from its proposed HUF tariff, would
20 RUCO be in support of the Company's HUF to be treated as CIAC?

21 A. Yes, with one clarification. The Company's proposed HUF tariffs for both
22 the Water and Wastewater Divisions show the HUF to be \$1,800 for a 5/8
23 inch meter. However, Mr. Sorensen's testimony indicates the Wastewater

1 HUF to be \$2,000 on page 10, line 23 of his testimony. RUCO would like
2 the Company to clarify if it is \$1,800 or \$2,000.

3

4 **Other Tariff Changes**

5 Q. What changes to new service line installations charges has RRUI
6 proposed?

7 A. The Company proposed a change in the cost of new service lines. RRUI
8 has proposed that all service line installation charges be at "cost" rather
9 than the current stated tariff rates.

10

11 Q. What is RUCO's position regarding that all service line installation charges
12 be at "cost" rather than current stated tariff rates.

13 A. RUCO prefers that the current rates in the tariff be maintained. RUCO will
14 defer this issue to Commission Staff engineers.

15

16 **Late Payment Finance Charge**

17 Q. Has the Company proposed a 1.5 percent late payment charge to be
18 included in its tariff?

19 A. Yes.

20

21 Q. Is RUCO in support of the Company's proposed 1.5 percent late payment
22 charge?

23 A. Yes. This is a common charge found in many utility bills.

1 Q. Does this conclude your testimony?

2 A. Yes, it does.

APPENDIX 1

Qualifications of Timothy J. Coley

WORK HISTORY

July 2000 – Present: **RESIDENTIAL UTILITY CONSUMER OFFICE**, Phoenix, Arizona
Public Utilities Analyst V. The Residential Utility Consumer Office (RUCO) is a consumer advocate group providing residential consumers a voice in utility regulation and backed by a professional staff with legal and financial expertise. Responsibilities include: audited, reviewed and analyzed public utility companies various filings; prepared written testimony, schedules, financial statements, and spreadsheet models and analyses. Testified and stand cross-examination before the Arizona Corporation Commission.

January 2000 - April 2000: **JACKSON HEWITT TAX SERVICE**, Phoenix, Arizona
Tax Preparer. Interviewed clients, determined tax situation, and explained how the tax laws benefited them in their specific situation. Ensured that each customer received every deduction that they were entitled. Prepared individual and business income tax returns, which best utilized each specific situation that minimized their tax obligations.

May 1998 - November 1999: **BENEFITS CONSULTING**, Cypress, Texas
Consultant Assistant. The consulting firm specialized in alleged medical claim charges brought against the government of Harris County in Houston, Texas. Assisted in the review, examination, and analysis of the attested charges. Determined if the purported medical claim charges were prudent, customary, and reasonable for the alleged sustained injuries. The firm analyzed cases for both the County's Risk Department and Attorneys Office.

January 1992 - April 1998: **PHOENIX SERVICES**, Villa Rica, Georgia
Owner. Provided landscaping services primarily in a high growth gated community where the Property Owners' Association approved mandated ordinances to be strictly adhered and abided by. Coordinated and supervised all aspects of projects from inception to completion, from master planning to site design to installation.

May 1989 - October 1991: **GEORGIA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION**, Atlanta, GA
Senior Auditor. The Public Service Commission (PSC) was responsible for regulating many intrastate telecommunications, electric, and gas utility industries operating in Georgia. It was the PSC's job to ensure that consumers received adequate and reliable service at reasonable rates. It must also assure the utility companies and investors an opportunity to earn a fair rate of return on prudent investments. The Commission participated significantly in Georgia's economic health and growth. I was promoted to the PSC's Electric/Gas Division where I examined, verified, and analyzed various financial documents, accounting records, reports, ledgers, and statements. In addition, I was assigned to automate the PSC's Electric Division where I utilized a computer application process that I had developed earlier while with the (PSC) Telecommunication Division. I was later ascribed to work in conjunction with the Engineering Department and established a procedure to track and compare costs of operation and maintenance (O&M) expenses of nuclear electric generating plants. This effort determined a comparative price per kilowatt-hour produced that influenced the awareness for the company to control the O&M costs, which benefited the consumer through lower prices.

- Developed computer application system that streamlined audit procedures by 30 – 40%.
- Various other schedules were implemented to track, maintain, and control costs.

GEORGIA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION (continued)

November 1986 - April 1989: **Georgia Public Service Commission**, Atlanta, Georgia
Auditor. Regulated telecommunications and also oversaw the deregulation process that was currently under way in that industry. Examined and analyzed accounting records to determine financial status of companies and prepared financial reports concerning audit findings. Reviewed data including payroll, time sheets, purchase vouchers, cash receipt ledgers, financial reports, and disbursements. Verified statewide telephone company transaction classifications and documentation.

- Developed computer application utilizing Lotus to completely automate and streamline the entire telecommunication audit process. The results saved 25% in field audit time and produced a product of professional appearance.
- Created, coordinated, and implemented "Operational Project Training" automated procedure-training program. Trained and supervised staff of five auditors.
- Computerized "Desk Audit Analysis" program that identified 11 independent telephone companies in the state of over-earning and resulted in \$4.1M annual savings to the Georgia ratepayers affected.

October 1985 - October 1986: **Georgia Public Service Commission**, Atlanta, Georgia
Junior Auditor. Assisted in planning and performing telecommunication audit engagements. Examined financial records, internal management control, correspondence, bills, and records of services delivered in order to verify or recommend compliance with company specifications contained in contracts, agreements, regulations, and/or laws.

- As a special project, I was assigned to analyze the results of a survey designed to evaluate "Interest in Organizing a Multi-State Nuclear Management Review Group" by the Director of Utilities. Wrote the draft and findings for the speech that was presented to all participatory commissions.

PROFESSIONAL MEMBERSHIPS

- Elected Member of the National Honor Society for Public Affairs and Administration.
- Active Member of Delta Sigma Pi - Professional Business Fraternity.

SPECIAL TRAINING AND CERTIFICATES

- The Graduate School of Business Administration - Michigan State University; completed the Annual Regulatory Studies Program of the National Association of Regulatory Utility Commissioners.
- Completed Graduate Exit Paper on "Deregulation of the Electric Industry".
- Attended Eastern Utility Rate School in 2000 and 2005.

EDUCATION

- Currently enrolled at Arizona State University - West in the Post Baccalaureate Graduate Certificate Program in Accountancy with two courses remaining.
- Master of Public Administration, State University of West Georgia, 1997, GPA 3.5.
- BS Business Management & Administration, Minor in Economics, Sorrel School of Business, Troy State University, 1985.
- AA Business Administration, Miles Community College, 1981.

RESUME OF PUBLIC UTILITY RATE CASES & AUDITS PARTICIPATION

Residential Utility Consumer Office For Years 2000 To Present

Arizona-American Water Company – Docket No. WS-01303A-05-0405

Arizona Public Service Co. – Docket No. E-01345A-03-0437

Tucson Electric Power Company – Docket No. E-01933A-04-0408

UniSource Merger – Docket No. E-04230A-03-0933

Arizona-American Water Company – Docket No. WS-01303A-02-0867

Arizona Water Company (Eastern Group) – Docket No. W01445A-02-0619

Litchfield Park Service Company – Docket Nos. W-01427A-01-0487 &
SW-01428A-01-0487

Arizona Water Company (Northern Group) – Docket No. W-01445A-00-0962

Rio Verde Utilities, Inc. – Docket Nos. W-02156A-00-0321 &
SW-02156A-00-0323

Arizona-American Water Company (Paradise Valley) –
Docket Nos. W-01303A-05-0405 &
W-01303A-05-0910

Arizona-American Water Company (Mohave District) –
Docket No. WS-01303A-06-0014

Arizona-American Water Company (Sun City & Sun Cit West Wastewater) –
Docket No. WS-01303A-06-0491

Arizona-American Water Company - Docket No. W-01303A-07-0209

Chaparral City Water Company – Docket No. W-02113A-07-0551

Arizona-American Water Company - Docket No. W-01303A-08-0227

Arizona Water Company - Docket No. W-01445A-08-0440

Georgia Public Service Commission For Years 1985 – 1991

Atlanta Gas Light Company

Georgia Power Company

Atlanta Gas Light Company (Management Audit)

Georgia Power Company

Trenton Telephone Company

Fairmount Telephone Company

Ellijay Telephone Company

GTE, Inc.

ALL-TEL Telephone Company

Citizens Utilities Co.

Ball Ground Telephone Company

Lanett Telephone Company

Brantley Telephone Company

Blue Ridge Telephone Company

Waverly Hall Telephone Company

St. Marys Telephone Company

Darien Telephone Company

Statesboro Telephone Company

Statesboro Telephone Co-op

Wilkes Telephone Company

EXHIBIT 1

2008

ALGONQUIN POWER INCOME FUND

ANNUAL FINANCIAL RESULTS



Consolidated Balance Sheets

Algonquin Power Income Fund - Audited Financial Statements

December 31, 2008 and 2007

(thousands of Canadian dollars)

	2008	2007
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash	\$ 5,902	\$ 10,361
Accounts receivable	28,138	26,597
Prepaid expenses	2,832	3,052
Current portion of notes receivable (note 5)	485	421
Current portion of derivative assets	-	7,857
	37,357	48,288
Long-term investments and notes receivable (note 5)	27,134	30,047
Future non-current income tax asset	2,894	2,416
Property, plant and equipment (note 6)	804,965	760,677
Intangible assets (note 7)	97,398	99,529
Restricted cash	5,295	6,105
Deferred costs	243	80
Other assets (note 4)	2,844	2,737
Derivative assets	-	4,188
	\$ 978,130	\$ 954,067
LIABILITIES AND UNITHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 34,074	\$ 27,007
Distributions payable	1,587	11,649
Current portion of long-term liabilities (notes 10 and 12)	4,236	1,915
Current portion of derivative liabilities (note 8)	8,438	-
Current income tax liability (note 14)	541	669
Future income tax liability	1,191	756
	50,067	41,996
Long-term liabilities (notes 9 and 10)	293,590	281,725
Convertible debentures (note 11)	140,427	139,587
Other long-term liabilities (note 12)	28,859	23,771
Future non-current income tax liability (note 14)	85,654	80,785
Derivative liabilities (note 8)	25,116	-
Non controlling interest	12,548	21,700
Unitholders' equity:		
Trust units (note 13)	722,215	692,213
Deficit	(358,904)	(283,820)
Accumulated other comprehensive income	(21,442)	(43,890)
	341,869	364,503
Commitments and contingencies (note 18)		
	\$ 978,130	\$ 954,067

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements

Approved by the Trustees



Ken Moore



George Steeves

1. Significant accounting policies: (continued)

(k) Foreign currency translation: (continued)

The ongoing review of the economic factors to be considered in determining whether foreign operations are integrated or self-sustaining has resulted in the determination that the Fund's operating entities in the Utility Services Division have changed to self-sustaining. This change was made as a result of the Utility Services Division entities' increasing proportion of operating, financing and investing transactions that are denominated in currencies other than the Canadian dollar. This change in method was effective at October 1, 2007 and was applied prospectively. These self-sustaining operations are translated into Canadian dollars using the current rate method, whereby assets and liabilities are translated at the rate prevailing at the balance sheet date while revenues and expenses are converted using average rates for the period. Unrealized gains or losses arising as a result of the translation of the operations of self-sustaining operations are reported as a component of Other Comprehensive Income in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income.

The Fund's remaining United States subsidiaries and partnership interests continue to be considered as functionally integrated with the Canadian operations and accounted for as integrated foreign operations.

(l) Asset retirement obligations:

The fair value of estimated asset retirement obligations is recognized in the consolidated balance sheet when identified and a reasonable estimate of fair value can be made. The asset retirement cost, equal to the estimated fair value of the asset retirement obligation, is capitalized as part of the cost of the related long-lived asset. The asset retirement costs are depreciated over the asset's estimated useful life and are included in amortization expense on the Consolidated Statements of Operations. Increases in the asset retirement obligation resulting from the passage of time are recorded as accretion of asset retirement obligation in the Consolidated Statements of Operations. Actual expenditures incurred are charged against the accumulated obligation. Based on the Fund's assessments the Company does not have any significant asset retirement obligations and therefore no provision for retirement obligations has been recorded in 2008 and 2007.

(m) Income taxes:

Income taxes are accounted for using the asset and liability method. Future tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. Future tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted or substantively enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on future tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in earnings in the year that includes the date of enactment or substantive enactment.

A valuation allowance is recorded against future tax assets to the extent that it is considered more likely than not that the future tax asset will not be realized.

14. Income taxes (continued)

The tax effect of temporary differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of assets and liabilities and their respective tax basis that give rise to significant portions of the future tax assets and future tax liabilities at December 31, 2008 and 2007 are presented below:

	2008	2007
Future tax assets:		
Non-capital loss, debt restructuring charges and currently non-deductible interest carry forwards	\$ 25,355	\$ 19,561
Unrealized foreign exchange differences on US entity debt	11,674	30,003
Customer advances in aid of construction	6,768	4,414
Foreign exchange hedges and interest rate swaps	3,940	-
Total future tax assets	47,737	53,978
Less: Valuation allowance	(24,705)	(42,996)
Total future tax assets	23,032	10,982
Future tax liabilities:		
Property, plant and equipment	(95,007)	(81,567)
Intangible assets	(9,861)	(8,174)
Other	(2,115)	(366)
Total future tax liabilities	(106,983)	(90,107)
Net future tax liability	\$ (83,951)	\$ (79,125)

Classified in the financial statements as:

	2008	2007
Future non-current income tax asset	\$ 2,894	\$ 2,416
Future current income tax liability	(1,191)	(756)
Future non-current income tax liability	(85,654)	(80,785)
	\$ (83,951)	\$ (79,125)

Current income tax recoverable of \$1,538 (2007 - \$nil) is included as part of accounts receivable on the financial statements.

On June 22, 2007 legislation ("the SIFT Rules") relating to the federal income taxation of publicly-traded trusts and partnerships received royal assent. Under transitional relief the SIFT Rules will not apply to a publicly-traded trust or partnership that is a "specified investment flow through entity" (a "SIFT") which was listed before November 1, 2006 ("Existing Trust") until taxation years ending in or after 2011. The SIFT Rules do not affect the current and future tax amounts of the Fund's corporate subsidiaries.

Under the SIFT Rules, distributions of certain income by a SIFT will not be deductible in computing the SIFT's taxable income, and the SIFT will be subject to tax on such income at a rate that is substantially equivalent to the general tax rate applicable to Canadian corporations. A SIFT's income that is dividends or income received directly from foreign sources will continue to be taxed to unitholders under the existing rules and distributions paid by a SIFT as returns of capital will not be subject to this tax. An Existing Trust may lose its transitional relief where its equity capital grows beyond certain dollar limits measured by reference to the Existing Trust's market capitalization at the close of trading on October 31, 2006 in which case application of this tax to an Existing Trust may commence before 2011.

EXHIBIT 2

ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION
UTILITIES DIVISION

ANNUAL REPORT MAILING LABEL – MAKE CHANGES AS NECESSARY

WS-02676A
Rio Rico Utilities Inc.
12725 W. Indian School Rd. Suite D101
Avondale, AZ 85392

ANNUAL REPORT

FOR YEAR ENDING

12	31	2008
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FOR COMMISSION USE

ANN06	07
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COMPANY NAME

Rio Rico Utilities, Inc (Water)

BALANCE SHEET

Acct. No.		BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	BALANCE AT END OF YEAR
	ASSETS		
	CURRENT AND ACCRUED ASSETS		
131	Cash	\$ 75,786	\$ 78,710
134	Working Funds		
135	Temporary Cash Investments		
141	Customer Accounts Receivable	(19,893)	292,048
146	Notes/Receivables from Associated Companies		
151	Plant Material and Supplies		
162	Prepayments	16,846	9,603
174	Miscellaneous Current and Accrued Assets	1,715,216	1,929,391
	TOTAL CURRENT AND ACCRUED ASSETS	\$ 1,787,955	\$ 2,309,751
	FIXED ASSETS		
101	Utility Plant in Service	\$ 30,312,040	\$ 32,844,626
103	Property Held for Future Use		
105	Construction Work in Progress	1,368,681	813,309
108	Accumulated Depreciation - Utility Plant	10,312,729	10,986,265
121	Non-Utility Property		
122	Accumulated Depreciation - Non Utility		
	TOTAL FIXED ASSETS	\$ 21,367,992	\$ 22,671,670
	TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 23,155,947	\$ 24,981,422

NOTE: The Assets on this page should be equal to Total Liabilities and Capital on the following page.

COMPANY NAME

Rio Rico Utilities, Inc (Water)

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

Acct. No.	LIABILITIES	BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	BALANCE AT END OF YEAR
	CURRENT LIABILITES		
231	Accounts Payable	\$ 19,634	\$ 16,001
232	Notes Payable (Current Portion)		
234	Notes/Accounts Payable to Associated Companies	(160,429)	543,237
235	Customer Deposits	110,138	103,380
236	Accrued Taxes	61,275	74,300
237	Accrued Interest	2,705	2,605
241	Miscellaneous Current and Accrued Liabilities	1,310,800	1,603,737
	TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	\$ 1,344,124	\$ 2,343,261
	LONG-TERM DEBT (Over 12 Months)		
224	Long-Term Notes and Bonds		
	DEFERRED CREDITS		
251	Unamortized Premium on Debt		
252	Advances in Aid of Construction	208,128	275,455
255	Accumulated Deferred Investment Tax Credits		
271	Contributions in Aid of Construction	20,324,408	20,262,569
272	Less: Amortization of Contributions	6,136,557	6,676,552
281	Accumulated Deferred Income Tax	(104,031)	72,985
	TOTAL DEFERRED CREDITS	\$ 14,291,947	\$ 13,934,457
	TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 15,636,072	\$ 16,277,717
	CAPITAL ACCOUNTS		
201	Common Stock Issued	\$ 1	\$ 1
211	Paid in Capital in Excess of Par Value	7,130,561	7,130,561
215	Retained Earnings	389,313	1,573,143
218	Proprietary Capital (Sole Props and Partnerships)		
	TOTAL CAPITAL	\$ 7,519,875	\$ 8,703,705
	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND CAPITAL	\$ 23,155,947	\$ 24,981,422

EXHIBIT 3

RIO RICO UTILITIES, INC.
DOCKET NO. WS-02676A-09-0257
RESPONSE TO RUCO'S THIRD SET OF DATA REQUESTS

November 16, 2009

Response provided by: Rio Rico Utilities, Inc.

Address: 12725 W Indian School Rd Suite D-101
Avondale, AZ 85392

Company Response Number: 3.03

Q. Accumulated Deferred Income Tax (ADIT) – Admit that the Commission did not authorize any ADIT in the last Decision No. 67279. If denied, please explain why.

RESPONSE: Deny. The decision speaks for itself.

Rio Rico Utilities, Inc. / Water
Test Year Ended December 31, 2002
Summary of Rate Base

Exhibit
Schedule B-1
Page 1
Witness: Kozoman

Line

No.

1	Gross Utility Plant in Service	\$ 25,375,732
2	Less: Accumulated Depreciation	<u>8,160,455</u>
3		
4	Net Utility Plant in Service	\$ 17,215,277
5		
6	Less:	
7	Advances in Aid of	
8	Construction	88,934
9	Contributions in Aid of	
10	Construction - Net of amortization	14,955,477
11	Customer Meter Deposits	80,898
12		
13	Plus:	
14	Allowance for Working Capital	<u>119,316</u>
15		
16		
17	Total Rate Base	<u>\$ 2,209,283</u>
18		
19		
20	SUPPORTING SCHEDULES:	
21	(a) B-2	
22	(b) B-3	

EXHIBIT 4

Chapter 3


The

Corporate

Income Tax

Temporary Differences

(1 of 2)



- ★ Deferred tax liabilities occur when
- ★ Rev/gains recognized earlier for book than tax
- ★ Exp/losses deducted earlier for tax than book
- ★ Tax basis of asset $<$ book basis
- ★ Tax basis of liability $>$ book basis

Temporary Differences

(2 of 2)



- ★ Deferred tax assets occur when
 - ★ Rev/gains recognized earlier for tax than book
 - ★ Exp/losses deducted earlier for book than tax
 - ★ Tax basis of asset $>$ book basis
 - ★ Tax basis of liability $<$ book basis
 - ★ Loss/credit carryforwards exist

End Chapter 3

Comments or questions about PowerPoint Slides?

Contact Dr. Richard Newmark at
University of Northern Colorado's
Kenneth W. Monfort College of Business
richard.newmark@PhDuh.com

EXHIBIT 5

Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 109

FAS109 Status Page
FAS109 Summary

Accounting for Income Taxes

February 1992



Financial Accounting Standards Board
of the Financial Accounting Foundation
401 MERRITT 7, P.O. BOX 5116, NORWALK, CONNECTICUT 06856-5116

those circumstances, the procedures to allocate the remaining amount to items other than continuing operations are as follows:

- a. Determine the effect on income tax expense or benefit for the year of the total net loss for all net loss items
- b. Apportion the tax benefit determined in (a) ratably to each net loss item
- c. Determine the amount that remains, that is, the difference between (1) the amount to be allocated to all items other than continuing operations and (2) the amount allocated to all net loss items
- d. Apportion the tax expense determined in (c) ratably to each net gain item.

Refer to paragraphs 273-276 for additional guidance.

Certain Quasi Reorganizations

39. The tax benefits of deductible temporary differences and carryforwards as of the date of a quasi reorganization as defined and contemplated in ARB No. 43, Chapter 7, "Capital Accounts," ordinarily are reported as a direct addition to contributed capital if the tax benefits are recognized in subsequent years. The only exception is for enterprises that have previously both adopted Statement 96 and effected a quasi reorganization that involves only the elimination of a deficit in retained earnings by a concurrent reduction in contributed capital prior to adopting this Statement. For those enterprises, subsequent recognition of the tax benefit of prior deductible temporary differences and carryforwards is included in income and reported as required by paragraph 37 (without regard to the referenced exceptions) and then reclassified from retained earnings to contributed capital. Those enterprises should disclose (a) the date of the quasi reorganization, (b) the manner of reporting the tax benefits and that it differs from present accounting requirements for other enterprises and (c) the effect of those tax benefits on income from continuing operations, income before extraordinary items, and on net income (and on related per share amounts).

Separate Financial Statements of a Subsidiary

40. The consolidated amount of current and deferred tax expense for a group that files a consolidated tax return shall be allocated among the members of the group when those members issue separate financial statements. This Statement does not require a single allocation method. The method adopted, however, shall be systematic, rational, and consistent with the broad principles established by this Statement. A method that allocates current and deferred taxes to members of the group by applying this Statement to each member as if it were a separate taxpayer ¹⁰ meets those criteria. Examples of methods that are not consistent with the broad principles established by this Statement include:

- a. A method that allocates only current taxes payable to a member of the group that has taxable temporary differences

- b. A method that allocates deferred taxes to a member of the group using a method fundamentally different from the asset and liability method described in this Statement (for example, the Opinion 11 deferred method)
- c. A method that allocates no current or deferred tax expense to a member of the group that has taxable income because the consolidated group has no current or deferred tax expense.

Certain disclosures are also required (paragraph 49).

Financial Statement Presentation

41. In a classified statement of financial position, an enterprise shall separate deferred tax liabilities and assets into a current amount and a noncurrent amount. Deferred tax liabilities and assets shall be classified as current or noncurrent based on the classification of the related asset or liability for financial reporting. A deferred tax liability or asset that is not related to an asset or liability for financial reporting (paragraph 15), including deferred tax assets related to carryforwards, shall be classified according to the expected reversal date of the temporary difference pursuant to FASB Statement No. 37, *Balance Sheet Classification of Deferred Income Taxes*. The valuation allowance for a particular tax jurisdiction shall be allocated between current and noncurrent deferred tax assets for that tax jurisdiction on a pro rata basis.

42. For a particular tax-paying component of an enterprise and within a particular tax jurisdiction, (a) all current deferred tax liabilities and assets shall be offset and presented as a single amount and (b) all noncurrent deferred tax liabilities and assets shall be offset and presented as a single amount. However, an enterprise shall not offset deferred tax liabilities and assets attributable to different tax-paying components of the enterprise or to different tax jurisdictions.

Financial Statement Disclosure

43. The components of the net deferred tax liability or asset recognized in an enterprise's statement of financial position shall be disclosed as follows:

- a. The total of all deferred tax liabilities measured in procedure (b) of paragraph 17
- b. The total of all deferred tax assets measured in procedures (c) and (d) of paragraph 17
- c. The total valuation allowance recognized for deferred tax assets determined in procedure (e) of paragraph 17.

The net change during the year in the total valuation allowance also shall be disclosed. A **public enterprise** shall disclose the approximate tax effect of each type of temporary difference and carryforward that gives rise to a significant portion of deferred tax liabilities and deferred tax assets (before allocation of valuation allowances). A **nonpublic enterprise** shall disclose the types of significant temporary differences and carryforwards but may omit disclosure of the tax effects of each type. A public enterprise that is not subject to income taxes because its income is

taxed directly to its owners shall disclose that fact and the net difference between the tax bases and the reported amounts of the enterprise's assets and liabilities.

44. The following information shall be disclosed whenever a deferred tax liability is not recognized because of the exceptions to comprehensive recognition of deferred taxes for any of the areas addressed by Opinion 23 (as amended by this Statement) or for deposits in statutory reserve funds by U.S. steamship enterprises:

- a. A description of the types of temporary differences for which a deferred tax liability has not been recognized and the types of events that would cause those temporary differences to become taxable
- b. The cumulative amount of each type of temporary difference
- c. The amount of the unrecognized deferred tax liability for temporary differences related to investments in foreign subsidiaries and foreign corporate joint ventures that are essentially permanent in duration if determination of that liability is practicable or a statement that determination is not practicable
- d. The amount of the deferred tax liability for temporary differences other than those in (c) above (that is, undistributed domestic earnings, the bad-debt reserve for tax purposes of a U.S. savings and loan association or other qualified thrift lender, the policyholders' surplus of a life insurance enterprise, and the statutory reserve funds of a U.S. steamship enterprise) that is not recognized in accordance with the provisions of paragraphs 31 and 32.

45. The significant components of income tax expense attributable to continuing operations for each year presented shall be disclosed in the financial statements or notes thereto. Those components would include, for example:

- a. **Current tax expense or benefit**
- b. Deferred tax expense or benefit (exclusive of the effects of other components listed below)
- c. Investment tax credits
- d. Government grants (to the extent recognized as a reduction of income tax expense)
- e. The benefits of operating loss carryforwards
- f. Tax expense that results from allocating certain tax benefits either directly to contributed capital or to reduce goodwill or other noncurrent intangible assets of an acquired entity
- g. Adjustments of a deferred tax liability or asset for enacted changes in tax laws or rates or a change in the tax status of the enterprise
- h. Adjustments of the beginning-of-the-year balance of a valuation allowance because of a change in circumstances that causes a change in judgment about the realizability of the related deferred tax asset in future years.

46. The amount of income tax expense or benefit allocated to continuing operations and the amounts separately allocated to other items (in accordance with the provisions of paragraphs 35-39) shall be disclosed for each year for which those items are presented.

47. A public enterprise shall disclose a reconciliation using percentages or dollar amounts of (a) the reported amount of income tax expense attributable to continuing operations for the year to (b) the amount of income tax expense that would result from applying domestic federal statutory tax rates to pretax income from continuing operations. The "statutory" tax rates shall be the regular tax rates if there are alternative tax systems. The estimated amount and the nature of each significant reconciling item shall be disclosed. A nonpublic enterprise shall disclose the nature of significant reconciling items but may omit a numerical reconciliation. If not otherwise evident from the disclosures required by this paragraph and paragraphs 43-46, all enterprises shall disclose the nature and effect of any other significant matters affecting comparability of information for all periods presented.

48. An enterprise shall disclose (a) the amounts and expiration dates of operating loss and tax credit carryforwards for tax purposes and (b) any portion of the valuation allowance for deferred tax assets for which subsequently recognized tax benefits will be allocated to reduce goodwill or other noncurrent intangible assets of an acquired entity or directly to contributed capital (paragraphs 30 and 36).

49. An entity that is a member of a group that files a consolidated tax return shall disclose in its separately issued financial statements:

- a. The aggregate amount of current and deferred tax expense for each statement of earnings presented and the amount of any tax-related balances due to or from affiliates as of the date of each statement of financial position presented
- b. The principal provisions of the method by which the consolidated amount of current and deferred tax expense is allocated to members of the group and the nature and effect of any changes in that method (and in determining related balances to or from affiliates) during the years for which the disclosures in (a) above are presented.

Effective Date and Transition

50. This Statement shall be effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 1992. Earlier application is encouraged. Financial statements for any number of consecutive fiscal years before the effective date may be restated to conform to the provisions of this Statement. Initial application of this Statement shall be as of the beginning of an enterprise's fiscal year (that is, if the Statement is adopted prior to the effective date and during an interim period other than the first interim period, all prior interim periods of that fiscal year shall be restated). Application of the requirements for recognition of a deferred tax liability or asset for a restated interim or annual period shall be based on the facts and circumstances as they existed at that prior date and without the benefit of hindsight.

51. The effect of initially applying this Statement shall be reported as the effect of a change in accounting principle in a manner similar to the cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle (APB Opinion No. 20, *Accounting Changes*, paragraph 20) except for initially

EXHIBIT 6

Guidelines for Cost Allocations and Affiliate Transactions:

The following Guidelines for Cost Allocations and Affiliate Transactions (Guidelines) are intended to provide guidance to jurisdictional regulatory authorities and regulated utilities and their affiliates in the development of procedures and recording of transactions for services and products between a regulated entity and affiliates. The prevailing premise of these Guidelines is that allocation methods should not result in subsidization of non-regulated services or products by regulated entities unless authorized by the jurisdictional regulatory authority. These Guidelines are not intended to be rules or regulations prescribing how cost allocations and affiliate transactions are to be handled. They are intended to provide a framework for regulated entities and regulatory authorities in the development of their own policies and procedures for cost allocations and affiliated transactions. Variation in regulatory environment may justify different cost allocation methods than those embodied in the Guidelines.

The Guidelines acknowledge and reference the use of several different practices and methods. It is intended that there be latitude in the application of these guidelines, subject to regulatory oversight. The implementation and compliance with these cost allocations and affiliate transaction guidelines, by regulated utilities under the authority of jurisdictional regulatory commissions, is subject to Federal and state law. Each state or Federal regulatory commission may have unique situations and circumstances that govern affiliate transactions, cost allocations, and/or service or product pricing standards. For example, The Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 requires registered holding company systems to price "at cost" the sale of goods and services and the undertaking of construction contracts between affiliate companies.

The Guidelines were developed by the NARUC Staff Subcommittee on Accounts in compliance with the Resolution passed on March 3, 1998 entitled "Resolution Regarding Cost Allocation for the Energy Industry" which directed the Staff Subcommittee on Accounts together with the Staff Subcommittees on Strategic Issues and Gas to prepare for NARUC's consideration, "Guidelines for Energy Cost Allocations." In addition, input was requested from other industry parties. Various levels of input were obtained in the development of the Guidelines from the Edison Electric Institute, American Gas Association, Securities and Exchange Commission, the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Rural Utilities Service and the National Rural Electric Cooperatives Association as well as staff of various state public utility commissions.

In some instances, non-structural safeguards as contained in these guidelines may not be sufficient to prevent market power problems in strategic markets such as the generation market. Problems arise when a firm has the ability to raise prices above market for a sustained period and/or impede output of a product or service. Such concerns have led some states to develop codes of conduct to govern relationships between the regulated utility and its non-regulated affiliates. Consideration should be given to any "unique" advantages an incumbent utility would have over competitors in an emerging market such as the retail energy market. A code of conduct should be used in conjunction with guidelines on cost allocations and affiliate transactions.

A. DEFINITIONS

1. Affiliates - companies that are related to each other due to common ownership or control.
2. Attestation Engagement - one in which a certified public accountant who is in the practice of public accounting is contracted to issue a written communication that expresses a conclusion about the reliability of a written assertion that is the responsibility of another party.

3. Cost Allocation Manual (CAM) - an indexed compilation and documentation of a company's cost allocation policies and related procedures.
4. Cost Allocations - the methods or ratios used to apportion costs. A cost allocator can be based on the origin of costs, as in the case of cost drivers; cost-causative linkage of an indirect nature; or one or more overall factors (also known as general allocators).
5. Common Costs - costs associated with services or products that are of joint benefit between regulated and non-regulated business units.
6. Cost Driver - a measurable event or quantity which influences the level of costs incurred and which can be directly traced to the origin of the costs themselves.
7. Direct Costs - costs which can be specifically identified with a particular service or product.
8. Fully Allocated costs - the sum of the direct costs plus an appropriate share of indirect costs.
9. Incremental pricing - pricing services or products on a basis of only the additional costs added by their operations while one or more pre-existing services or products support the fixed costs.
10. Indirect Costs - costs that cannot be identified with a particular service or product. This includes but not limited to overhead costs, administrative and general, and taxes.
11. Non-regulated - that which is not subject to regulation by regulatory authorities.
12. Prevailing Market Pricing - a generally accepted market value that can be substantiated by clearly comparable transactions, auction or appraisal.
13. Regulated - that which is subject to regulation by regulatory authorities.
14. Subsidization - the recovery of costs from one class of customers or business unit that are attributable to another.

B. COST ALLOCATION PRINCIPLES

The following allocation principles should be used whenever products or services are provided between a regulated utility and its non-regulated affiliate or division.

1. To the maximum extent practicable, in consideration of administrative costs, costs should be collected and classified on a direct basis for each asset, service or product provided.
2. The general method for charging indirect costs should be on a fully allocated cost basis. Under appropriate circumstances, regulatory authorities may consider incremental cost, prevailing market pricing or other methods for allocating costs and pricing transactions among affiliates.
3. To the extent possible, all direct and allocated costs between regulated and non-regulated services and products should be traceable on the books of the applicable regulated utility to the applicable Uniform System of Accounts. Documentation should be made available to the appropriate regulatory authority upon request regarding transactions between the regulated utility and its affiliates.
4. The allocation methods should apply to the regulated entity's affiliates in order to prevent

subsidization from, and ensure equitable cost sharing among the regulated entity and its affiliates, and vice versa.

5. All costs should be classified to services or products which, by their very nature, are either regulated, non-regulated, or common to both.

6. The primary cost driver of common costs, or a relevant proxy in the absence of a primary cost driver, should be identified and used to allocate the cost between regulated and non-regulated services or products.

7. The indirect costs of each business unit, including the allocated costs of shared services, should be spread to the services or products to which they relate using relevant cost allocators.

C. COST ALLOCATION MANUAL (NOT TARIFFED)

Each entity that provides both regulated and non-regulated services or products should maintain a cost allocation manual (CAM) or its equivalent and notify the jurisdictional regulatory authorities of the CAM's existence. The determination of what, if any, information should be held confidential should be based on the statutes and rules of the regulatory agency that requires the information. Any entity required to provide notification of a CAM(s) should make arrangements as necessary and appropriate to ensure competitively sensitive information derived therefrom be kept confidential by the regulator. At a minimum, the CAM should contain the following:

1. An organization chart of the holding company, depicting all affiliates, and regulated entities.
2. A description of all assets, services and products provided to and from the regulated entity and each of its affiliates.
3. A description of all assets, services and products provided by the regulated entity to non-affiliates.
4. A description of the cost allocators and methods used by the regulated entity and the cost allocators and methods used by its affiliates related to the regulated services and products provided to the regulated entity.

D. AFFILIATE TRANSACTIONS (NOT TARIFFED)

The affiliate transactions pricing guidelines are based on two assumptions. First, affiliate transactions raise the concern of self-dealing where market forces do not necessarily drive prices. Second, utilities have a natural business incentive to shift costs from non-regulated competitive operations to regulated monopoly operations since recovery is more certain with captive ratepayers. Too much flexibility will lead to subsidization. However, if the affiliate transaction pricing guidelines are too rigid, economic transactions may be discouraged.

The objective of the affiliate transactions' guidelines is to lessen the possibility of subsidization in order to protect monopoly ratepayers and to help establish and preserve competition in the electric generation and the electric and gas supply markets. It provides ample flexibility to accommodate exceptions where the outcome is in the best interest of the utility, its ratepayers and competition. As with any transactions, the burden of proof for any exception from

the general rule rests with the proponent of the exception.

1. Generally, the price for services, products and the use of assets provided by a regulated entity to its non-regulated affiliates should be at the higher of fully allocated costs or prevailing market prices. Under appropriate circumstances, prices could be based on incremental cost, or other pricing mechanisms as determined by the regulator.

2. Generally, the price for services, products and the use of assets provided by a non-regulated affiliate to a regulated affiliate should be at the lower of fully allocated cost or prevailing market prices. Under appropriate circumstances, prices could be based on incremental cost, or other pricing mechanisms as determined by the regulator.

3. Generally, transfer of a capital asset from the utility to its non-regulated affiliate should be at the greater of prevailing market price or net book value, except as otherwise required by law or regulation. Generally, transfer of assets from an affiliate to the utility should be at the lower of prevailing market price or net book value, except as otherwise required by law or regulation. To determine prevailing market value, an appraisal should be required at certain value thresholds as determined by regulators.

4. Entities should maintain all information underlying affiliate transactions with the affiliated utility for a minimum of three years, or as required by law or regulation.

E. AUDIT REQUIREMENTS

1. An audit trail should exist with respect to all transactions between the regulated entity and its affiliates that relate to regulated services and products. The regulator should have complete access to all affiliate records necessary to ensure that cost allocations and affiliate transactions are conducted in accordance with the guidelines. Regulators should have complete access to affiliate records, consistent with state statutes, to ensure that the regulator has access to all relevant information necessary to evaluate whether subsidization exists. The auditors, not the audited utilities, should determine what information is relevant for a particular audit objective. Limitations on access would compromise the audit process and impair audit independence.

2. Each regulated entity's cost allocation documentation should be made available to the company's internal auditors for periodic review of the allocation policy and process and to any jurisdictional regulatory authority when appropriate and upon request.

3. Any jurisdictional regulatory authority may request an independent attestation engagement of the CAM. The cost of any independent attestation engagement associated with the CAM, should be shared between regulated and non-regulated operations consistent with the allocation of similar common costs.

4. Any audit of the CAM should not otherwise limit or restrict the authority of state regulatory authorities to have access to the books and records of and audit the operations of jurisdictional utilities.

5. Any entity required to provide access to its books and records should make arrangements as necessary and appropriate to ensure that competitively sensitive information derived therefrom be kept confidential by the regulator.

F. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

1. The regulated entity should report annually the dollar amount of non-tariffed transactions

associated with the provision of each service or product and the use or sale of each asset for the following:

- a. Those provided to each non-regulated affiliate.
- b. Those received from each non-regulated affiliate.
- c. Those provided to non-affiliated entities.

2. Any additional information needed to assure compliance with these Guidelines, such as cost of service data necessary to evaluate subsidization issues, should be provided.

TABLE OF CONTENTS TO TJC SCHEDULES

SCHEDULE NO.	PAGE NO.	TITLE
TJC-1	1 & 2	REVENUE REQUIREMENT AND GROSS REVENUE CONVERSION FACTOR
TJC-2	1	RATE BASE
TJC-3	1	SUMMARY OF ORIGINAL COST RATE BASE ADJUSTMENTS
TJC-4 DIRECT PLANT	1 TO 7	RATE BASE ADJUSTMENT NO. 1 - PLANT & ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION RECONCILIATION ADJUSTMENT
TJC-5	1	RATE BASE ADJUSTMENT NO. 2 - ACCUMULATED DEFERRED INCOME TAXES
TESTIMONY		RATE BASE ADJUSTMENT NO. 3 - AIAC & CIAC BALANCES PER RUCO DR 1.08 & 1.09
		RATE BASE ADJUSTMENT NO. 4 - INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK
		RATE BASE ADJUSTMENT NO. 5 - INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK
		RATE BASE ADJUSTMENT NO. 6 - INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK
TJC-6	1	OPERATING INCOME
TJC-7	1	SUMMARY OF OPERATING INCOME ADJUSTMENTS
TJC-8	1 OF 16	OPERATING INCOME ADJUSTMENT NO. 1 - REVENUE ANNUALIZATION
TJC-9	1	OPERATING INCOME ADJUSTMENT NO. 2 - PURCHASED POWER INCREASE & EXPENSE ANNUALIZATION
TJC-10	1	OPERATING INCOME ADJUSTMENT NO. 3 - DEPRECIATION EXPENSE
TJC-11	1	OPERATING INCOME ADJUSTMENT NO. 4 - PROPERTY TAX EXPENSE
TJC-12	1	OPERATING INCOME ADJUSTMENT NO. 5 - RATE CASE EXPENSE
TJC-13	1	OPERATING INCOME ADJUSTMENT NO. 6 - MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSE
TESTIMONY		OPERATING INCOME ADJUSTMENT NO. 7 - PURCHASED POWER EXPENSE ADJUSTMENT
TJC-14	1	OPERATING INCOME ADJUSTMENT NO. 8 - CORPORATE ALLOCATIONS
TJC-15	1	OPERATING INCOME ADJUSTMENT NO. 9 - NORMALIZE BAD DEBT EXPENSE
TJC-16	1	OPERATING INCOME ADJUSTMENT NO. 10 - INCOME TAX EXPENSE
TJC-17 & WAR TESTIMONY	1	COST OF CAPITAL

REVENUE REQUIREMENT

LINE NO.	DESCRIPTION	(A) COMPANY OCRB/FVRB COST	(B) RUCO OCRB/FVRB COST
1	Adjusted Original Cost/Fair Value Rate Base	\$ 8,455,517	\$ 7,045,555
2	Adjusted Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (214,606)	\$ (17,940)
3	Current Rate of Return (L2 / L1)	-2.54%	-0.25%
4	Required Operating Income (L5 X L1)	\$ 1,048,484	\$ 556,881
5	Required Rate of Return on Fair Value Rate Base	12.40%	7.90%
6	Operating Income Deficiency (L4 - L2)	\$ 1,263,090	\$ 574,820
7	Gross Revenue Conversion Factor (TJC-1, Page 2)	1.6286	1.6286
8	Required Increase in Gross Revenue Requirement (L7 X L6)	\$ 2,057,112	\$ 936,172
9	Adjusted Test Year Revenue	\$ 1,847,256	\$ 1,874,057
10	Proposed Annual Revenue (L8 + L9)	\$ 3,904,369	\$ 2,810,229
15	Required Percentage Increase in Revenue (L8 / L9)	111.36%	49.95%
16	Rate of Return on Common Equity	12.40%	9.00%

References:

Column (A): Company Schedules A-1 and C-1

Column (B): RUCO Schedule TJC-2, TJC-6, and TJC-17

GROSS REVENUE CONVERSION FACTOR

LINE NO.	DESCRIPTION	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)
CALCULATION OF GROSS REVENUE CONVERSION FACTOR:					
1	Revenue	1.0000			
2	Combined Federal And State Tax Rate (L10)	0.3860			
3	Subtotal (L1 - L2)	0.6140			
4	Revenue Conversion Factor (L1 / L3)	1.6286			
CALCULATION OF EFFECTIVE TAX RATE:					
5	Operating Income Before Taxes (Arizona Taxable Income)	100.0000%			
6	Arizona State Income Tax Rate	6.9680%			
7	Federal Taxable Income (L5 - L6)	93.0320%			
8	Applicable Federal Income Tax Rate (Col. (D), L34)	34.0000%			
9	Effective Federal Income Tax Rate (L7 X L8)	31.6309%			
10	Combined Federal And State Income Tax Rate (L6 + L9)	38.5989%			
11	Required Operating Income (Sch. TJC-1, Pg 1, C (B), L4)	\$ 556,881			
12	Adj'd T.Y. Oper'g Inc. (Loss) (Sch. TJC-1, Pg 1, C (B), L2)	(17,940)			
13	Required Increase In Operating Income (L11 - L12)		\$ 574,820		
14	Income Taxes On Recommended Revenue (Col. (D), L31)	\$ 239,170			
15	Income Taxes On Test Year Revenue (Col. (D), L32)	(122,182)			
16	Required Increase In Revenue To Provide For Income Taxes (L14 - L15)		\$ 361,352		
17	Total Required Increase In Revenue (L13 + L16)		<u>\$ 936,172</u>		
				RUCO	
CALCULATION OF INCOME TAX:				Recommended	
18	Revenue (Sch. TJC-1, Pg 1, Col. (B), L12)			\$ 2,810,229	
19	Operating Expense Excluding Income Tax (TJC-7, Col. (E), L27 - L22 - L23)			2,014,178	
20	Synchronized Interest (Col. (C), L37)			176,421	
21	Arizona Taxable Income (L18 - L19 - L20)			\$ 619,630	
22	Arizona State Income Tax Rate			6.9680%	
23	Arizona Income Tax (L21 X L22)				\$ 43,176
24	Fed. Taxable Income (L21 - L23)			\$ 576,455	
25	Fed. Tax on 1st Inc. Bracket (\$1 - \$50,000) @ 15%			\$ 7,500	
26	Fed. Tax on 2nd Inc. Bracket (\$50,001 - \$75,000) @ 25%			\$ 6,250	
27	Fed. Tax on 3rd Inc. Bracket (\$75,001 - \$100,000) @ 34%			\$ 8,500	
28	Fed. Tax on 4th Inc. Bracket (\$100,001 - \$335,000) @ 39%			\$ 91,650	
29	Fed. Tax on 5th Inc. Bracket (\$335,001 - \$10M) @ 34%			\$ 82,095	
30	Total Federal Income Tax (L25 + L26 + L27 + L28 + L29)				\$ 195,995
31	Combined Federal and State Income Tax (L23 + L30)				<u>\$ 239,170</u>
32	Test Year Combined Income Tax, RUCO as Adjusted (TJC-7, Col. (C), L22 + L23)				\$ (122,182)
33	RUCO Adjustment (L31 - L32) (See TJC-6, Col. (D), L23)				<u>\$ 361,352</u>
34	Applicable Federal Income Tax Rate (Col. (D), L30 / Col. (C), L24)				34.00%
CALCULATION OF INTEREST SYNCHRONIZATION:					
35	Rate Base (Sch. TJC-2, Col. (C), L17)			\$ 7,045,555	
				2.50%	
				<u>\$ 176,421</u>	

RATE BASE - ORIGINAL COST

LINE NO.	DESCRIPTION	(A) COMPANY AS FILED OCRB/FVRB	(B) RUCO OCRB/FVRB ADJUSTMENTS	(C) RUCO ADJ'TED OCRB/FVRB
1	Gross Utility Plant in Service	\$ 34,059,801	\$ -	\$ 34,059,801
2	Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(12,472,661)	(130,701)	(12,603,362)
3	Net Utility Plant In Service (Sum L1 & L2)	\$ 21,587,140	\$ (130,701)	\$ 21,456,439
	<u>Less:</u>			
4	Advances in Aid of Construction	(73,648)	(48,724)	(122,372)
5	Contribution in Aid of Construction	(20,188,921)	48,724	(20,140,197)
6	Accumulated Amortization of CIAC	6,628,197	-	6,628,197
7	NET CIAC (L5 + L6)	\$ (13,560,724)	\$ 48,724	\$ (13,512,000)
8	Customer Meter Deposits	(275,455)	-	(275,455)
9	Deferred Income Taxes & Credits	778,203	(1,279,260)	(501,057)
	<u>Plus:</u>			
10	Unamortized Debt Issuance Costs	-	-	-
11	Deferred Regulatory Assets	-	-	-
12	Allowance For Working Capital	-	-	-
13	Rounding	1	-	1
14	TOTAL RATE BASE (Sum L's 3, 4, & 7 Thru 16)	\$ 8,455,517	\$ (1,409,962)	\$ 7,045,555

References:

Column (A): Company Schedule B-1
Column (B): Schedule TJC-3
Column (C): Column (A) + Column (B)

SUMMARY OF ORIGINAL COST RATE BASE ADJUSTMENTS

LINE NO.	DESCRIPTION	(A) COMPANY AS FILED OCRB/FVRB	(B) ADJMT NO. 1 PLANT & ACCUM DEP.	(C) ADJMT NO. 2 DEFERRED INCOME TAXES	(D) ADJMT NO. 3 PER RUOCO DR 1.08	(E) ADJMT NO. 4	(F) ADJMT NO. 5	(G) ADJMT NO. 6	(H) RUOCO ADJUSTED OCRB/FVRB
1	Gross Utility Plant in Service	\$ 34,059,801	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 34,059,801
2	Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(12,472,661)	(130,701)	-	-	-	-	-	(12,603,362)
3	Net Utility Plant In Service (Sum L1 & L2)	<u>\$ 21,587,140</u>	<u>\$ (130,701)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 21,456,439</u>
4	Less: Advances in Aid of Construction	\$ (73,648)	\$ -	\$ -	(48,724)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	(122,372)
5	Contribution in Aid of Construction	(20,188,921)	-	-	48,724	-	-	-	(20,140,197)
6	Accumulated Amortization of CIAC	6,628,197	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,628,197
7	NET CIAC (L5 + L6)	<u>\$ (13,560,724)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>48,724</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (13,512,000)</u>
8	Customer Meter Deposits	(275,455)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(275,455)
9	Deferred Income Taxes & Credits	778,203	-	(1,279,260)	-	-	-	-	(501,057)
10	Plus: Unamortized Debt Issuance Costs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11	Deferred Regulatory Assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12	Allowance For Working Capital	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
13	Rounding	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
14	TOTAL RATE BASE (Sum L's 3, 4, & 7 Thru 16)	<u>\$ 8,455,517</u>	<u>\$ (130,701)</u>	<u>\$ (1,279,260)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 7,045,555</u>

Column (A): Company Schedule B-2
Column (B): Adjustment No. 1 - Adjust Accumulated Depreciation (See Schedule TJC-4, pages 1 - 7, and TJC Testimony)
Column (C): Adjustment No. 2 - Deferred Income Taxes (See Schedule TJC-5)
Column (D): Adjustment No. 3 - To Adjust AIAC & CIAC Balances Per Company Response to RUOCO DR 1.08 and Discussed in TJC Testimony
Column (E): Adjustment No. 4 - Intentionally Left Blank
Column (F): Adjustment No. 5 - Intentionally Left Blank

LINE NO.	ACCT NO.	DESCRIPTION	(A) DEPRECIATION RATE		(B) DEPRECIATION RATE		(C) 12/31/2002 Per Decision No. 67279		(D) Accumulated Depreciation Per Dec. 67279		(E) Plant Balance 12/31/2002	
			To 9/30/2004	10/1/2003	To 12/31/2008	10/1/2004	Per Decision No. 67279	Per Decision No. 67279	Per Dec. 67279	Per Dec. 67279	12/31/2002	12/31/2002
1	301	Organization	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	5,785	-	-	-	5,785	-
2	302	Franchises	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	417	-	-	-	417	-
3	303	Land and Land Rights	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	44,194	-	-	-	44,194	-
4	304	Structures and Improvements	1.99%	0.00%	3.33%	3.33%	435,181	-	104,047	-	435,181	-
5	305	Collecting and Impounding Res.	0.00%	0.00%	2.50%	2.50%	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	306	Lake, River and Other Intakes	0.00%	0.00%	2.50%	2.50%	-	-	-	-	-	-
7	307	Wells and Springs	3.31%	0.00%	3.33%	3.33%	272,063	-	-	-	272,063	-
8	308	Infiltration Galleries and Tunnels	0.00%	0.00%	6.67%	6.67%	-	-	-	-	-	-
9	309	Supply Mains	1.66%	0.00%	2.00%	2.00%	29,881	-	-	-	29,881	-
10	310	Power Generation Equipment	3.96%	0.00%	5.00%	5.00%	52,635	-	19,077	-	52,635	-
11	311	Electric Pumping Equipment	3.96%	0.00%	12.50%	12.50%	1,504,459	-	508,421	-	1,504,459	-
12	320	Water Treatment Equipment	3.99%	0.00%	3.33%	3.33%	268,685	-	74,460	-	268,685	-
13	320.1	Water Treatment Equipment	3.99%	0.00%	3.33%	3.33%	-	-	-	-	-	-
14	320.2	Chemical Solution Feeders	3.99%	0.00%	20.00%	20.00%	-	-	-	-	-	-
15	330	Distribution Reservoirs & Standpipe	2.00%	0.00%	2.22%	2.22%	353,111	-	106,812	-	353,111	-
16	330.1	Storage Tanks	2.00%	0.00%	2.22%	2.22%	-	-	-	-	-	-
17	330.2	Pressure Tanks	2.00%	0.00%	5.00%	5.00%	-	-	-	-	-	-
18	331	Transmission & Distribution Mains	1.66%	0.00%	2.00%	2.00%	19,116,148	-	5,899,199	-	19,116,148	-
19	333	Services	2.49%	0.00%	3.33%	3.33%	1,465,553	-	463,437	-	1,465,553	-
20	334	Meters	2.49%	0.00%	8.33%	8.33%	519,191	-	82,474	-	519,191	-
21	335	Hydrants	1.99%	0.00%	2.00%	2.00%	459,227	-	92,050	-	459,227	-
22	336	Backflow Prevention Devices	4.01%	0.00%	6.67%	6.67%	-	-	-	-	-	-
23	339	Other Plant and Miscellaneous Equipment	0.00%	0.00%	6.67%	6.67%	-	-	-	-	-	-
24	340	Office Furniture and Fixtures	4.80%	0.00%	6.67%	6.67%	22,986	-	9,507	-	22,986	-
25	340.1	Computers and Software	4.80%	0.00%	20.00%	20.00%	69,494	-	18,780	-	69,494	-
26	341	Transportation Equipment	33.33%	0.00%	20.00%	20.00%	2,925	-	4,954	-	2,925	-
27	342	Stores Equipment	0.00%	0.00%	4.00%	4.00%	-	-	-	-	-	-
28	343	Tools and Work Equipment	4.00%	0.00%	5.00%	5.00%	15,035	-	5,054	-	15,035	-
29	344	Laboratory Equipment	4.00%	0.00%	10.00%	10.00%	3,061	-	1,378	-	3,061	-
30	345	Power Operated Equipment	0.00%	0.00%	5.00%	5.00%	-	-	-	-	-	-
31	346	Communication Equipment	5.03%	0.00%	10.00%	10.00%	141,858	-	19,381	-	141,858	-
32	347	Miscellaneous Equipment	4.89%	0.00%	10.00%	10.00%	7,701	-	2,709	-	7,701	-
33	348	Other Tangible Plant	0.00%	0.00%	10.00%	10.00%	-	-	-	-	-	-
34		Rounding					-	-	-	-	-	-
35		TOTAL DIRECT WATER PLANT					\$ 24,789,590	\$ 7,506,779	\$ 7,506,779	\$ 24,789,590	\$ 24,789,590	\$ 24,789,590
36		Post Test Year Plant (PTYP)					-	-	-	-	-	-
37		RUCO Total Water Plant In Service					\$ 24,789,590	\$ 7,506,779	\$ 7,506,779	\$ 24,789,590	\$ 24,789,590	\$ 24,789,590
38		Company Direct Plant As Filed										
39		RUCO Direct Plant Adjustment										
40		Reserve Deficiency Accrual										
41		Net (Salvage)/Cost of Removal										
42		Accumulated Depreciation										
43		Accumulated Depreciation - PTYP										
44		RUCO Total Accumulated Depreciation - Calculated										
45		Company As Filed - Accumulated Depreciation										
46		RUCO Direct Plant Accumulated Depreciation Adjustment										
47		RUCO Net Adjustment										
48												
49												
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59												

References:
Column (A): Approved Depreciation Rate From Decision No.
Column (B): Approved Depreciation Rate From Decision No. 67279

LINE NO.	ACCT NO.	DESCRIPTION	(A) DEPRECIATION RATE		(B) DEPRECIATION RATE		2003				Balance 12/31/2003
			1/1/2003 To 9/30/2004	10/1/2004 To 12/31/2008	Additions	Retirements	Adjustments	Depreciation Expense			
1	301	Organization	0.00%	0.00%	-	-	-	-	-	\$ 5,785	
2	302	Franchises	0.00%	0.00%	-	-	-	-	-	417	
3	303	Land and Land Rights	0.00%	0.00%	-	-	-	-	-	44,194	
4	304	Structures and Improvements	1.99%	3.33%	253,614	-	-	-	-	688,795	
5	305	Collecting and Impounding Res.	0.00%	2.50%	-	-	-	-	-	-	
6	306	Lake, River and Other Intakes	0.00%	2.50%	-	-	-	-	-	-	
7	307	Wells and Springs	3.31%	3.33%	-	-	-	-	-	-	
8	308	Infiltration Galleries and Tunnels	0.00%	6.67%	-	-	-	-	-	272,063	
9	309	Supply Mains	1.66%	2.00%	249,272	-	-	-	-	279,153	
10	310	Power Generation Equipment	3.96%	5.00%	134,736	-	-	-	-	187,371	
11	311	Electric Pumping Equipment	3.96%	12.50%	151,098	-	-	-	-	1,655,557	
12	320	Water Treatment Equipment	3.99%	3.33%	-	-	-	-	-	268,685	
13	320.1	Water Treatment Equipment	3.99%	3.33%	-	-	-	-	-	-	
14	320.2	Chemical Solution Feeders	3.99%	20.00%	-	-	-	-	-	-	
15	330	Distribution Reservoirs & Standpipe	2.00%	2.22%	-	-	-	-	-	-	
16	330.1	Storage Tanks	2.00%	2.22%	50,494	-	-	-	-	403,605	
17	330.2	Pressure Tanks	2.00%	5.00%	-	-	-	-	-	-	
18	331	Transmission & Distribution Mains	1.66%	2.00%	134,818	-	(17,464)	-	-	19,233,502	
19	333	Services	2.49%	3.33%	47,278	-	-	-	-	1,512,831	
20	334	Meters	2.49%	8.33%	42,569	-	(12,864)	-	-	548,896	
21	335	Hydrants	1.99%	2.00%	1,875	-	(1,352)	-	-	459,750	
22	336	Backflow Prevention Devices	4.01%	6.67%	-	-	-	-	-	-	
23	339	Other Plant and Miscellaneous Equipment	0.00%	6.67%	-	-	-	-	-	22,966	
24	340	Office Furniture and Fixtures	4.80%	6.67%	-	-	-	-	-	69,494	
25	340.1	Computers and Software	4.80%	20.00%	-	-	-	-	-	3,336	
26	341	Transportation Equipment	33.33%	20.00%	-	-	-	-	-	2,925	
27	342	Stores Equipment	0.00%	4.00%	-	-	-	-	-	-	
28	343	Tools and Work Equipment	4.00%	5.00%	-	-	-	-	-	15,035	
29	344	Laboratory Equipment	4.00%	10.00%	-	-	-	-	-	3,061	
30	345	Power Operated Equipment	0.00%	5.00%	-	-	-	-	-	-	
31	346	Communication Equipment	5.03%	10.00%	-	-	-	-	-	-	
32	347	Miscellaneous Equipment	4.89%	10.00%	-	-	-	-	-	141,858	
33	348	Other Tangible Plant	0.00%	10.00%	-	-	-	-	-	7,701	
34		Rounding	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
35		TOTAL DIRECT WATER PLANT	-	-	\$ 1,065,754	\$ (31,680)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 25,823,664	
36		Post Test Year Plant (PTYIP)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
37		RUCO Total Water Plant In Service	-	-	\$ 1,065,754	\$ (31,680)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 25,823,664	
38		Company Direct Plant As Filed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
39		RUCO Direct Plant Adjustment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
40		Reserve Deficiency Accrual	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
41			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
42			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
43			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
44			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
45		Net (Salvage)/Cost of Removal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
46		Accumulated Depreciation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,006,615	
47		Accumulated Depreciation - PTYP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
48		RUCO Total Accumulated Depreciation - Calculated	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,006,615	
49		Company As Filed - Accumulated Depreciation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
50		RUCO Direct Plant Accumulated Depreciation Adjustment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
51		Company As Filed - Accumulated Depreciation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52		RUCO Direct Plant Accumulated Depreciation Adjustment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,972,250	
53		RUCO Net Adjustment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$ 34,365	

References:
Column (A): Approved Depreciation Rate From Decision No.
Column (B): Approved Depreciation Rate From Decision No. 67279

LINE NO.	ACCT NO.	DESCRIPTION	(A) DEPRECIATION RATE		(B) DEPRECIATION RATE		2004				Balance 12/30/2004
			1/1/2003	To 9/30/2004	10/1/2004	To 12/31/2008	Additions	Retirements	Adjustments	Depreciation Expense	
1	301	Organization	0.00%		0.00%		-	-	-	\$	\$ 5,785
2	302	Franchises	0.00%		0.00%		-	-	-	-	417
3	303	Land and Land Rights	0.00%		0.00%		-	-	-	-	44,194
4	304	Structures and Improvements	1.99%		3.33%		-	-	-	16,014	688,795
5	305	Collecting and Impounding Res.	0.00%		2.50%		-	-	-	-	-
6	306	Lake, River and Other Intakes	0.00%		2.50%		-	-	-	-	-
7	307	Wells and Springs	3.31%		3.33%		128,294	-	-	11,145	400,357
8	308	Infiltration Galleries and Tunnels	0.00%		6.67%		-	-	-	-	-
9	309	Supply Mains	1.66%		2.00%		-	-	-	4,871	279,153
10	310	Power Generation Equipment	3.96%		5.00%		-	-	-	7,907	187,371
11	311	Electric Pumping Equipment	3.96%		12.50%		236,327	-	-	108,108	1,891,884
12	320	Water Treatment Equipment	3.99%		3.33%		65,200	-	-	11,524	333,885
13	320.1	Water Treatment Equipment	3.99%		3.33%		-	-	-	-	-
14	320.2	Chemical Solution Feeders	3.99%		20.00%		-	-	-	-	-
15	330	Distribution Reservoirs & Standpipe	2.00%		2.22%		37,838	-	-	8,683	441,443
16	330.1	Storage Tanks	2.00%		2.22%		-	-	-	-	-
17	330.2	Pressure Tanks	2.00%		5.00%		-	-	-	-	-
18	331	Transmission & Distribution Mains	1.66%		2.00%		431,726	-	-	339,391	19,665,227
19	333	Services	2.49%		3.33%		54,211	-	-	41,578	1,567,042
20	334	Meters	2.49%		8.33%		51,537	(20,725)	-	22,290	579,708
21	335	Hydrants	1.99%		2.00%		15,453	-	-	9,314	475,203
22	336	Backflow Prevention Devices	4.01%		6.67%		-	-	-	-	-
23	339	Other Plant and Miscellaneous Equipment	0.00%		6.67%		-	-	-	-	-
24	340	Office Furniture and Fixtures	4.80%		6.67%		1,320	-	-	1,211	22,986
25	340.1	Computers and Software	4.80%		20.00%		-	-	-	6,033	70,814
26	341	Transportation Equipment	33.33%		20.00%		-	-	-	877	2,925
27	342	Stores Equipment	0.00%		4.00%		-	-	-	-	-
28	343	Tools and Work Equipment	4.00%		5.00%		-	-	-	639	15,035
29	344	Laboratory Equipment	4.00%		10.00%		-	-	-	168	3,061
30	345	Power Operated Equipment	0.00%		5.00%		-	-	-	-	-
31	346	Communication Equipment	5.03%		10.00%		-	-	-	8,698	141,858
32	347	Miscellaneous Equipment	4.89%		10.00%		-	-	-	475	7,701
33	348	Other Tangible Plant	0.00%		10.00%		-	-	-	-	-
34		Rounding					-	-	-	-	-
35		TOTAL DIRECT WATER PLANT					\$ 1,021,906	\$ (20,725)	\$	\$ 599,129	\$ 26,824,845
36		Post Test Year Plant (PTYP)					-	-	-	-	-
37		RUCO Total Water Plant In Service					\$ 1,021,906	\$ (20,725)	\$	\$ 599,129	\$ 26,824,845
38		Company Direct Plant As Filed									
39		RUCO Direct Plant Adjustment									
40		Reserve Deficiency Accrual								\$	
41		Net (Salvage)/Cost of Removal									
42		Accumulated Depreciation								8,605,745	\$ 8,605,745
43		Accumulated Depreciation - PTYP								-	-
44		RUCO Total Accumulated Depreciation - Calculated								8,605,745	\$ 8,605,745
45		Company As Filed - Accumulated Depreciation								-	-
46		RUCO Direct Plant Accumulated Depreciation Adjustment								-	-
47		RUCO Net Adjustment								\$	8,549,777
48											55,968
49											
50											
51											
52											
53											
54											
55											
56											
57											
58											
59											

References:
Column (A): Approved Depreciation Rate From Decision No. 67279
Column (B): Approved Depreciation Rate From Decision No. 67279

LINE NO.	ACCT NO.	DESCRIPTION	(A) DEPRECIATION RATE		(B)				Balance 12/31/2005
			1/1/2003 To 9/30/2004	10/1/2004 To 12/31/2008	2005 Additions	Retirements	Adjustments	Depreciation Expense	
1	301	Organization	0.00%	0.00%	-	-	-	\$ -	\$ 5,785
2	302	Franchises	0.00%	0.00%	-	-	-	-	417
3	303	Land and Land Rights	0.00%	0.00%	-	-	-	-	44,194
4	304	Structures and Improvements	1.99%	3.33%	-	-	-	22,937	688,795
5	305	Collecting and Impounding Res.	0.00%	2.50%	-	-	-	-	-
6	306	Lake, River and Other Intakes	0.00%	2.50%	-	-	-	-	-
7	307	Wells and Springs	3.31%	3.33%	-	-	-	-	-
8	308	Infiltration Galleries and Tunnels	0.00%	6.67%	-	-	-	13,332	400,357
9	309	Supply Mains	1.66%	2.00%	-	-	-	-	-
10	310	Power Generation Equipment	3.96%	5.00%	-	-	-	5,583	279,153
11	311	Electric Pumping Equipment	3.96%	12.50%	507,953	(2,008)	-	9,369	187,371
12	320	Water Treatment Equipment	3.99%	3.33%	34,253	(749)	-	288,107	2,397,829
13	320.1	Water Treatment Equipment	3.99%	3.33%	-	-	-	11,676	367,389
14	320.2	Chemical Solution Feeders	3.99%	3.33%	-	-	-	-	-
15	330	Distribution Reservoirs & Standpipe	3.99%	20.00%	-	-	-	-	-
16	330.1	Storage Tanks	2.00%	2.22%	318,417	-	-	13,334	759,861
17	330.2	Pressure Tanks	2.00%	2.00%	-	-	-	-	-
18	331	Transmission & Distribution Mains	1.66%	2.00%	-	-	-	-	-
19	333	Services	2.49%	3.33%	736,273	(44,284)	-	400,224	20,357,216
20	334	Meters	2.49%	8.33%	153,500	-	-	54,738	1,720,542
21	335	Hydrants	1.99%	2.00%	82,087	(12,138)	-	51,203	649,657
22	336	Backflow Prevention Devices	4.01%	6.67%	20,516	(1,645)	-	9,693	494,074
23	339	Other Plant and Miscellaneous Equipment	0.00%	6.67%	-	-	-	-	-
24	340	Office Furniture and Fixtures	4.80%	6.67%	-	-	-	1,533	22,986
25	340.1	Computers and Software	33.33%	20.00%	6,105	-	-	14,773	76,919
26	341	Transportation Equipment	0.00%	4.00%	-	-	-	585	2,925
27	342	Stores Equipment	0.00%	4.00%	-	-	-	-	-
28	343	Tools and Work Equipment	4.00%	5.00%	-	-	-	752	15,035
29	344	Laboratory Equipment	0.00%	10.00%	-	-	-	306	3,061
30	345	Power Operated Equipment	0.00%	5.00%	-	-	-	-	-
31	346	Communication Equipment	5.03%	10.00%	55,958	-	-	16,984	197,816
32	347	Miscellaneous Equipment	4.89%	10.00%	-	-	-	770	7,701
33	348	Other Tangible Plant	0.00%	10.00%	-	-	-	-	-
34		Rounding							
35		TOTAL DIRECT WATER PLANT			\$ 1,915,062	\$ (60,824)	\$ -	\$ 895,900	\$ 28,679,084
36		Post Test Year Plant (PTYP)			-	-	-	-	-
37		RUCO Total Water Plant in Service			\$ 1,915,062	\$ (60,824)	\$ -	\$ 895,900	\$ 28,679,084
38									
39		Company Direct Plant As Filed							
40									
41		RUCO Direct Plant Adjustment							
42									
43		Reserve Deficiency Accrual						\$ -	
44									
45		Net (Salvage)/Cost of Removal							
46		Accumulated Depreciation						9,501,644	\$ 9,501,644
47		Accumulated Depreciation - PTYP						-	-
48		RUCO Total Accumulated Depreciation - Calculated						9,501,644	9,501,644
49									
50		Company As Filed - Accumulated Depreciation							
51		RUCO Direct Plant Accumulated Depreciation Adjustment							
52									
53		RUCO Net Adjustment						\$ 9,501,644	\$ 9,384,268
54									
55									
56									
57									
58									
59									

References:
Column (A): Approved Depreciation Rate From Decision No.
Column (B): Approved Depreciation Rate From Decision No. 67279

LINE NO.	ACCT NO.	DESCRIPTION	(A) DEPRECIATION RATE		(B) DEPRECIATION RATE		2006		Depreciation Expense	Balance 12/30/2006
			1/1/2003 To 9/30/2004	10/1/2004 To 12/31/2008	1/1/2003 To 9/30/2004	10/1/2004 To 12/31/2008	Additions	Retirements		
1	301	Organization	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	-	-	-	5,785
2	302	Franchises	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	-	-	-	417
3	303	Land and Land Rights	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	-	-	-	44,194
4	304	Structures and Improvements	1.99%	3.33%	1.99%	3.33%	545,966	-	32,027	1,234,761
5	305	Collecting and Impounding Res.	0.00%	2.50%	0.00%	2.50%	-	-	-	-
6	306	Lake, River and Other Intakes	0.00%	2.50%	0.00%	2.50%	-	-	-	-
7	307	Wells and Springs	3.31%	3.33%	3.31%	3.33%	53,611	-	-	-
8	308	Infiltration Galleries and Tunnels	0.00%	6.67%	0.00%	6.67%	-	-	14,222	453,821
9	309	Supply Mains	1.66%	2.00%	1.66%	2.00%	-	-	-	-
10	310	Power Generation Equipment	3.96%	5.00%	3.96%	5.00%	-	-	5,583	279,153
11	311	Electric Pumping Equipment	3.96%	12.50%	3.96%	12.50%	95,823	-	9,389	187,371
12	320	Water Treatment Equipment	3.99%	3.33%	3.99%	3.33%	5,581	-	305,718	2,493,652
13	320.1	Water Treatment Equipment	3.99%	3.33%	3.99%	3.33%	-	-	12,327	372,970
14	320.2	Chemical Solution Feeders	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	-	-	-	-
15	330	Distribution Reservoirs & Standpipe	2.00%	2.22%	2.00%	2.22%	-	-	-	-
16	330.1	Storage Tanks	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	-	-	16,869	759,861
17	330.2	Pressure Tanks	2.00%	5.00%	2.00%	5.00%	-	-	-	-
18	331	Transmission & Distribution Mains	1.66%	2.00%	1.66%	2.00%	741,193	-	414,537	21,096,508
19	333	Services	2.49%	3.33%	2.49%	3.33%	86,384	-	58,732	1,806,926
20	334	Meters	1.99%	8.33%	1.99%	8.33%	60,552	-	56,638	710,209
21	335	Hydrants	4.01%	2.00%	1.99%	2.00%	-	-	9,881	494,074
22	336	Backflow Prevention Devices	0.00%	6.67%	0.00%	6.67%	-	-	-	-
23	339	Other Plant and Miscellaneous Equipment	4.80%	6.67%	4.80%	6.67%	-	-	1,533	22,986
24	340	Office Furniture and Fixtures	33.33%	20.00%	4.80%	20.00%	-	-	15,384	76,919
25	340.1	Computers and Software	0.00%	4.00%	33.33%	20.00%	-	-	585	2,925
26	341	Transportation Equipment	0.00%	5.00%	0.00%	5.00%	-	-	-	-
27	342	Stores Equipment	4.00%	10.00%	4.00%	10.00%	-	-	752	15,035
28	343	Tools and Work Equipment	4.00%	5.00%	4.00%	5.00%	-	-	306	3,061
29	344	Laboratory Equipment	0.00%	10.00%	0.00%	10.00%	-	-	-	-
30	345	Power Operated Equipment	5.03%	10.00%	5.03%	10.00%	-	-	-	-
31	346	Communication Equipment	4.85%	10.00%	4.85%	10.00%	3,547	-	19,959	201,363
32	347	Miscellaneous Equipment	0.00%	10.00%	0.00%	10.00%	-	-	770	7,701
33	348	Other Tangible Plant	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
34		Rounding	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35		TOTAL DIRECT WATER PLANT	-	-	-	-	\$ 1,592,656	\$ -	\$ 975,193	\$ 30,269,691
36		Post Test Year Plant (PTYP)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
37		RUCO Total Water Plant In Service	-	-	-	-	\$ 1,592,656	\$ -	\$ 975,193	\$ 30,269,691
38			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
39		Company Direct Plant As Filed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
40			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
41		RUCO Direct Plant Adjustment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
42			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43		Reserve Deficiency Accrual	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
44			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
45		Net (Salvage)/Cost of Removal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
46		Accumulated Depreciation	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,476,837	\$ 10,476,837
47		Accumulated Depreciation - PTYP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
48		RUCO Total Accumulated Depreciation - Calculated	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,476,837	10,476,837
49			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
50		Company As Filed - Accumulated Depreciation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,358,875
51		RUCO Direct Plant Accumulated Depreciation Adjustment	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$ 10,476,837	\$ 117,962
52			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
53		RUCO Net Adjustment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
54			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
55			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
56			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
57			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
58			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
59			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

References:
Column (A): Approved Depreciation Rate From Decision No.
Column (B): Approved Depreciation Rate From Decision No. 67279

LINE NO.	ACCT NO.	DESCRIPTION	(A) DEPRECIATION RATE		(B) DEPRECIATION RATE		2007				Balance 12/30/2007
			1/1/2003 To 9/30/2004	10/1/2004 To 12/31/2008	1/1/2003 To 9/30/2004	10/1/2004 To 12/31/2008	Additions	Retirements	Adjustments	Depreciation Expense	
1	301	Organization	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	-	-	-	-	5,785
2	302	Franchises	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	-	-	-	-	417
3	303	Land and Land Rights	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	-	-	-	-	44,194
4	304	Structures and Improvements	1.99%	3.33%	3.33%	3.33%	389,176	-	-	47,597	1,623,937
5	305	Collecting and Impounding Res.	0.00%	0.00%	2.50%	2.50%	-	-	-	-	-
6	306	Lake, River and Other Intakes	0.00%	0.00%	3.33%	3.33%	-	-	-	-	-
7	307	Wells and Springs	3.31%	3.33%	6.67%	6.67%	53,242	-	(1,830)	15,968	505,234
8	308	Infiltration Galleries and Tunnels	0.00%	0.00%	2.00%	2.00%	-	-	-	-	-
9	309	Supply Mains	1.66%	2.00%	5.00%	5.00%	5,599	-	-	5,583	279,153
10	310	Power Generation Equipment	3.96%	12.50%	3.33%	3.33%	20,220	-	-	9,509	192,970
11	311	Electric Pumping Equipment	3.96%	3.33%	3.33%	3.33%	-	-	-	312,970	2,513,872
12	320	Water Treatment Equipment	3.99%	3.33%	3.33%	3.33%	-	-	-	12,420	372,970
13	320.1	Water Treatment Equipment	3.99%	20.00%	2.22%	2.22%	-	-	-	-	-
14	320.2	Chemical Solution Feeders	3.99%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	-	-	-	-	-
15	330	Distribution Reservoirs & Standpipe	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	-	-	-	-	-
16	330.1	Storage Tanks	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	-	-	-	-	-
17	330.2	Pressure Tanks	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	-	-	-	-	-
18	331	Transmission & Distribution Mains	1.66%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	-	-	(2,010)	421,910	21,094,498
19	333	Services	2.49%	8.33%	3.33%	3.33%	100,765	-	-	61,848	1,907,691
20	334	Meters	2.49%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	129,225	-	-	839,434	839,434
21	335	Hydrants	1.99%	6.67%	2.00%	6.67%	56,833	-	-	10,450	550,907
22	336	Backflow Prevention Devices	4.01%	6.67%	6.67%	6.67%	3,848	-	(3,415)	128	3,848
23	339	Other Plant and Miscellaneous Equipment	0.00%	6.67%	6.67%	6.67%	12,160	-	-	292	8,745
24	340	Office Furniture and Fixtures	4.80%	20.00%	20.00%	20.00%	-	-	-	1,533	22,986
25	340.1	Computers and Software	33.33%	20.00%	20.00%	20.00%	-	-	-	15,384	76,919
26	341	Transportation Equipment	0.00%	4.00%	4.00%	4.00%	-	-	-	585	2,925
27	342	Stores Equipment	0.00%	4.00%	4.00%	4.00%	-	-	-	-	-
28	343	Tools and Work Equipment	4.00%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	-	-	-	752	15,035
29	344	Laboratory Equipment	4.00%	10.00%	10.00%	10.00%	-	-	-	306	3,061
30	345	Power Operated Equipment	0.00%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	-	-	-	-	-
31	346	Communication Equipment	5.03%	10.00%	10.00%	10.00%	-	-	-	20,136	201,363
32	347	Miscellaneous Equipment	4.89%	10.00%	10.00%	10.00%	-	-	-	770	7,701
33	348	Other Tangible Plant	0.00%	10.00%	10.00%	10.00%	-	-	-	-	-
34		Rounding									-
35		TOTAL DIRECT WATER PLANT					\$ 771,069	\$ -	\$ (7,255)	\$ 1,019,553	\$ 31,033,505
36		Post Test Year Plant (PTYP)					\$ 771,069	\$ -	\$ (7,255)	\$ 1,019,553	\$ 31,033,505
37		RUCO Total Water Plant In Service									
38		Company Direct Plant As Filed									
39		RUCO Direct Plant Adjustment									
40											
41											
42											
43		Reserve Deficiency Accrual							\$ -		
44											
45		Net (Salvage)/Cost of Removal									
46		Accumulated Depreciation								11,496,390	\$ 11,496,390
47		Accumulated Depreciation - PTYP									-
48		RUCO Total Accumulated Depreciation - Calculated								11,496,390	11,496,390
49											
50		Company As Filed - Accumulated Depreciation									
51		RUCO Direct Plant Accumulated Depreciation Adjustment									
52											
53		RUCO Net Adjustment								\$ 11,496,390	\$ 11,377,844
54											
55										\$ -	\$ 118,546

References:
Column (A): Approved Depreciation Rate From Decision No.
Column (B): Approved Depreciation Rate From Decision No. 67279

LINE NO.	ACCT NO.	DESCRIPTION	(A)		(B)		2008			Balance 12/29/2008
			1/1/2003 To 9/30/2004	10/1/2004 To 12/31/2008	Additions	Retirements	Adjustments	Depreciation Expense		
1	301	Organization	0.00%	0.00%	-	-	-	-	\$ 5,785	\$ -
2	302	Franchises	0.00%	0.00%	-	-	-	-	417	-
3	303	Land and Land Rights	0.00%	0.00%	-	-	-	-	44,194	-
4	304	Structures and Improvements	1.99%	3.33%	839,316	-	269,560	-	72,540	2,732,833
5	305	Collecting and Impounding Res.	0.00%	2.50%	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	306	Lake, River and Other Intakes	0.00%	2.50%	-	-	-	-	-	-
7	307	Wells and Springs	3.31%	3.33%	3,718	-	54,559	-	17,795	563,511
8	308	Infiltration Galleries and Tunnels	0.00%	6.67%	-	-	-	-	-	-
9	309	Supply Mains	1.66%	2.00%	-	-	-	-	5,583	279,153
10	310	Power Generation Equipment	3.96%	5.00%	4,150	-	-	-	9,752	197,120
11	311	Electric Pumping Equipment	3.96%	12.50%	65,771	-	12,328	-	319,115	2,591,970
12	320	Water Treatment Equipment	3.99%	3.33%	-	-	-	-	12,420	372,970
13	320.1	Water Treatment Equipment	3.99%	3.33%	-	-	-	-	-	-
14	320.2	Chemical Solution Feeders	3.99%	20.00%	-	-	-	-	-	-
15	330	Distribution Reservoirs & Standpipe	2.00%	2.22%	-	-	-	-	16,869	-
16	330.1	Storage Tanks	2.00%	2.22%	-	-	-	-	-	-
17	330.2	Pressure Tanks	2.00%	5.00%	-	-	-	-	759,861	-
18	331	Transmission & Distribution Mains	1.66%	2.00%	980,746	-	13,906	-	431,836	22,063,150
19	333	Services	2.49%	3.33%	258,637	-	42,945	-	68,547	2,209,274
20	334	Meters	2.49%	8.33%	117,171	-	-	-	74,805	956,605
21	335	Hydrants	1.99%	2.00%	17,671	-	-	-	11,195	568,577
22	336	Backflow Prevention Devices	4.01%	6.67%	-	-	-	-	257	3,848
23	339	Other Plant and Miscellaneous Equipment	0.00%	6.67%	118,069	-	(4,971)	-	4,355	121,843
24	340	Office Furniture and Fixtures	4.80%	6.67%	-	-	-	-	1,533	22,986
25	340.1	Computers and Software	4.80%	20.00%	-	-	-	-	15,394	76,919
26	341	Transportation Equipment	33.33%	20.00%	108,010	-	108,010	-	22,187	218,945
27	342	Stores Equipment	0.00%	4.00%	-	-	-	-	-	-
28	343	Tools and Work Equipment	4.00%	5.00%	-	-	-	-	752	15,035
29	344	Laboratory Equipment	4.00%	10.00%	-	-	-	-	306	3,061
30	345	Power Operated Equipment	0.00%	5.00%	-	-	-	-	-	-
31	346	Communication Equipment	5.03%	10.00%	16,678	-	-	-	20,970	218,040
32	347	Miscellaneous Equipment	4.89%	10.00%	-	-	-	-	770	7,701
33	348	Other Tangible Plant	0.00%	10.00%	-	-	-	-	-	-
34		Rounding								
35		TOTAL DIRECT WATER PLANT			\$ 2,529,938	\$ -	\$ 496,357	\$ 1,106,972	\$ 34,059,801	\$ -
36		Post Test Year Plant (PTYP)								
37		RUCO Total Water Plant in Service			\$ 2,529,938	\$ -	\$ 496,357	\$ 1,106,972	\$ 34,059,801	\$ -
38										
39		Company Direct Plant As Filed								
40										
41		RUCO Direct Plant Adjustment								
42										
43		Reserve Deficiency Accrual						\$ -		\$ -
44										
45		Net (Salvage)/Cost of Removal								
46		Accumulated Depreciation								
47		Accumulated Depreciation - PTYP								
48		RUCO Total Accumulated Depreciation - Calculated								
49										
50		Company As Filed - Accumulated Depreciation								
51		RUCO Direct Plant Accumulated Depreciation Adjustment			\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,603,362	\$ 12,603,362	\$ 12,472,661
52										
53		RUCO Net Adjustment			\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,603,362	\$ 12,603,362	\$ 130,701

References:
Column (A): Approved Depreciation Rate From Decision No. 67279
Column (B): Approved Depreciation Rate From Decision No. 67279

ACCUMULATED DEFERRED INCOME TAXES

Line
No.

1	<u>Deferred Income Taxes:</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Reference</u>
2			
3	Algonquin Accumulated Deferred Income Tax Assets	\$ 23,032,000	2008 Algonquin Annual Report
4			
5	Algonquin Accumulated Deferred Income Tax Liabilities	<u>(106,983,000)</u>	2008 Algonquin Annual Report
6			
7	Net Accumulated Deferred Income Tax Assets (Liabilities)	\$ (83,951,000)	Line 3 + Line 5
8			
9	Rio Rico Allocation	<u>0.8997%</u>	Note (A)
10			
11	Rio Rico ADIT Liabilities Allocation	\$ (755,287)	Line 7 X Line 9
12			
13	Convert to US Dollars	<u>0.9400</u>	Note (B)
14			
15	Allocated ADIT Liabilites Balance	\$ (709,970)	Line 11 X Line 13
16			
17	Rio Rico Water Allocation Factor	0.70574	Note (C)
18			
19	Rio Rico Wastewater Allocation Factor	0.29426	Note (C)
20			
21	Rio Rico Water Allocation	<u>\$ (501,057)</u>	Line 15 X Line 17
22			
23	Rio Rico Wastewater Allocation	<u>\$ (208,912)</u>	Line 15 X Line 19
24			
25			
26			
27			
28	<u>NOTES:</u>		
29	(A) Purchase Price of Rio Rico Utilities, Inc.	\$ 8,800,000	
30	Algonquin Total Assets	978,130,000	
31			
32	Ratio	0.8997%	
33			
34			
35	(B) www.bank-banque-canada.ca on 11/19/2009	0.9400	
36			
37			
38	(C) Rio Rico Water Allocation	0.70574	
39			
40	Rio Rico Wastewater Allocation	0.29426	
41			
42			
43	<u>SUPPORTING SCHEDULES</u>		
44	2008 Algonquin Power Income Fund Annual Report		

OPERATING INCOME

LINE NO.	DESCRIPTION	(A) COMPANY AS FILED	(B) RUCO TEST YEAR ADJM'TS	(C) RUCO TEST YEAR AS ADJ'TED	(D) RUCO PROP'D CHANGES	(E) RUCO AS RECOMM'D
Revenues:						
1	Metered Water Revenues	\$ 1,802,584	\$ 26,801	\$ 1,829,385	\$ 936,172	\$ 2,765,557
2	Unmetered Water Revenues	-	-	-	-	-
3	Other Water Revenues	44,672	-	44,672	-	44,672
4	Total Revenues	\$ 1,847,256	\$ 26,801	\$ 1,874,057	\$ 936,172	\$ 2,810,229
Operating Expenses:						
5	Salaries and Wages	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
6	Purchased Water	-	-	-	-	-
7	Purchased Power	441,501	(38,924)	402,577	-	402,577
8	Fuel for Power Production	-	-	-	-	-
9	Chemicals	9,347	-	9,347	-	9,347
10	Materials & Supplies	23,150	-	23,150	-	23,150
11	Outside Services	805,032	(96,681)	708,351	-	708,351
12	Outside Services - Other	76,859	-	76,859	-	76,859
13	Outside Services - Legal	487	-	487	-	487
14	Water Testing	-	-	-	-	-
15	Rents	26,954	-	26,954	-	26,954
16	Transportation Expenses	79,315	-	79,315	-	79,315
17	Insurance - General Liability	37,699	-	37,699	-	37,699
18	Insurance - Health and Life	-	-	-	-	-
19	Regulatory Commission Expense	17,564	-	17,564	-	17,564
20	Reg. Comm. Exp. - Rate Case	70,000	(17,500)	52,500	-	52,500
21	Miscellaneous Expense	14,822	(1,363)	13,459	-	13,459
22	Bad Debt Expense	371	799	1,170	-	1,170
23	Depreciation Expense	463,297	1,687	464,984	-	464,984
24	Taxes Other Than Income	-	-	-	-	-
25	Property Taxes	130,373	(30,611)	99,762	-	99,762
26	Federal Income Tax	(110,555)	10,430	(100,125)	296,120	195,995
27	State Income Tax	(24,354)	2,298	(22,057)	65,232	43,176
28	Total Operating Expenses	\$ 2,061,862	\$ (169,865)	\$ 1,891,997	\$ 361,352	\$ 2,253,349
29	Operating Income	\$ (214,606)	\$ 196,666	\$ (17,940)	\$ 574,820	\$ 556,881

References:

Column (A): Company Schedule C-1
Column (B): Schedule TJC-7, Columns (B) Thru (K)
Column (C): Column (A) + Column (B)
Column (D): TJC-1, pages 1 and 2
Column (E): Column (C) + Column (D)

SUMMARY OF OPERATING INCOME ADJUSTMENTS
TEST YEAR AS FILED AND ADJUSTMENTS

LINE NO.	DESCRIPTION	(A) COMPANY AS FILED	(B) ADJMT NO. 1 REVENUE ANNUAL TN	(C) ADJMT NO. 2 PURCHASED POWER	(D) ADJMT NO. 3 DEPRECIATION EXPENSE	(E) ADJMT NO. 4 PROPERTY TAX	(F) ADJMT NO. 5 RATE CASE EXPENSE	(G) ADJMT NO. 6 MISCELL. EXPENSE	(H) ADJMT NO. 7 PURCH. POWER PER GB 3.8	(I) ADJMT NO. 8 CORPORATE ALLOCATION	(J) ADJMT NO. 9 BAD DEBT EXPENSE	(K) ADJMT NO. 10 INCOME TAXES	(L) RUO AS ADJTD
1	Revenues:												
2	Metered Water Revenues	\$ 1,802,584	\$ 28,801	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,829,385
3	Unmetered Water Revenues	44,872	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	44,872
4	Total Revenues	\$ 1,847,256	\$ 28,801	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,874,057
5	Operating Expenses:												
6	Salaries and Wages	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
7	Purchased Water	441,501	-	9,081	-	-	-	-	(48,005)	-	-	-	402,577
8	Fuel for Power Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9	Chemicals	9,347	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,347
10	Materials & Supplies	23,150	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	23,150
11	Outside Services	805,032	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(96,881)	-	-	708,351
12	Outside Services - Other	76,859	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	76,859
13	Outside Services - Legal	487	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	487
14	Water Testing	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
15	Rents	28,954	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	28,954
16	Transportation Expenses	79,315	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	79,315
17	Insurance - General Liability	37,699	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	37,699
18	Insurance - Health and Life	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
19	Regulatory Commission Expense	17,564	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17,564
20	Reg. Comm. Exp. - Rate Case	70,000	-	-	-	-	(17,500)	-	-	-	-	-	52,500
21	Miscellaneous Expense	14,822	-	-	-	-	-	(1,363)	-	-	-	-	13,459
22	Bad Debt Expense	371	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	799	-	1,170
23	Depreciation Expense	463,297	-	-	1,687	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	464,984
24	Taxes Other Than Income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25	Property Taxes	130,373	-	-	-	(30,611)	-	-	-	-	-	-	99,762
26	Federal Income Tax	(110,555)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,430	(100,125)
27	State Income Tax	(24,354)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,288	(22,066)
28	Total Operating Expenses	\$ 2,061,862	\$ 28,801	\$ 9,081	\$ 1,687	\$ 30,611	\$ (17,500)	\$ (1,363)	\$ (48,005)	\$ (96,881)	\$ 799	\$ 12,727	\$ 1,891,967
29	Operating Income	\$ (214,606)	\$ -	\$ (9,081)	\$ (1,687)	\$ 30,611	\$ 17,500	\$ 1,363	\$ 48,005	\$ 96,881	\$ (799)	\$ (12,727)	\$ (17,940)

ADJUSTMENTS:

- 1- Revenue Annualization
- 2- Purchased Power Expense Increase and Annualization
- 3- Depreciation Expense
- 4- Property Tax Expense
- 5- Rate Case Expense
- 6- Miscellaneous Expense
- 7 - Purchased Power Expense Per Staff DR GB 3.8
- 8 - Corporate Allocations
- 9 - Bad Debt Expense
10. Income Taxes

REFERENCE:

- TJC Testimony and Schedule TJC-8 Pages 1 thru 16
TJC Testimony and Schedule TJC-9
TJC Testimony and Schedule TJC-10
TJC Testimony and Schedule TJC-11
TJC Testimony and Schedule TJC-12
TJC Testimony and Schedule TJC-13
TJC Testimony and Schedule TJC-14
TJC Testimony and Schedule TJC-15
TJC Testimony and Schedule TJC-16

OPERATING ADJUSTMENT #1 - REVENUE ANNUALIZATION

Line

No.

1 Revenue Annualization

2

3

4 RUCO Revenue Annualization \$ 22,007

5

6 Company Revenue Annualization (4,794)

7

8

9 RUCO Adjustment to Revenue and/or Expense \$ 26,801

10

11

12

13 SUPPORTING SCHEDULES

14 Schedule TJC-8, pages 2 thru 16

15

16

17

18

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20

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

Rio Rico Utilities, Inc.
Docket No. WS-02676A-09-0257
Test Year Ended December 31, 2008
Residential 2" Meter

LINE
NO.

DESCRIPTION

- 1 2008 TEST YEAR END CUSTOMERS
- 2 2008 ACTUAL CUSTOMERS BY MONTH
- 3 INCREASE IN NUMBER OF CUSTOMERS
- 4 AVERAGE REVENUE FOR THE MONTH
- 5 INCREASE IN REVENUES
- 6 TOTAL INCREASE IN REVENUE
- 7 INCREASE IN REVENUE PER COMPANY
- 8 RUCO REVENUE ADJUSTMENT
- 9 GALLONS SOLD PER AVERAGE CUSTOMER
- 10 INCREASE IN CUSTOMERS
- 11 RUCO INCREASE IN GALLONS
- 12 COMPANY INCREASE IN GALLONS
- 13 RUCO DIFFERENCE IN GALLONS TO BE PRODUCED

Water Division
Schedule TJC-8
Page 6 of 16

JANUARY	FEBRUARY	MARCH	APRIL	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUGUST	SEPTEMBER	OCTOBER	NOVEMBER	DECEMBER	TOTAL YEAR
5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	60
3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	48
2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	12
\$ 77.23	\$ 98.20	\$ 77.23	\$ 98.20	\$ 88.57	\$ 112.23	\$ 79.50	\$ 86.73	\$ 95.53	\$ 90.27	\$ 78.65	\$ 74.74	
\$ 154	\$ 196	\$ 154	\$ 196	\$ 177	\$ 112	\$ (80)	\$ 87	\$ (191)	\$ 181	\$ 79	\$ -	1,066
1,066												
\$												
2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
26,000	13,667	26,000	20,333	34,250	15,000	19,250	24,429	21,333	14,500	12,200		246,143
27,333	52,000	27,333	52,000	40,667	34,250	(15,000)	(48,857)	42,667	14,500			246,143
2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
13,667												
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26,000	13,667	26,000	20,333	34,250	15,000	19,250	24,429	21,333	14,500	12,200		246,143
27,333	52,000	27,333	52,000	40,667	34,250	(15,000)	(48,857)	42,667	14,500			246,143
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13,667												
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26,000	13,667	26,000	20,333	34,250	15,000	19,250	24,429	21,333	14,500	12,200		246,143
27,333	52,000	27,333	52,000	40,667	34,250	(15,000)	(48,857)	42,667	14,500			246,143
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13,667												
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26,000	13,667	26,000	20,333	34,250	15,000	19,250	24,429	21,333	14,500	12,200		246,143
27,333	52,000	27,333	52,000	40,667	34,250	(15,000)	(48,857)	42,667	14,500			246,143
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13,667												
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26,000	13,667	26,000	20,333	34,250	15,000	19,250	24,429	21,333	14,500	12,200		246,143
27,333	52,000	27,333	52,000	40,667	34,250	(15,000)	(48,857)	42,667	14,500			246,143
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13,667												
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26,000	13,667	26,000	20,333	34,250	15,000	19,250	24,429	21,333	14,500	12,200		246,143
27,333	52,000	27,333	52,000	40,667	34,250	(15,000)	(48,857)	42,667	14,500			246,143
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13,667												
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27,333	52,000	27,333	52,000	40,667	34,250	(15,000)	(48,857)	42,667	14,500			246,143
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13,667												
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26,000	13,667	26,000	20,333	34,250	15,000	19,250	24,429	21,333	14,500	12,200		246,143
27,333	52,000	27,333	52,000	40,667	34,250	(15,000)	(48,857)	42,667	14,500			246,143
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13,667												
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26,000	13,667	26,000	20,333	34,250	15,000	19,250	24,429	21,333	14,500	12,200		246,143
27,333	52,000	27,333	52,000	40,667	34,250	(15,000)	(48,857)	42,667	14,500			246,143
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26,000	13,667	26,000	20,333	34,250	15,000	19,250	24,429	21,333	14,500	12,200		246,143
27,333	52,000	27,333	52,000	40,667	34,250	(15,000)	(48,857)	42,667	14,500			246,143
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13,667												
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26,000	13,667	26,000	20,333	34,250	15,000	19,250	24,429	21,333	14,500	12,200		246,143
27,333	52,000	27,333	52,000	40,667	34,250	(15,000)	(48,857)	42,667	14,500			246,143
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13,667												
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26,000	13,667	26,000	20,333	34,250	15,000	19,250	24,429	21,333	14,500	12,200		246,143
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13,667												
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26,000	13,667	26,000	20,333	34,250	15,000	19,250	24,429	21,333	14,500	12,200		246,143
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26,000	13,667	26,000	20,333	34,250	15,000	19,250	24,429	21,333	14,500	12,200		246,143
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27,333	52,000	27,333	52,000	40,667	34,250	(15,000)	(48,857)	42,667	14,500			246,143
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26,000	13,667	26,000	20,333	34,250	15,000	19,250	24,429	21,333	14,500	12,200		246,143
27,333	52,000	27,333	52,000	40,667	34,250	(15,000)	(48,857)	42,667	14,500			246,143
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13,667												
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26,000	13,667	26,000	20,333	34,250	15,000	19,250	24,429	21,333	14,500	12,200		246,143
27,333	52,000	27,333	52,000	40,667	34,250	(15,000)	(48,857)	42,667	14,500			246,143
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13,667												
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26,000	13,667	26,000	20,333	34,250	15,000	19,250	24,429	21,333	14,500	12,200		246,143
27,333	52,000	27,333	52,000	40,667	34,250	(15,000)	(48,857)	42,667	14,500			246,143
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13,667												
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26,000	13,667	26,000	20,333	34,250	15,000	19,250	24,429	21,333	14,500	12,200		246,143
27,333	52,000	27,333	52,000	40,667	34,250	(15,000)	(48,857)	42,667	14,500			246,143
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13,667												
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26,000	13,667	26,000	20,333	34,250	15,000	19,250	24,429	21,333	14,500	12,200		246,143
27,333	52,000	27,333	52,000	40,667	34,250	(15,000)	(48,857)	42,667	14,500			246,143
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26,000	13,667	26,000	20,333	34,250	15,000	19,250	24,429	21,333	14,500	12,200		246,143
27,333	52,000	27,333	52,000	40,667	34,250	(15,000)	(48,857)	42,667	14,500			246,143
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13,667												
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26,000	13,667	26,000	20,333	34,250	15,000	19,250	24,429	21,333	14,500	12,200		246,143
27,333	52,000	27,333	52,000	40,667	34,250	(15,000)	(48,857)	42,667	14,500			246,143
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13,667												
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26,000	13,667	26,000	20,333	34,250	15,000	19,250	24,429	21,333	14,500	12,200		246,143
27,333	52,000	27,333	52,000	40,667	34,250							

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**OPERATING ADJUSTMENT #2
REVENUE & EXPENSE ANNUALIZATION - PURCHASED POWER EXPENSE**

LINE NO.	DESCRIPTION	TOTAL
1	<u>Annualize Purchase Power Expense</u>	
2		
3	Test Year Purchased Power Expense	\$ 435,559
4		
5	Increase in Purchased Power Expense (Company Adjustment 5)	8,276
6		
7		
8	Total Adjusted Test Year Purchased Power Expense	\$ 443,835
9		
10	Gallons Sold during Test Year (in 1,000's)	754,340
11		
12	Cost per 1,000 gallons	0.5884
13		
14	Additional Gallons from Revenue Annualization (in 1,000's)	11,467
15		
16	Increase (decrease) in Purchased Power	\$ 6,747
17		
18	Company Adjustment to Revenue and/or Expense	\$ (2,334)
19		
20	Adjustment to Revenue and/or Expense	\$ 9,081
21		
22		
23		
24		
25		
26		
27		
28		
29		
30		
31		
32		
33		
34	<u>SUPPORTING SCHEDULES</u>	
35	Company Schedule C-2	
36	Company Adjustment #5 Schedule	
37	Schedule TJC-8, pages 1 thru 16	
38		
39		
40		
41		
42		
43		
44		

EXPLANATION OF OPERATING INCOME ADJUSTMENT NO. 3
TEST YEAR DEPRECIATION EXPENSE

LINE NO.	ACCOUNT NO.	ACCOUNT NAME	(A) RUCO PLANT VALUE	(B) COMPANY PROPOSED DEP. RATES	(C) TEST YEAR DEPRECIATION EXPENSE
1	301	Organization	\$ 5,785	0.00%	\$ -
2	302	Franchises	417	0.00%	-
3	303	Land and Land Rights	44,194	0.00%	-
4	304	Structures and Improvements	2,732,833	3.33%	91,003
5	305	Collecting and Impounding Res.	-	2.50%	-
6	306	Lake, River and Other Intakes	-	2.50%	-
7	307	Wells and Springs	563,511	3.33%	18,765
8	308	Infiltration Galleries and Tunnels	-	6.67%	-
9	309	Supply Mains	279,153	2.00%	5,583
10	310	Power Generation Equipment	197,120	5.00%	9,856
11	311	Electric Pumping Equipment	2,591,970	12.50%	323,996
12	320	Water Treatment Equipment	372,970	3.33%	12,420
13	320	Water Treatment Equipment	-	3.33%	-
14	320	Chemical Solution Feeders	-	20.00%	-
15	330	Distribution Reservoirs & Standpipe	759,861	2.22%	16,869
16	330	Storage Tanks	-	2.22%	-
17	330	Pressure Tanks	-	5.00%	-
18	331	Transmission & Distribution Mains	22,089,150	2.00%	441,783
19	333	Services	2,209,274	3.33%	73,569
20	334	Meters	956,605	8.33%	79,685
21	335	Hydrants	568,577	2.00%	11,372
22	336	Backflow Prevention Devices	3,848	6.67%	257
23	339	Other Plant and Miscellaneous Equipment	121,843	6.67%	8,127
24	340	Office Furniture and Fixtures	22,986	6.67%	1,533
25	340	Computers and Software	76,919	20.00%	-
26	341	Transportation Equipment	218,945	20.00%	43,789
27	342	Stores Equipment	-	4.00%	-
28	343	Tools and Work Equipment	15,035	5.00%	752
29	344	Laboratory Equipment	3,061	10.00%	306
30	345	Power Operated Equipment	-	5.00%	-
31	346	Communication Equipment	218,040	10.00%	21,804
32	347	Miscellaneous Equipment	7,701	10.00%	770
33	348	Other Tangible Plant	-	10.00%	-
34					
35		TEST YEAR GROSS PLANT AND DEPRECIATION EXPENSE	<u>\$ 34,059,801</u>		<u>\$ 1,162,239</u>
36					
37					
38		AMORTIZATION OF CONTRIBUTIONS	(20,140,197)	3.46%	(697,254)
39					
40		Rounding			(1)
41					
42		TOTAL DEPRECIATION EXPENSE			<u>\$ 464,984</u>
43					
44		Company As Filed			463,297
45		Difference			<u>\$ 1,687</u>
46					
47		RUCO Adjustment			<u>\$ 1,687</u>

* Fully Depreciated

**EXPLANATION OF OPERATING INCOME ADJUSTMENT NO. 4
PROPERTY TAX COMPUTATION**

LINE NO.	DESCRIPTION	REFERENCE	(A)	(B)
Calculation Of The Company's Full Cash Value:				
Annual Operating Revenues:				
1	Adjusted Revenues In Year Ended December 2007	Sch. TJC-7, Col (C), Ln 8	\$ 1,874,057	
2	Adjusted Revenues In Year Ended December 2007	Sch. TJC-7, Col (C), Ln 8	1,874,057	
3	Proposed Revenues	Sch. TJC-7, Col (E), Ln 8	2,810,229	
4	Total Three Year Operating Revenues	Sum Of Lines 1, 2 & 3	\$ 6,558,343	
5	Average Annual Operating Revenues	Line 4 / 3	2,186,114	
6	Two Times Three Year Average Operating Revenues	Line 5 X 2		\$ 4,372,229
ADD:				
10% Of Construction Work In Progress ("CWIP"):				
7	Test Year CWIP	Company Schedule E	\$ 95,024	
8	10% Of CWIP	Line 7 X 10%		\$ 9,502
SUBTRACT:				
Transportation At Book Value:				
9	Original Cost Of Transportation Equipment	RUCO Plant Schedule TJC-4	\$ 218,945	
10	Acc. Dep. Of Transportation Equipment	RUCO Plant Schedule TJC-4	(30,748)	
11	Net Book Value Of Transportation Equipment	Line 9 + Line 10		\$ 188,197
12	Company's Full Cash Value ("FCV")	Sum Of Lines 6, 8 & 11		\$ 4,193,535
Calculation Of The Company's Tax Liability:				
MULTIPLY:				
FCV X Valuation Assessment Ratio X Property Tax Rates:				
13	Assessment Ratio	House Bill 2779	21.0%	
14	Assessed Value	Line 12 X Line 13	\$ 880,642	
Property Tax Rates:				
15	Primary Tax Rate	Company Workpapers	11.3283%	
16	Secondary Tax Rate	Company Workpapers	0.00%	
17	Estimated Tax Rate Liability	Line 15 + Line 16	11.33%	
	Property Tax			\$ 99,762
	Tax On Parcel			-
18	Company's Total Tax Liability - Based On Full Cash Value	Line 14 X Line 17		\$ 99,762
19	Test Year Adjusted Property Tax Expense As Filed	Co. Sch. C-1		130,373
20	Decrease In Property Tax Expense	Line 18 - Line 19		\$ (30,611)
		Line 20		<u>\$ (30,611)</u>

Rio Rico Utilities, Inc.
Docket No. WS-02676A-09-0257
Test Year Ended December 31, 2008

Water Division
Schedule TJC-12
Page 1 of 1

**EXPLANATION OF OPERATING INCOME ADJUSTMENT NO. 5
RATE CASE EXPENSE**

LINE NO.	DESCRIPTION	(A) COMPANY ESTIMATE	(B) RUCO ADJUSTMENT	(C) RUCO AS ADJUSTED
1	Rate Case Expense Total	<u>\$ 210,000</u>	<u>\$ (52,500)</u>	<u>\$ 157,500</u>
2	Allocation Factor			100%
3	Water Division (Line 1 X Line 2)			<u>\$ 157,500</u>
4	Normalization Period - 3 Years			3
5	RUCO Adjusted Rate Case Expense (Line 3 / 3 Years)			<u>\$ 52,500</u>
6	Company Rate Case Expenses As Filed (Company Sch. C-2)			<u>\$ 70,000</u>
7	RUCO Pro Forma Rate Case Expense (Lines 5 - 6)			<u>\$ (17,500)</u>
8	RUCO Adjustment (Line 7)			<u><u>\$ (17,500)</u></u>

**EXPLANATION OF OPERATING INCOME ADJUSTMENT NO. 6
MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSE**

LINE NO.	DESCRIPTION	(A) AMOUNT		
1	<u>Miscellaneous Expense - Disallowed:</u>			
2				
3	Family Traditions - Outreach Program	\$ 643		
4	Family Traditions - Outreach Program	450		
5	Arizona Highway Patrol - Donation	150		
6	Rio Rico Rotary Tickets	120		
7				
8	RUCO Miscellaneous Adjustment	<table border="1"><tr><td>\$</td><td>1,363</td></tr></table>	\$	1,363
\$	1,363			
9				
10				
11				
12				
13				
14				
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16				
17				
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34	<u>SUPPORTING SCHEDULES</u>			
35	RUCO Work Paper - Miscellaneous Expense Adjustment - Water			
36				
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OPERATING INCOME ADJUSTMENT #8 - CORPORATE ALLOCATIONS

Line No.	Description	Company Total Cost	RUCO Disallowed Costs	RUCO Other Disallowed Costs	RUCO Allowable Costs	RUCO 2008 Allocation Factor	RUCO Allowed Allocated Costs	Allocation % To Rio Rico	RUCO Amount Allocated To Rio Rico
1	Rent	430,739		(430,739)	-	24.29%	-	12.92%	-
2	Audit	507,000		(380,250)	126,750	24.29%	30,782	12.92%	3,976.12
3	Tax Services	265,000		(198,750)	66,250	24.29%	16,089	12.92%	2,078.25
4	Legal - General	300,000		(225,000)	75,000	24.29%	18,214	12.92%	2,352.73
5	Other Professional Services	455,000		(455,000)	-	24.29%	-	12.92%	-
6	Management Fee	636,619		(636,619)	-	24.29%	-	12.92%	-
7	Unit Holder Communications	314,100		(314,100)	-	24.29%	-	12.92%	-
8	Trustee Fees	204,000		(204,000)	-	24.29%	-	12.92%	-
9	Office Costs	254,100	(46,186) Note A	(207,914)	-	24.29%	-	12.92%	-
10	Licenses/Fees and Permits	305,000	(145,642) Note B	(159,358)	-	24.29%	-	12.92%	-
11	Escrow and Transfer Fees	75,000		(75,000)	-	24.29%	-	12.92%	-
12	Depreciation Expense	204,242		(153,182)	51,061	24.29%	12,400	12.92%	1,601.76
Total		3,950,800	(191,828)	(3,439,912)	319,061		77,486		10,009

RUCO Allocation To Rio Rico Water Division (Based on Total Ratio of Rate Base)

70.5745%

RUCO Allocation To Rio Rico Wastewater Division (Based on Total Ratio of Rate Base)

29.4255%

Company's APT Cost Allocation for Water Division (Per Staff DR GB 3.7 & GB 3.15)

\$ 103,745

RUCO's APT Cost Allocation Allowed for Water Division

7,064

RUCO's APT Cost Allocation Adjustment for Water Division

(96,681)

Company's APT Cost Allocation for Wastewater Division (Per Staff DR GB 3.7 & GB 3.15)

\$ 34,582

RUCO's APT Cost Allocation Allowed for Wastewater Division

2,945

RUCO's APT Cost Allocation Adjustment for Wastewater Division

(31,637)

Note A:

Description	
Office Costs	Wind Analysis Software \$ 15,056
Office Costs	Gold Watches & Clocks 16,864
Office Costs	Pilsner Beer Glasses 5,700
Office Costs	Leafs/Raptors Tickets 5,066
Office Costs	Super Bowl Tickets 3,500

Total \$ 46,186

Note B:

Licenses/Fees and Permits	Donation	\$ 25,000
Licenses/Fees and Permits	Donation	25,000
Licenses/Fees and Permits	Donation	13,350
Licenses/Fees and Permits	Donation	5,000
Licenses/Fees and Permits	Wind Developm	7,887
Licenses/Fees and Permits	US Trustee	9,375
Licenses/Fees and Permits	Wind Energy	12,556
Licenses/Fees and Permits	APF Inc Taxes	6,891
Licenses/Fees and Permits	APF Inc Taxes	6,794
Licenses/Fees and Permits	APF Inc Taxes	23,789
Licenses/Fees and Permits	KMS Tax Ruling	10,000

Total \$ 145,642

SUPPORTING SCHEDULES

2008 Algonquin Power Income Fund Annual Report

Company's Response to Staff GB 3.2 and 3.10 APT Affiliate Charges - Rio Rico

Company's Response to Staff GB 3.7 and 3.15

EXPLANATION OF OPERATING INCOME ADJUSTMENT NO. 9
BAD DEBT EXPENSE

LINE NO.	DESCRIPTION	(A) AMOUNT
1	<u>Normalize Bad Debt Expense:</u>	
2		
3	2008 Bad Debt Expense	\$ 371
4	2007 Bad Debt Expense	-
5	2006 Bad Debt Expense	3,140
6		
7	3 Year Normalization	\$ 1,170
8		
9	Company As Filed	371
10		
11	RUCO Adjustment	\$ 799
12		
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38	<u>SUPPORTING SCHEDULES</u>	
39	Company Schedule E-2	
40		
41		

**OPERATING INCOME ADJUSTMENT #10
INCOME TAX EXPENSE**

LINE NO.	DESCRIPTION	(A) REFERENCE	(B) AMOUNT
FEDERAL INCOME TAXES:			
1	Operating Income Before Taxes	Sch. TJC-7, Column (C), L28 + L22 + L23	\$ (140,121)
	LESS:		
2	Arizona State Tax	Line 11	(22,057)
3	Interest Expense	Note (A) Line 21	176,421
4	Federal Taxable Income	Line 1 - Line 2 - Line 3	\$ (294,485)
5	Federal Tax Rate	Sch. TJC-1, Pg 2, Col. (D), L34	34.00%
6	Federal Income Tax Expense	Line 4 X line 5	\$ (100,125)
STATE INCOME TAXES:			
7	Operating Income Before Taxes	Line 1	\$ (140,121)
	LESS:		
8	Interest Expense	Note (A) Line 21	176,421
9	State Taxable Income	Line 7 - Line 8	\$ (316,542)
10	State Tax Rate	Tax Rate	6.97%
11	State Income Tax Expense	Line 9 X Line 10	\$ (22,057)
TOTAL INCOME TAX EXPENSE:			
12	Federal Income Tax Expense	Line 6	\$ (100,125)
13	State Income Tax Expense	Line 11	(22,057)
14	Total Income Tax Expense Per RUCO	Line 12 + Line 13	\$ (122,182)
15	Total Federal Income Tax Expense Per Company (Per Company Sch. C-1, L28)		(110,555)
16	Total State Income Tax Expense Per Company (Per Company Sch. C-1, L28)		(24,354)
17	RUCO Federal Income Tax Adjustment	Line 12 - Line 15	\$ 10,430
18	RUCO State Income Tax Adjustment	Line 13 - Line 16	\$ 2,298

NOTE (A):

Interest Synchronization:

19	Adjusted Rate Base (Sch. TJC-2, Col. (H), L17)	\$ 7,045,555
20	Weighted Cost Of Debt (Sch. TJC-16 Col. (F), L1)	2.50%
		\$ 176,421

COST OF CAPITAL

LINE NO.	DESCRIPTION	(B) CAPITAL RATIO	(C) COST RATE	(D) WEIGHTED COST RATE
1	Long-Term Debt	40.00%	6.26%	2.50%
2	Common Equity	<u>60.00%</u>	9.00%	<u>5.40%</u>
3	Total Capitalization	<u><u>100.00%</u></u>		
4	WEIGHTED AVERAGE COST OF CAPITAL			<u>7.90%</u>

References:

Columns (A) Thru (D): Testimony, WAR

TABLE OF CONTENTS TO TJC SCHEDULES

SCH. NO.	PAGE NO.	TITLE
TJC-1	1 & 2	REVENUE REQUIREMENT AND GROSS REVENUE CONVERSION FACTOR
TJC-2	1	RATE BASE
TJC-3	1	SUMMARY OF ORIGINAL COST RATE BASE ADJUSTMENTS
TJC-4 DIRECT PLANT	1 TO 7	RATE BASE ADJUSTMENT NO. 1 - PLANT & ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION RECONCILIATION ADJUSTMENT
TJC-5	1	RATE BASE ADJUSTMENT NO. 2 - ACCUMULATED DEFERRED INCOME TAXES
TESTIMONY		RATE BASE ADJUSTMENT NO. 3 - AIAC & CIAC BALANCES PER RUCO DR 1.08 & 1.09
		RATE BASE ADJUSTMENT NO. 4 - INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK
		RATE BASE ADJUSTMENT NO. 5 - INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK
		RATE BASE ADJUSTMENT NO. 6 - INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK
TJC-6	1	OPERATING INCOME
TJC-7	1	SUMMARY OF OPERATING INCOME ADJUSTMENTS
TJC-8	1 OF 15	OPERATING INCOME ADJUSTMENT NO. 1 - REVENUE ANNUALIZATION
TJC-9	1	OPERATING INCOME ADJUSTMENT NO. 2 - PURCHASED POWER INCREASE & EXPENSE ANNUALIZATION
TJC-10	1	OPERATING INCOME ADJUSTMENT NO. 3 - DEPRECIATION EXPENSE
TJC-11	1	OPERATING INCOME ADJUSTMENT NO. 4 - PROPERTY TAX EXPENSE
TJC-12	1	OPERATING INCOME ADJUSTMENT NO. 5 - RATE CASE EXPENSE
TJC-13	1	OPERATING INCOME ADJUSTMENT NO. 6 - INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK
TESTIMONY		OPERATING INCOME ADJUSTMENT NO. 7 - PURCHASED POWER EXPENSE ADJUSTMENT
TJC-14	1	OPERATING INCOME ADJUSTMENT NO. 8 - CORPORATE ALLOCATIONS
TJC-15	1	OPERATING INCOME ADJUSTMENT NO. 9 - NORMALIZE BAD DEBT EXPENSE
TJC-16	1	OPERATING INCOME ADJUSTMENT NO. 10 - INCOME TAX EXPENSE
TJC-17 & WAR TESTIMONY	1	COST OF CAPITAL

REVENUE REQUIREMENT

LINE NO.	DESCRIPTION	(A) COMPANY OCRB/FVRB COST	(B) RUCO OCRB/FVRB COST
1	Adjusted Original Cost/Fair Value Rate Base	\$ 3,516,078	\$ 2,937,595
2	Adjusted Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 490,676	\$ 569,481
3	Current Rate of Return (L2 / L1)	13.96%	19.39%
4	Required Operating Income (L5 X L1)	\$ 435,994	\$ 232,187
5	Required Rate of Return on Fair Value Rate Base	12.40%	7.90%
6	Operating Income Deficiency (L4 - L2)	\$ (54,682)	\$ (337,293)
7	Gross Revenue Conversion Factor (TJC-1, Page 2)	1.6286	1.6286
8	Required Increase in Gross Revenue Requirement (L7 X L6)	\$ (89,058)	\$ (549,328)
9	Adjusted Test Year Revenue	\$ 1,829,976	\$ 1,850,101
10	Proposed Annual Revenue (L8 + L9)	\$ 1,740,918	\$ 1,300,773
15	Required Percentage Increase in Revenue (L8 / L9)	-4.87%	-29.69%
16	Rate of Return on Common Equity	12.40%	9.00%

References:

Column (A): Company Schedules A-1 and C-1

Column (B): RUCO Schedule TJC-2, TJC-6, and TJC-17

GROSS REVENUE CONVERSION FACTOR

LINE NO.	DESCRIPTION	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)
	CALCULATION OF GROSS REVENUE CONVERSION FACTOR:				
1	Revenue	1.0000			
2	Combined Federal And State Tax Rate (L10)	0.3571			
3	Subtotal (L1 - L2)	0.6429			
4	Revenue Conversion Factor (L1 / L3)	1.5553			
	CALCULATION OF EFFECTIVE TAX RATE:				
5	Operating Income Before Taxes (Arizona Taxable Income)	100.0000%			
6	Arizona State Income Tax Rate	6.9680%			
7	Federal Taxable Income (L5 - L6)	93.0320%			
8	Applicable Federal Income Tax Rate (Col. (D), L34)	30.8900%			
9	Effective Federal Income Tax Rate (L7 X L8)	28.7376%			
10	Combined Federal And State Income Tax Rate (L6 + L9)	35.7056%			
11	Required Operating Income (Sch. TJC-1, Pg 1, C (B), L4)	\$ 232,187			
12	Adj'd T.Y. Oper'g Inc. (Loss) (Sch. TJC-1, Pg 1, C (B), L2)	569,481			
13	Required Increase In Operating Income (L11 - L12)		\$ (337,293)		
14	Income Taxes On Recommended Revenue (Col. (D), L31)	\$ 79,268			
15	Income Taxes On Test Year Revenue (Col. (D), L32)	275,409			
16	Required Increase In Revenue To Provide For Income Taxes (L14 - L15)		\$ (196,141)		
17	Total Required Increase In Revenue (L13 + L16)		\$ (533,434)		
	CALCULATION OF INCOME TAX:				
18	Revenue (Sch. TJC-1, Pg 1, Col. (B), L12)			RUCO Recommended	
19	Operating Expense Excluding Income Tax (TJC-7, Col. (E), L27 - L22 - L23)			\$ 1,300,773	
20	Synchronized Interest (Col. (C), L37)			1,005,211	
21	Arizona Taxable Income (L18 - L19 - L20)			73,557	
22	Arizona State Income Tax Rate			\$ 222,004	
23	Arizona Income Tax (L21 X L22)			6.9680%	
24	Fed. Taxable Income (L21 - L23)			\$ 206,535	\$ 15,469
25	Fed. Tax on 1st Inc. Bracket (\$1 - \$50,000) @ 15%			\$ 7,500	
26	Fed. Tax on 2nd Inc. Bracket (\$50,001 - \$75,000) @ 25%			\$ 6,250	
27	Fed. Tax on 3rd Inc. Bracket (\$75,001 - \$100,000) @ 34%			\$ 8,500	
28	Fed. Tax on 4th Inc. Bracket (\$100,001 - \$335,000) @ 39%			\$ 41,549	
29	Fed. Tax on 5th Inc. Bracket (\$335,001 - \$10M) @ 34%			\$ -	
30	Total Federal Income Tax (L25 + L26 + L27 + L28 + L29)				\$ 63,799
31	Combined Federal and State Income Tax (L23 + L30)				\$ 79,268
32	Test Year Combined Income Tax, RUCO as Adjusted (TJC-7, Col. (C), L22 + L23)				\$ 275,409
33	RUCO Adjustment (L31 - L32) (See TJC-6, Col. (D), L23)				\$ (196,141)
34	Applicable Federal Income Tax Rate (Col. (D), L30 / Col. (C), L24)				30.89%
	CALCULATION OF INTEREST SYNCHRONIZATION:				
35	Rate Base (Sch. TJC-2, Col. (C), L17)			\$ 2,937,595	
				2.50%	
				\$ 73,557	

RATE BASE - ORIGINAL COST

LINE NO.	DESCRIPTION	(A) COMPANY AS FILED OCRB/FVRB	(B) RUCO OCRB/FVRB ADJUSTMENTS	(C) RUCO ADJ'TED OCRB/FVRB
1	Gross Utility Plant in Service	\$ 11,829,043	\$ -	\$ 11,829,043
2	Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(5,110,028)	(45,969)	(5,155,998)
3	Net Utility Plant In Service (Sum L1 & L2)	\$ 6,719,014	\$ (45,969)	\$ 6,673,045
	<u>Less:</u>			
4	Advances in Aid of Construction	861	(238,783)	(237,922)
5	Contribution in Aid of Construction	(5,376,456)	238,783	(5,137,673)
6	Accumulated Amortization of CIAC	1,944,057	-	1,944,057
7	NET CIAC (L5 + L6)	\$ (3,432,399)	\$ 238,783	\$ (3,193,616)
8	Customer Meter Deposits	(95,000)	-	(95,000)
9	Deferred Income Taxes & Credits	323,602	(532,514)	(208,912)
	<u>Plus:</u>			
10	Unamortized Debt Issuance Costs	-	-	-
11	Deferred Regulatory Assets	-	-	-
12	Allowance For Working Capital	-	-	-
13	Rounding	-	-	-
14	TOTAL RATE BASE (Sum L's 3, 4, & 7 Thru 16)	<u>\$ 3,516,078</u>	<u>\$ (578,484)</u>	<u>\$ 2,937,595</u>

References:

Column (A): Company Schedule B-1
Column (B): Schedule TJC-3
Column (C): Column (A) + Column (B)

SUMMARY OF ORIGINAL COST RATE BASE ADJUSTMENTS

LINE NO.	DESCRIPTION	(A) COMPANY AS FILED OCRB/FVRB	(B) ADJMT NO. 1 PLANT & ACCUM DEP.	(C) ADJMT NO. 2 DEFERRED INCOME TAXES	(D) ADJMT NO. 3 PER RUCO DR 1.08	(E) ADJMT NO. 4	(F) ADJMT NO. 5	(G) ADJMT NO. 6	(H) RUCO ADJUSTED OCRB/FVRB
1	Gross Utility Plant in Service	\$ 11,829,043	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,829,043
2	Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(5,110,028)	(45,969)	-	-	-	-	-	(5,155,998)
3	Net Utility Plant In Service (Sum L1 & L2)	<u>\$ 6,719,014</u>	<u>\$ (45,969)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 6,673,045</u>
4	Less:								
4	Advances in Aid of Construction	\$ 861	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (238,783)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (237,922)
5	Contribution in Aid of Construction	(5,376,456)	-	-	238,783	-	-	-	(5,137,673)
6	Accumulated Amortization of CIAC	<u>1,944,057</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,944,057</u>
7	NET CIAC (L5 + L6)	<u>\$ (3,432,399)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 238,783</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (3,193,616)</u>
8	Customer Meter Deposits	(95,000)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(95,000)
9	Deferred Income Taxes & Credits	323,602	-	(532,514)	-	-	-	-	(208,912)
10	Plus:								
10	Unamortized Debt Issuance Costs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11	Deferred Regulatory Assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12	Allowance For Working Capital	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
13	Rounding	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
14	TOTAL RATE BASE (Sum L's 3, 4, & 7 Thru 16)	<u>\$ 3,516,078</u>	<u>\$ (45,969)</u>	<u>\$ (532,514)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 2,937,595</u>

Column (A): Company Schedule B-2
Column (B): Adjustment No. 1 - Adjust Accumulated Depreciation (See Schedule TJC-4, pages 1 - 7, and TJC Testimony)
Column (C): Adjustment No. 2 - Deferred Income Taxes (See Schedule TJC-5)
Column (D): Adjustment No. 3 - To Adjust AIAC & CIAC Balances Per Company Response to RUCO DR 1.08 and Discussed in TJC Testimony
Column (E): Adjustment No. 4 - Intentionally Left Blank
Column (F): Adjustment No. 5 - Intentionally Left Blank

LINE NO.	ACCT NO.	DESCRIPTION	(A) DEPRECIATION RATE		(B) DEPRECIATION RATE		(C) 12/31/2002		(D) Accumulated Depreciation Per Dec. 67279	(E) Plant Balance 12/31/2002
			To 9/30/2004	11/12/2003	To 12/31/2008	10/12/2004	Per Decision No. 67279	12/31/2002		
1	351	Organization	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	\$ 5,785	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,785
2	352	Franchises	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	417	-	-	417
3	353	Land	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	7,545	-	-	7,545
4	354	Structures and Improvements	5.15%	5.15%	3.33%	3.33%	28,548	20,590	20,590	28,548
5	355	Power Generation	2.06%	2.06%	5.00%	5.00%	355,144	(99,427)	(99,427)	355,144
6	360	Collection Sewer Forced	2.03%	2.03%	2.00%	2.00%	4,367,284	1,564,087	1,564,087	4,367,284
7	361	Collection Sewers Gravity	3.31%	3.31%	2.00%	2.00%	1,085,957	441,720	441,720	1,085,957
8	362	Special Collecting Structures	3.04%	3.04%	10.00%	10.00%	36,057	10,881	10,881	36,057
9	363	Customer Services	5.03%	5.03%	2.00%	2.00%	-	-	-	-
10	364	Flow Measuring Devices	5.03%	5.03%	2.00%	2.00%	-	-	-	-
11	365	Flow Measuring Installation	5.03%	5.03%	2.00%	2.00%	-	-	-	-
12	366	Reuse Services	5.03%	5.03%	2.00%	2.00%	-	-	-	-
13	367	Reuse Meters And Installation	8.33%	8.33%	3.33%	3.33%	992,546	48,548	48,548	992,546
14	370	Receiving Wells	3.96%	3.96%	12.50%	12.50%	1,593,905	309,912	309,912	1,593,905
15	371	Pumping Equipment	5.27%	5.27%	2.50%	2.50%	-	-	-	-
16	374	Reuse Distribution Reservoirs	5.26%	5.26%	5.00%	5.00%	972,166	367,586	367,586	972,166
17	375	Reuse Trans. and Dist. System	2.00%	2.00%	5.00%	5.00%	-	-	-	-
18	380	Treatment & Disposal Equipment	1.66%	1.66%	3.33%	3.33%	-	-	-	-
19	381	Plant Sewers	5.30%	5.30%	6.67%	6.67%	71,243	38,620	38,620	71,243
20	382	Outfall Sewer Lines	2.00%	2.00%	6.67%	6.67%	5,514	2,587	2,587	5,514
21	389	Other Sewer Plant & Equipment	4.80%	4.80%	20.00%	20.00%	4,025	2,790	2,790	4,025
22	390	Office Furniture & Equipment	33.33%	33.33%	4.00%	4.00%	-	-	-	-
23	390.1	Computers and Software	4.76%	4.76%	5.00%	5.00%	4,015	2,771	2,771	4,015
24	391	Transportation Equipment	2.56%	2.56%	10.00%	10.00%	-	-	-	-
25	392	Stores Equipment	5.03%	5.03%	4.00%	4.00%	5,936	4,224	4,224	5,936
26	393	Tools, Shop And Garage Equip	5.13%	5.13%	5.00%	5.00%	3,913	1,798	1,798	3,913
27	394	Laboratory Equip	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
28	396	Communication Equip	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
29	398	Other Tangible Plant	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30	398	Nogales WW Trmt Capacity	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
31	346	Rounding	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
32			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
33		TOTAL DIRECT WASTEWATER PLANT	-	-	-	-	\$ 9,560,000	\$ 2,736,688	\$ 2,736,688	\$ 9,560,000
34		Post Test Year Plant (PTYP)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35		RUCO Total Wastewater Plant In Service	-	-	-	-	\$ 9,560,000	\$ 2,736,688	\$ 2,736,688	\$ 9,560,000
36			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
37		Company Direct Plant As Filed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
38			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
39		RUCO Direct Plant Adjustment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
40			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
41		Reserve Deficiency Accrual	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
42			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43		Net (Salvage)/Cost of Removal	-	-	-	-	\$ 2,736,688	-	\$ 2,736,688	-
44		Accumulated Depreciation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
45		Accumulated Depreciation - PTYP	-	-	-	-	\$ 2,736,688	-	\$ 2,736,688	-
46		RUCO Total Accumulated Depreciation - Calculated	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
47			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
48		Company As Filed - Accumulated Depreciation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
49		RUCO Direct Plant Accumulated Depreciation Adjustment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
50			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
51		RUCO Net Adjustment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
53			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
54			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
55			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
56			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
57			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

References:
Column (A): Approved Depreciation Rate From Decision No.
Column (B): Approved Depreciation Rate From Decision No. 67279

LINE NO.	ACCT NO.	DESCRIPTION	(A) DEPRECIATION RATE		(B) DEPRECIATION RATE		2003				Balance 12/31/2003
			To 9/30/2004	11/12/2003	To 10/12/2004	12/31/2003	Additions	Retirements	Adjustments	Depreciation Expense	
1	351	Organization	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	-	-	-	-	\$ 5,785
2	352	Franchises	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	-	-	-	-	417
3	353	Land	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	-	-	-	-	7,545
4	354	Structures and Improvements	5.15%	5.15%	5.00%	5.00%	-	-	-	1,470	28,548
5	355	Power Generation	2.06%	2.06%	2.00%	2.00%	295,950	(13,062)	-	10,230	638,032
6	360	Collection Sewer Forced	2.03%	2.03%	2.00%	2.00%	3,247	(6,745)	-	89,047	4,365,786
7	361	Collection Sewers Gravity	3.31%	3.31%	2.00%	2.00%	-	-	-	-	-
8	362	Special Collecting Structures	3.04%	3.04%	2.00%	2.00%	7,742	-	-	33,131	1,093,699
9	363	Customer Services	5.03%	5.03%	10.00%	10.00%	-	-	-	1,814	36,057
10	364	Flow Measuring Devices	5.03%	5.03%	10.00%	10.00%	-	-	-	-	-
11	365	Flow Measuring Installation	5.03%	5.03%	10.00%	10.00%	-	-	-	-	-
12	366	Reuse Services	8.33%	8.33%	3.33%	3.33%	-	-	-	-	-
13	367	Reuse Meters And Installation	3.96%	3.96%	3.33%	3.33%	-	-	-	39,305	992,546
14	370	Recycling Wells	5.27%	5.27%	12.50%	12.50%	-	-	-	83,999	1,593,905
15	371	Pumping Equipment	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	-	-	-	-	-
16	374	Reuse Distribution Reservoirs	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	-	-	-	-	-
17	375	Reuse Trans. and Dist. System	5.26%	5.26%	5.00%	5.00%	-	-	-	51,136	972,166
18	380	Treatment & Disposal Equipment	2.00%	2.00%	5.00%	5.00%	-	-	-	-	-
19	381	Plant Sewers	1.66%	1.66%	3.33%	3.33%	-	-	-	-	-
20	382	Outfall Sewer Lines	5.30%	5.30%	6.67%	6.67%	-	-	-	3,776	71,243
21	389	Other Sewer Plant. & Equipment	2.00%	2.00%	6.67%	6.67%	-	-	-	110	5,514
22	390	Office Furniture & Equipment	4.80%	4.80%	20.00%	20.00%	-	-	-	193	4,025
23	390.1	Computers and Software	33.33%	33.33%	20.00%	20.00%	-	-	-	-	-
24	391	Transportation Equipment	4.76%	4.76%	4.00%	4.00%	-	-	-	-	-
25	392	Stores Equipment	2.56%	2.56%	5.00%	5.00%	-	-	-	191	4,015
26	393	Tools, Shop And Garage Equip	5.03%	5.03%	10.00%	10.00%	-	-	-	-	-
27	394	Laboratory Equip	5.13%	5.13%	4.00%	4.00%	-	-	-	299	5,936
28	396	Communication Equip	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	201	3,913
29	398	Other Tangible Plant	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30	398	Nogales WW Trmt Capacity	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
31	398	Rounding	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
32	346		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
33		TOTAL DIRECT WASTEWATER PLANT	-	-	-	-	\$ 308,939	\$ (19,807)	\$ -	\$ 314,900	\$ 9,849,132
34		Post Test Year Plant (PTYP)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35		RUCO Total Wastewater Plant In Service	-	-	-	-	\$ 308,939	\$ (19,807)	\$ -	\$ 314,900	\$ 9,849,132
36		Company Direct Plant As Filed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
37		RUCO Direct Plant Adjustment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
38		Reserve Deficiency Accrual	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
39		Net (Salvage)/Cost of Removal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
40		Accumulated Depreciation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
41		Accumulated Depreciation - PTYP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
42		RUCO Total Accumulated Depreciation - Calculated	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43		Company As Filed - Accumulated Depreciation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
44		RUCO Direct Plant Accumulated Depreciation Adjustment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
45		RUCO Net Adjustment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
46			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
47			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
48			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
49			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
50			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
51			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
53			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
54			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
55			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
56			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
57			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

References:
Column (A): Approved Depreciation Rate From Decision No. 67279
Column (B): Approved Depreciation Rate From Decision No. 67279

LINE NO.	ACCT NO.	DESCRIPTION	(A) DEPRECIATION RATE		(B) DEPRECIATION RATE		2004				Balance 12/30/2004
			To 9/30/2004	10/1/2004 To 12/31/2004	To 9/30/2004	10/1/2004 To 12/31/2004	Additions	Retirements	Adjustments	Depreciation Expense	
1	351	Organization	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	-	-	-	-	5,785
2	352	Franchises	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	-	-	-	-	417
3	353	Land	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	-	-	-	-	7,545
4	354	Structures and Improvements	5.15%	3.33%	5.00%	3.33%	-	-	-	1,340	28,548
5	355	Power Generation	2.06%	2.06%	2.00%	2.00%	(4,971)	-	-	-	-
6	360	Collection Sewer Forced	2.03%	2.03%	2.00%	2.00%	100,106	-	-	12,997	633,081
7	361	Collection Sewers Gravity	3.31%	3.31%	2.00%	2.00%	-	-	-	89,715	4,485,892
8	362	Special Collecting Structures	3.04%	3.04%	2.00%	2.00%	20,057	-	-	30,684	1,113,756
9	363	Customer Services	5.03%	5.03%	10.00%	10.00%	-	-	-	2,262	36,057
10	364	Flow Measuring Devices	5.03%	5.03%	2.00%	2.00%	-	-	-	-	-
11	365	Flow Measuring Installation	5.03%	5.03%	2.00%	2.00%	-	-	-	-	-
12	366	Reuse Services	8.33%	8.33%	2.00%	2.00%	-	-	-	-	-
13	367	Reuse Meters And Installation	3.96%	3.96%	8.33%	8.33%	(125,426)	-	-	35,357	867,120
14	370	Receiving Wells	5.27%	5.27%	12.50%	12.50%	(94,296)	-	-	109,472	1,499,609
15	371	Pumping Equipment	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	-	-	-	-	-
16	374	Reuse Distribution Reservoirs	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	-	-	-	-	-
17	375	Reuse Trans. and Dist. System	2.50%	2.50%	5.00%	5.00%	-	-	-	-	-
18	380	Treatment & Disposal Equipment	1.66%	1.66%	5.00%	5.00%	-	-	-	50,504	972,166
19	381	Plant Sewers	3.33%	3.33%	5.00%	5.00%	-	-	-	-	-
20	382	Outfall Sewer Lines	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	-	-	-	-	-
21	383	Other Sewer Plant & Equipment	5.30%	5.30%	6.67%	6.67%	-	-	-	4,020	71,243
22	390	Office Furniture & Equipment	2.00%	2.00%	6.67%	6.67%	-	-	-	175	5,514
23	390.1	Computers and Software	4.80%	4.80%	20.00%	20.00%	-	-	-	346	4,025
24	391	Transportation Equipment	33.33%	33.33%	20.00%	20.00%	-	-	-	-	-
25	392	Stores Equipment	4.00%	4.00%	4.00%	4.00%	-	-	-	-	-
26	393	Tools, Shop And Garage Equip	4.76%	4.76%	5.00%	5.00%	882	-	-	215	4,897
27	394	Laboratory Equip	2.56%	2.56%	10.00%	10.00%	-	-	-	-	-
28	396	Communication Equip	5.03%	5.03%	10.00%	10.00%	-	-	-	372	5,936
29	398	Other Tangible Plant	5.13%	5.13%	4.00%	4.00%	-	-	-	190	3,913
30	398	Nogales WW Trmt Capacity					-	-	-	-	-
31	346	Rounding					-	-	-	-	-
32											
33		TOTAL DIRECT WASTEWATER PLANT					\$ (103,647)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 337,648	\$ 9,745,484
34		Post Test Year Plant (PTYF)									
35		RUCO Total Wastewater Plant In Service					\$ (103,647)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 337,648	\$ 9,745,484
36											
37		Company Direct Plant As Filed									
38											
39		RUCO Direct Plant Adjustment									
40											
41		Reserve Deficiency Accrual								\$ -	
42											
43		Net (Salvage)/Cost of Removal								-	
44		Accumulated Depreciation								3,389,236	\$ 3,389,236
45		Accumulated Depreciation - PTYP								-	
46		RUCO Total Accumulated Depreciation - Calculated								3,389,236	\$ 3,389,236
47											
48		Company As Filed - Accumulated Depreciation								-	
49		RUCO Direct Plant Accumulated Depreciation Adjustment								\$ -	\$ 3,389,631
50											
51		RUCO Net Adjustment								\$ -	\$ 19,605
52											
53											
54											
55											
56											
57											

References:
Column (A): Approved Depreciation Rate From Decision No. 67279
Columns (B): Approved Depreciation Rate From Decision No. 67279

LINE NO.	ACCT NO.	DESCRIPTION	(A) DEPRECIATION RATE		(B) DEPRECIATION RATE		2005				Balance 12/30/2005
			1/1/2003	To 9/30/2004	10/1/2004	To 12/31/2004	Additions	Retirements	Adjustments	Depreciation Expense	
1	351	Organization	0.00%		0.00%		-	-	-	-	5,785
2	352	Franchises	0.00%		0.00%		-	-	-	-	4,417
3	353	Land	0.00%		0.00%		-	-	-	-	7,545
4	354	Structures and Improvements	5.15%		3.33%		-	-	-	951	28,548
5	355	Power Generation			5.00%		-	-	-	-	-
6	360	Collection Sewer Forced	2.06%		2.00%		-	-	-	12,661	633,061
7	361	Collection Sewers Gravity	2.03%		2.00%		-	-	-	103,034	5,817,464
8	362	Special Collecting Structures	3.31%		2.00%		1,331,572	-	-	-	-
9	363	Customer Services	3.04%		2.00%		2,293	-	-	22,298	1,116,049
10	364	Flow Measuring Devices	5.03%		10.00%		-	-	-	3,606	36,057
11	365	Flow Measuring Installation	5.03%		10.00%		-	-	-	-	-
12	366	Reuse Services	5.03%		2.00%		-	-	-	-	-
13	367	Reuse Meters And Installation			8.33%		-	-	-	-	-
14	370	Receiving Wells	3.96%		3.33%		-	-	-	28,875	867,120
15	371	Pumping Equipment	5.27%		12.50%		27,078	(22,506)	-	187,737	1,504,181
16	374	Reuse Distribution Reservoirs			2.50%		-	-	-	-	-
17	375	Reuse Trans. and Dist. System			2.50%		-	-	-	-	-
18	380	Treatment & Disposal Equipment			5.00%		-	-	-	48,608	972,166
19	381	Plant Sewers	5.26%		5.00%		-	-	-	-	-
20	382	Outfall Sewer Lines	2.00%		3.33%		-	-	-	-	-
21	389	Other Sewer Plant. & Equipment	1.66%		5.00%		-	-	-	-	-
22	390	Office Furniture & Equipment	5.30%		6.67%		-	-	-	4,752	71,243
23	390.1	Computers and Software	2.00%		6.67%		-	-	-	368	5,514
24	391	Transportation Equipment	4.80%		20.00%		-	-	-	805	4,025
25	392	Stores Equipment	33.33%		20.00%		-	-	-	-	-
26	393	Tools, Shop And Garage Equip			4.00%		-	-	-	-	-
27	394	Laboratory Equip	4.76%		5.00%		-	-	-	245	4,897
28	396	Communication Equip	2.56%		10.00%		-	-	-	-	-
29	398	Other Tangible Plant	5.03%		10.00%		-	-	-	594	5,936
30	398	Nogales WW Trmt Capacity	5.13%		4.00%		-	-	-	157	3,913
31	346	Rounding			5.00%		-	-	-	-	-
32							-	-	-	-	-
33		TOTAL DIRECT WASTEWATER PLANT					\$ 1,360,942	\$ (22,506)	\$ -	\$ 414,689	\$ 11,083,921
34		Post Test Year Plant (PTYP)					-	-	-	-	-
35		RUCO Total Wastewater Plant In Service					\$ 1,360,942	\$ (22,506)	\$ -	\$ 414,689	\$ 11,083,921
36		Company Direct Plant As Filed									
37		RUCO Direct Plant Adjustment									
38		Reserve Deficiency Accrual								\$ -	
39		Net (Salvage)/Cost of Removal									
40		Accumulated Depreciation								3,803,925	3,803,925
41		Accumulated Depreciation - PTYP								-	-
42		RUCO Total Accumulated Depreciation - Calculated								3,803,925	3,803,925
43		Company As Filed - Accumulated Depreciation									
44		RUCO Direct Plant Accumulated Depreciation Adjustment									
45		RUCO Net Adjustment									
46							-	-	-	-	3,761,705
47							-	-	-	-	42,220
48							\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
49											
50											
51											
52											
53											
54											
55											
56											
57											

References:
Column (A): Approved Depreciation Rate From Decision No. 67279
Columns (B): Approved Depreciation Rate From Decision No. 67279

LINE NO.	ACCT NO.	DESCRIPTION	(A) DEPRECIATION RATE		(B) DEPRECIATION RATE		2006		Balance 12/31/2006
			To 9/30/2004	10/1/2004 To 12/31/2008	10/1/2004 To 12/31/2008	Adjustments	Retirements	Additions	
1	351	Organization	0.00%		0.00%	-	-	-	\$ 5,785
2	352	Franchises	0.00%		0.00%	-	-	-	417
3	353	Land	0.00%		0.00%	-	-	-	7,545
4	354	Structures and Improvements	5.15%		3.33%	-	-	-	28,548
5	355	Power Generation			5.00%	-	-	-	-
6	360	Collection Sewer Forced	2.06%		2.00%	1,147	-	-	634,208
7	361	Collection Sewers Gravity	2.03%		2.00%	100,371	-	-	5,917,835
8	362	Special Collecting Structures	3.31%		2.00%	-	-	-	-
9	363	Customer Services	3.04%		2.00%	12,716	-	-	1,128,765
10	364	Flow Measuring Devices	5.03%		10.00%	-	-	-	36,057
11	365	Flow Measuring Installation	5.03%		10.00%	-	-	-	-
12	366	Reuse Services			2.00%	-	-	-	-
13	367	Reuse Meters And Installation			8.33%	-	-	-	-
14	370	Receiving Wells	3.96%		3.33%	-	-	-	867,120
15	371	Pumping Equipment	5.27%		12.50%	-	-	-	1,504,181
16	374	Reuse Distribution Reservoirs			2.50%	-	-	-	-
17	375	Reuse Trans. and Dist. System			2.50%	-	-	-	-
18	380	Treatment & Disposal Equipment			5.00%	-	-	-	972,166
19	381	Plant Sewers	5.26%		5.00%	-	-	-	-
20	382	Outfall Sewer Lines	1.66%		3.33%	-	-	-	-
21	389	Other Sewer Plant & Equipment	5.30%		6.67%	-	-	-	71,243
22	390	Office Furniture & Equipment	2.00%		6.67%	864	-	-	6,378
23	390.1	Computers and Software	4.80%		20.00%	-	-	-	4,025
24	391	Transportation Equipment	33.33%		20.00%	-	-	-	-
25	392	Stores Equipment			4.00%	-	-	-	-
26	393	Tools, Shop And Garage Equip	4.76%		5.00%	-	-	-	4,897
27	394	Laboratory Equip	2.56%		10.00%	-	-	-	-
28	396	Communication Equip	5.03%		10.00%	-	-	-	5,936
29	398	Other Tangible Plant	5.13%		4.00%	-	-	-	3,913
30	398	Nogales WW Trmnt Capacity			5.00%	427,000	-	-	427,000
31	346	Rounding				-	-	-	-
32									
33		TOTAL DIRECT WASTEWATER PLANT				\$ 542,099	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,626,019
34		Post Test Year Plant (PTYP)				\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
35		RUCO Total Wastewater Plant in Service				\$ 542,099	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,626,019
36									
37		Company Direct Plant As Filed							
38									
39		RUCO Direct Plant Adjustment							
40									
41		Reserve Deficiency Accrual							\$ -
42									
43		Net (Salvage)/Cost of Removal							-
44		Accumulated Depreciation							4,244,085
45		Accumulated Depreciation - PTYP							-
46		RUCO Total Accumulated Depreciation - Calculated							4,244,085
47									
48		Company As Filed - Accumulated Depreciation							4,200,913
49		RUCO Direct Plant Accumulated Depreciation Adjustment							-
50									
51		RUCO Net Adjustment							\$ 43,172
52									
53									
54									
55									
56									
57									

References:
Column (A): Approved Depreciation Rate From Decision No. 67279
Column (B): Approved Depreciation Rate From Decision No. 67279

LINE NO.	ACCT NO.	DESCRIPTION	(A) DEPRECIATION RATE		(B) DEPRECIATION RATE		2007					Balance 12/30/2007
			To 9/30/2004	10/1/2004 To 12/31/2004	To 9/30/2004	10/1/2004 To 12/31/2004	Additions	Retirements	Adjustments	Depreciation Expense		
1	351	Organization	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	-	-	-	-	\$	5,785
2	352	Franchises	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	-	-	-	-		417
3	353	Land	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	-	-	-	-		7,545
4	354	Structures and Improvements	5.15%		3.33%	3.33%	-	-	-	951		28,548
5	355	Power Generation			5.00%	5.00%	-	-	-	-		-
6	360	Collection Sewer Forced	2.06%		2.00%	2.00%	1,815	-	-	12,702		636,023
7	361	Collection Sewers Gravity	2.03%		2.00%	2.00%	-	-	-	118,357		5,917,835
8	362	Special Collecting Structures	3.31%		2.00%	2.00%	-	-	-	-		-
9	363	Customer Services	3.04%		2.00%	2.00%	12,881	-	(16)	22,704		1,141,630
10	364	Flow Measuring Devices	5.03%		10.00%	10.00%	6,667	-	-	3,939		42,725
11	365	Flow Measuring Installation	5.03%		10.00%	10.00%	-	-	-	-		-
12	366	Reuse Services	5.03%		2.00%	2.00%	-	-	-	-		-
13	367	Reuse Meters And Installation			8.33%	8.33%	-	-	-	-		-
14	370	Receiving Wells	3.96%		3.33%	3.33%	-	-	-	28,875		867,120
15	371	Pumping Equipment	5.27%		12.50%	12.50%	-	-	-	188,023		1,504,181
16	374	Reuse Distribution Reservoirs			2.50%	2.50%	-	-	-	-		-
17	375	Reuse Trans. and Dist. System			2.50%	2.50%	-	-	-	-		-
18	380	Treatment & Disposal Equipment			5.00%	5.00%	25,125	-	-	49,236		997,291
19	381	Plant Sewers	5.26%		5.00%	5.00%	-	-	-	-		-
20	382	Outfall Sewer Lines	2.00%		5.00%	5.00%	-	-	-	-		-
21	389	Other Sewer Plant & Equipment	1.66%		3.33%	3.33%	-	-	(1,509)	4,702		69,734
22	390	Office Furniture & Equipment	5.30%		6.67%	6.67%	938	-	-	457		7,315
23	390.1	Computers and Software	2.00%		20.00%	20.00%	-	-	-	805		4,025
24	391	Transportation Equipment	4.80%		33.33%	33.33%	-	-	-	-		-
25	392	Stores Equipment			4.00%	4.00%	-	-	-	-		-
26	393	Tools, Shop And Garage Equip	4.76%		5.00%	5.00%	-	-	-	245		4,897
27	394	Laboratory Equip	2.56%		10.00%	10.00%	-	-	-	-		-
28	396	Communication Equip	5.03%		10.00%	10.00%	-	-	-	594		5,936
29	398	Other Tangible Plant	5.13%		4.00%	4.00%	-	-	-	157		3,913
30	398	Nogales WW Trmnt Capacity					-	-	-	21,350		427,000
31	346	Rounding					-	-	-	-		-
32												
33		TOTAL DIRECT WASTEWATER PLANT					\$ 47,426	\$ -	\$ (1,525)	\$ 453,095	\$	11,671,920
34		Post Test Year Plant (PTYP)					\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
35		RUCO Total Wastewater Plant In Service					\$ 47,426	\$ -	\$ (1,525)	\$ 453,095	\$	11,671,920
36												
37		Company Direct Plant As Filed										
38												
39		RUCO Direct Plant Adjustment										
40												
41		Reserve Deficiency Accrual								\$ -		
42												
43		Net (Salvage)/Cost of Removal								-		
44		Accumulated Depreciation								4,697,180	\$	4,697,180
45		Accumulated Depreciation - PTYP								-		
46		RUCO Total Accumulated Depreciation - Calculated								4,697,180		4,697,180
47												
48		Company As Filed - Accumulated Depreciation								-		
49		RUCO Direct Plant Accumulated Depreciation Adjustment								-		
50												
51		RUCO Net Adjustment								\$ -	\$	4,652,610
52												
53												
54												
55												
56												
57												

References:
Column (A): Approved Depreciation Rate From Decision No. 67279
Column (B): Approved Depreciation Rate From Decision No. 67279

LINE NO.	ACCT NO.	DESCRIPTION	(A) DEPRECIATION RATE		(B)		2008				Balance 12/29/2008
			1/1/2003	10/1/2004	10/1/2004	12/31/2008	Additions	Retirements	Adjustments	Depreciation Expense	
1	351	Organization	0.00%			0.00%	-	-	-	-	5,785
2	352	Franchises	0.00%			0.00%	-	-	-	-	417
3	353	Land	0.00%			0.00%	-	-	-	-	7,545
4	354	Structures and Improvements	5.15%			3.33%	-	-	-	951	28,548
5	355	Power Generation				5.00%	-	-	-	-	-
6	360	Collection Sewer Force	2.06%			2.00%	-	-	-	12,720	636,023
7	361	Collection Sewers Gravity	2.03%			2.00%	-	-	-	118,638	5,945,962
8	362	Special Collecting Structures	3.31%			2.00%	27,713	-	415	-	-
9	363	Customer Services	3.04%			2.00%	3,900	-	-	-	-
10	364	Flow Measuring Devices	5.03%			10.00%	3,447	-	9,818	22,872	1,145,530
11	365	Flow Measuring Installation	5.03%			10.00%	-	-	-	4,936	55,989
12	366	Reuse Services	5.03%			2.00%	-	-	-	-	-
13	367	Reuse Meters And Installation				8.33%	-	-	-	-	-
14	370	Receiving Wells	3.96%			3.33%	-	-	-	28,875	867,120
15	371	Pumping Equipment	5.27%			12.50%	-	-	-	188,023	1,504,181
16	374	Reuse Distribution Reservoirs				2.50%	-	-	-	-	-
17	375	Reuse Trans. and Dist. System	5.26%			5.00%	9,557	-	-	50,103	1,006,848
18	380	Treatment & Disposal Equipment	2.00%			5.00%	-	-	-	-	-
19	381	Plant Sewers	1.66%			3.33%	-	-	-	-	-
20	382	Outfall Sewer Lines	5.30%			6.67%	150	-	(1,015)	4,622	68,869
21	389	Other Sewer Plant & Equipment	2.00%			6.67%	103,139	-	-	3,928	110,454
22	390	Office Furniture & Equipment	4.80%			20.00%	-	-	-	805	4,025
23	390.1	Computers and Software	33.33%			20.00%	-	-	-	-	-
24	391	Transportation Equipment				4.00%	-	-	-	-	-
25	392	Stores Equipment				5.00%	-	-	-	245	4,897
26	393	Tools, Shop And Garage Equip	4.76%			10.00%	-	-	-	-	-
27	394	Laboratory Equip	2.56%			10.00%	-	-	-	594	5,936
28	396	Communication Equip	5.03%			4.00%	-	-	-	157	3,913
29	398	Other Tangible Plant	5.13%			5.00%	-	-	-	21,350	427,000
30	398	Noxales WW Trmt Capacity					-	-	-	-	-
31	346	Rounding					-	-	-	-	-
32		TOTAL DIRECT WASTEWATER PLANT					\$ 147,905	\$ -	\$ 9,217	\$ 458,818	\$ 11,829,042
33		Post Test Year Plant (PTYP)					\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
34		RUCO Total Wastewater Plant In Service					\$ 147,905	\$ -	\$ 9,217	\$ 458,818	\$ 11,829,042
35											
36		Company Direct Plant As Filed									
37		RUCO Direct Plant Adjustment									
38											
39		Reserve Deficiency Accrual									
40											
41		Net (Salvage)/Cost of Removal									
42		Accumulated Depreciation									
43		Accumulated Depreciation - PTYP									
44		RUCO Total Accumulated Depreciation - Calculated									
45											
46		Company As Filed - Accumulated Depreciation									
47		RUCO Direct Plant Accumulated Depreciation Adjustment									
48											
49		RUCO Net Adjustment									
50											
51											
52											
53											
54											
55											
56											
57											

References:
Column (A): Approved Depreciation Rate From Decision No.
Column (B): Approved Depreciation Rate From Decision No. 67279

Line
No.

1	<u>Deferred Income Taxes:</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Reference</u>
2			
3	Algonquin Accumulated Deferred Income Tax Assets	\$ 23,032,000	2008 Algonquin Annual Report
4			
5	Algonquin Accumulated Deferred Income Tax Liabilities	<u>(106,983,000)</u>	2008 Algonquin Annual Report
6			
7	Net Accumulated Deferred Income Tax Assets (Liabilities)	\$ (83,951,000)	Line 3 + Line 5
8			
9	Rio Rico Allocation	<u>0.8997%</u>	Note (A)
10			
11	Rio Rico ADIT Liabilities Allocation	\$ (755,287)	Line 7 X Line 9
12			
13	Convert to US Dollars	<u>0.9400</u>	Note (B)
14			
15	Allocated ADIT Liabilites Balance	\$ (709,970)	Line 11 X Line 13
16			
17	Rio Rico Water Allocation Factor	0.70574	Note (C)
18			
19	Rio Rico Wastewater Allocation Factor	0.29426	Note (C)
20			
21	Rio Rico Water Allocation	\$ (501,057)	Line 15 X Line 17
22			
23	Rio Rico Wastewater Allocation	\$ (208,912)	Line 15 X Line 19
24			
25			
26			
27			
28	<u>NOTES:</u>		
29	(A) Purchase Price of Rio Rico Utilities, Inc.	\$ 8,800,000	
30	Algonquin Total Assets	978,130,000	
31			
32	Ratio	0.8997%	
33			
34			
35	(B) www.bank-banque-canada.ca on 11/19/2009	0.9400	
36			
37			
38	(C) Rio Rico Water Allocation	0.70574	
39			
40	Rio Rico Wastewater Allocation	0.29426	
41			
42			
43	<u>SUPPORTING SCHEDULES</u>		
44	2008 Algonquin Power Income Fund Annual Report		

OPERATING INCOME

LINE NO.	DESCRIPTION	(A) COMPANY AS FILED	(B) RUCO TEST YEAR ADJM'TS	(C) RUCO TEST YEAR AS ADJ'TED	(D) RUCO PROP'D CHANGES	(E) RUCO AS RECOMM'D
	Revenues:					
1	Metered Water Revenues	\$ 1,829,726	\$ 20,125	\$ 1,849,851	\$ (549,328)	\$ 1,300,523
2	Unmetered Water Revenues	-	-	-	-	-
3	Other Water Revenues	250	-	250	-	250
4	Total Revenues	\$ 1,829,976	\$ 20,125	\$ 1,850,101	\$ (549,328)	\$ 1,300,773
	Operating Expenses:					
5	Salaries and Wages	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
6	Purchased Water and WW Treatment	-	-	-	-	-
7	Purchased Power	17,426	49,699	67,125	-	67,125
8	Fuel for Power Production	-	-	-	-	-
9	Chemicals	9,644	-	9,644	-	9,644
10	Materials & Supplies	14,304	-	14,304	-	14,304
11	Contractual Services	298,008	(31,637)	266,371	-	266,371
12	Outside Services - Other	175,196	-	175,196	-	175,196
13	Outside Services - Legal	367	-	367	-	367
14	Equipment Rental	25,781	-	25,781	-	25,781
15	Rents - Building	-	-	-	-	-
16	Transportation Expenses	26,817	-	26,817	-	26,817
17	Insurance - General Liability	12,021	-	12,021	-	12,021
18	Insurance - Vehicle	-	-	-	-	-
19	Regulatory Commission Expense	994	-	994	-	994
20	Reg. Comm. Exp. - Rate Case	41,667	(10,417)	31,250	-	31,250
21	Miscellaneous Expense	155	-	155	-	155
22	Bad Debt Expense	64,087	(30,315)	33,772	-	33,772
23	Depreciation and Amortization	252,672	9,361	262,033	-	262,033
24	Taxes Other Than Income	-	-	-	-	-
25	Property Taxes	91,705	(12,324)	79,381	-	79,381
26	Federal Income Tax	252,773	(31,110)	221,662	(157,863)	63,799
27	State Income Tax	55,684	(1,937)	53,746	(38,277)	15,469
28	Total Operating Expenses	\$ 1,339,300	\$ (58,680)	\$ 1,280,620	\$ (196,141)	\$ 1,084,479
29	Operating Income	\$ 490,676	\$ 78,805	\$ 569,481	\$ (353,187)	\$ 216,294

References:

Column (A): Company Schedule C-1
Column (B): Schedule TJC-7, Columns (B) Thru (K)
Column (C): Column (A) + Column (B)
Column (D): TJC-1, pages 1 and 2
Column (E): Column (C) + Column (D)

SUMMARY OF OPERATING INCOME ADJUSTMENTS
TEST YEAR AS FILED AND ADJUSTMENTS

LINE NO.	DESCRIPTION	(A) COMPANY AS FILED	(B) ADJMT NO. 1 REVENUE ANNUAL TN	(C) ADJMT NO. 2 PURCHASED POWER	(D) ADJMT NO. 3 DEPRECIATION EXPENSE	(E) ADJMT NO. 4 PROPERTY TAX	(F) ADJMT NO. 5 RATE CASE EXPENSE	(G) ADJMT NO. 6 MISCELL. EXPENSE	(H) ADJMT NO. 7 PURCH. POWER PER GB 3.8	(I) ADJMT NO. 8 CORPORATE ALLOCATION	(J) ADJMT NO. 9 BAD DEBT EXPENSE	(K) ADJMT NO. 10 INCOME TAXES	(L) RUCO AS ADJTD
1	Revenues:												
2	Metered Water Revenues	\$ 1,829,726	\$ 20,125	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,849,851
3	Unmetered Water Revenues	250	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	250
4	Other Water Revenues	\$ 1,829,976	\$ 20,125	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,850,101
5	Operating Expenses:												
6	Salaries and Wages	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
7	Purchased Water and WW Treatment	17,426	-	1,694	-	-	-	-	48,005	-	-	-	67,125
8	Fuel for Power Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9	Chemicals	9,644	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,644
10	Materials & Supplies	14,304	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14,304
11	Contractual Services	298,008	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	298,008
12	Outside Services - Other	175,196	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(31,637)	-	-	143,559
13	Outside Services - Legal	367	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	367
14	Equipment Rental	25,781	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25,781
15	Rents - Building	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
16	Transportation Expenses	28,617	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	28,617
17	Insurance - General Liability	12,021	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,021
18	Insurance - Vehicle	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
19	Regulatory Commission Expense	994	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	994
20	Reg. Comm. Exp. - Rate Case	41,687	-	-	-	-	(10,417)	-	-	-	-	-	31,270
21	Miscellaneous Expense	155	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	155
22	Bad Debt Expense	64,087	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(30,315)	-	33,772
23	Depreciation and Amortization	252,672	-	-	9,361	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	262,033
24	Depreciation and Amortization	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25	Property Taxes	84,705	-	-	-	(12,324)	-	-	-	-	-	-	72,381
26	Property Taxes	252,723	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	252,723
27	Federal Income Tax	55,684	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(31,110)	24,574
28	State Income Tax	-	-	1,694	9,361	(12,324)	(10,417)	-	48,005	(31,637)	(30,315)	(1,937)	53,726
29	Total Operating Expenses	\$ 490,676	\$ 20,125	\$ (1,694)	\$ (9,361)	\$ 12,324	\$ 10,417	\$ -	\$ (48,005)	\$ (31,637)	\$ (30,315)	\$ (33,047)	\$ 1,260,120
													\$ 569,481

ADJUSTMENTS:

- 1 - Revenue Annualization
- 2 - Purchased Power Expense Increase and Annualization
- 3 - Depreciation Expense
- 4 - Property Tax Expense
- 5 - Rate Case Expense
- 6 - Intentionally Left Blank
- 7 - Purchased Power Expense Per Staff DR GB 3.8
- 8 - Corporate Allocations
- 9 - Bad Debt Expense
- 10 - Income Taxes

REFERENCE:

- TJC Testimony and Schedule TJC-8 Pages 1 thru 16
TJC Testimony and Schedule TJC-9
TJC Testimony and Schedule TJC-10
TJC Testimony and Schedule TJC-11
TJC Testimony and Schedule TJC-12
Intentionally Left Blank
TJC Testimony
TJC Testimony and Schedule TJC-14
TJC Testimony and Schedule TJC-15
TJC Testimony and Schedule TJC-16

OPERATING ADJUSTMENT #1 - REVENUE ANNUALIZATION

Line

No.

1 Revenue Annualization

2

3

4 RUCO Revenue Annualization \$ 15,620

5

6 Company Revenue Annualization (4,505)

7

8

9 RUCO Adjustment to Revenue and/or Expense \$ 20,125

10

11

12

13 SUPPORTING SCHEDULES

14 TJC-8, pages 2 thru 15

15

16

17

18

19

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[illegible]

[illegible]

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[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

OPERATING ADJUSTMENT #2
REVENUE & EXPENSE ANNUALIZATION - PURCHASED POWER EXPENSE

LINE NO.	DESCRIPTION	TOTAL
1	<u>Annualize Purchase Power Expense</u>	
2		
3	Test Year Purchased Power Expense	\$ 17,482
4	Increase in Purchased Power Expense (Company Adjustment 5)	332
5		
6	Total Adjusted Test Year Purchased Power Expense	<u>\$ 17,814</u>
7		
8	Gallons Treated in Test Year (in 1,000's)	155,443
9		
10	Cost per 1,000 gallons	0.1146
11		
12	Number of Bills During Test Year (excluding effluent)	24,852
13		
14	Average Flow per Bill (in 1,000's)	6.25
15		
16	Increase in Number of Bills	1,824
17		
18	Increase in Flows (in 1,000's)	11,400
19		
20	Increase (decrease) in Purchased Power	\$ 1,306
21		
22	Company Adjustment to Revenue and/or Expense	<u>\$ (388)</u>
23		
24	RUCO Adjustment to Revenue and/or Expense	<u><u>\$ 1,694</u></u>
25		
26		
27		
28		
29		
30		
31		
32		
33		
34	<u>SUPPORTING SCHEDULES</u>	
35	Company Schedule C-2	
36	Company Adjustment #5 Schedule	
37	Schedule TJC-8, pages 1 thru 16	
38		
39		
40		
41		
42		
43		
44		

**EXPLANATION OF OPERATING INCOME ADJUSTMENT NO. 3
TEST YEAR DEPRECIATION EXPENSE**

LINE NO.	ACCOUNT NO.	ACCOUNT NAME	(A) RUCO PLANT VALUE	(B) COMPANY PROPOSED DEP. RATES	(C) TEST YEAR DEPRECIATION EXPENSE
1	351	Organization	\$ 5,785	0.00%	\$ -
2	352	Franchises	417	0.00%	-
3	353	Land	7,545	0.00%	-
4	354	Structures and Improvements	28,548	3.33%	951
5	355	Power Generation	-	5.00%	-
6	360	Collection Sewer Forced	636,023	2.00%	12,720
7	361	Collection Sewers Gravity	5,945,962	2.00%	118,919
8	362	Special Collecting Structures	-	2.00%	-
9	363	Customer Services	1,145,530	2.00%	22,911
10	364	Flow Measuring Devices	55,989	10.00%	5,599
11	365	Flow Measuring Installation	-	10.00%	-
12	366	Reuse Services	-	2.00%	-
13	367	Reuse Meters And Installation	-	8.33%	-
14	370	Receiving Wells	867,120	3.33%	28,875
15	371	Pumping Equipment	1,504,181	12.50%	188,023
16	374	Reuse Distribution Reservoirs	-	2.50%	-
17	375	Reuse Trans. and Dist. System	-	2.50%	-
18	380	Treatment & Disposal Equipment	1,006,848	5.00%	50,342
19	381	Plant Sewers	-	5.00%	-
20	382	Outfall Sewer Lines	-	3.33%	-
21	389	Other Sewer Plant & Equipment	68,869	6.67%	4,594
22	390	Office Furniture & Equipment	110,454	6.67%	7,367
23	390	Computers and Software	4,025	20.00%	805
24	391	Transportation Equipment	-	20.00%	-
25	392	Stores Equipment	-	4.00%	-
26	393	Tools, Shop And Garage Equip	4,897	5.00%	245
27	394	Laboratory Equip	-	10.00%	-
28	396	Communication Equip	5,936	10.00%	594
29	398	Other Tangible Plant	3,913	4.00%	157
30	398	Nogales WW Trmnt Capacity	427,000	5.00%	21,350
31	346	Rounding	1		
32					
33		TEST YEAR GROSS PLANT AND DEPRECIATION EXPENSE	\$ 11,829,043		\$ 463,451
34					
35					
36		AMORTIZATION OF CONTRIBUTIONS	(5,137,673)	3.92%	(201,418)
37					
38		Rounding			
39					
40		TOTAL DEPRECIATION EXPENSE			\$ 262,033
41					
42		Company As Filed			252,672
43		Difference			\$ 9,361
44					
45		RUCO Adjustment			\$ 9,361
46					
47					

**EXPLANATION OF OPERATING INCOME ADJUSTMENT NO. 4
PROPERTY TAX COMPUTATION**

LINE NO.	DESCRIPTION	REFERENCE	(A)	(B)
Calculation Of The Company's Full Cash Value:				
Annual Operating Revenues:				
1	Adjusted Revenues In Year Ended December 2007	Sch. TJC-7, Col (C), Ln 8	\$ 1,850,101	
2	Adjusted Revenues In Year Ended December 2007	Sch. TJC-7, Col (C), Ln 8	1,850,101	
3	Proposed Revenues	Sch. TJC-7, Col (E), Ln 8	1,300,773	
4	Total Three Year Operating Revenues	Sum Of Lines 1, 2 & 3	\$ 5,000,974	
5	Average Annual Operating Revenues	Line 4 / 3	1,666,991	
6	Two Times Three Year Average Operating Revenues	Line 5 X 2		\$ 3,333,983
ADD:				
10% Of Construction Work In Progress ("CWIP"):				
7	Test Year CWIP	Company Schedule E	\$ 28,150	
8	10% Of CWIP	Line 7 X 10%		\$ 2,815
SUBTRACT:				
Transportation At Book Value:				
9	Original Cost Of Transportation Equipment	RUCO Plant Schedule TJC-4	\$ -	
10	Acc. Dep. Of Transportation Equipment	RUCO Plant Schedule TJC-4	-	
11	Net Book Value Of Transportation Equipment	Line 9 + Line 10		\$ -
12	Company's Full Cash Value ("FCV")	Sum Of Lines 6, 8 & 11		\$ 3,336,798
Calculation Of The Company's Tax Liability:				
MULTIPLY:				
FCV X Valuation Assessment Ratio X Property Tax Rates:				
13	Assessment Ratio	House Bill 2779	21.0%	
14	Assessed Value	Line 12 X Line 13	\$ 700,728	
Property Tax Rates:				
15	Primary Tax Rate	Company Workpapers	11.3283%	
16	Secondary Tax Rate	Company Workpapers	0.00%	
17	Estimated Tax Rate Liability	Line 15 + Line 16	11.33%	
	Property Tax			\$ 79,381
	Tax On Parcel			-
18	Company's Total Tax Liability - Based On Full Cash Value	Line 14 X Line 17		\$ 79,381
19	Test Year Adjusted Property Tax Expense As Filed	Co. Sch. C-1		91,705
20	Decrease In Property Tax Expense	Line 18 - Line 19		\$ (12,324)
		Line 20		<u>\$ (12,324)</u>

Rio Rico Utilities, Inc.
Docket No. WS-02676A-09-0257
Test Year Ended December 31, 2008

Wastewater Division
Schedule TJC-12
Page 1 of 1

**EXPLANATION OF OPERATING INCOME ADJUSTMENT NO. 5
RATE CASE EXPENSE**

LINE NO.	DESCRIPTION	(A) COMPANY ESTIMATE	(B) RUCO ADJUSTMENT	(C) RUCO AS ADJUSTED
1	Rate Case Expense Total	<u>\$ 125,000</u>	<u>\$ (31,250)</u>	<u>\$ 93,750</u>
2	Allocation Factor			100%
3	Wastewater Division (Line 1 X Line 2)			<u>\$ 93,750</u>
4	Normalization Period - 3 Years			3
5	RUCO Adjusted Rate Case Expense (Line 3 / 3 Years)			<u>\$ 31,250</u>
6	Company Rate Case Expenses As Filed (Company Sch. C-2)			\$ 41,667
7	RUCO Pro Forma Rate Case Expense (Lines 5 - 6)			<u>\$ (10,417)</u>
8	RUCO Adjustment (Line 7)			<u>\$ (10,417)</u>

Rio Rico Utilities, Inc.
Docket No. WS-02676A-09-0257
Test Year Ended December 31, 2008

Wastewater Division
Schedule TJC-13
Page 1 of 1

EXPLANATION OF OPERATING INCOME ADJUSTMENT NO. 6
MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSE

LINE NO.	DESCRIPTION	(A) AMOUNT
1	Intentionally Left Blank	
2		
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OPERATING INCOME ADJUSTMENT #8 - CORPORATE ALLOCATIONS

Line No.	Description	Company Total Cost	RUCO Disallowed Costs	RUCO Other Disallowed Costs	RUCO Allowable Costs	RUCO 2008 Allocation Factor	RUCO Allowed Costs	Allocation % To Rio Rico	RUCO Amount Allocated To Rio Rico
1	Rent	430,739		(430,739)	-	24.29%	-	12.92%	-
2	Audit	507,000		(380,250)	126,750	24.29%	30,782	12.92%	3,976.12
3	Tax Services	265,000		(198,750)	66,250	24.29%	16,089	12.92%	2,078.25
4	Legal - General	300,000		(225,000)	75,000	24.29%	18,214	12.92%	2,352.73
5	Other Professional Services	455,000		(455,000)	-	24.29%	-	12.92%	-
6	Management Fee	636,619		(636,619)	-	24.29%	-	12.92%	-
7	Unit Holder Communications	314,100		(314,100)	-	24.29%	-	12.92%	-
8	Trustee Fees	204,000		(204,000)	-	24.29%	-	12.92%	-
9	Office Costs	254,100	(46,186) Note A	(207,914)	-	24.29%	-	12.92%	-
10	Licenses/Fees and Permits	305,000	(145,642) Note B	(159,358)	-	24.29%	-	12.92%	-
11	Escrow and Transfer Fees	75,000		(75,000)	-	24.29%	-	12.92%	-
12	Depreciation Expense	204,242		(153,182)	51,061	24.29%	12,400	12.92%	1,601.76
Total		3,950,800	(191,828)	(3,439,912)	319,061		77,486		10,009

RUCO Allocation To Rio Rico Water Division (Based on Total Ratio of Rate Base)

70.5745%

RUCO Allocation To Rio Rico Wastewater Division (Based on Total Ratio of Rate Base)

29.4255%

Company's APT Cost Allocation for Water Division (Per Staff DR GB 3.7 & GB 3.15)

\$ 103,745

RUCO's APT Cost Allocation Allowed for Water Division

7,064

RUCO's APT Cost Allocation Adjustment for Water Division

(96,681)

Company's APT Cost Allocation for Wastewater Division (Per Staff DR GB 3.7 & GB 3.15)

\$ 34,582

RUCO's APT Cost Allocation Allowed for Wastewater Division

2,945

RUCO's APT Cost Allocation Adjustment for Wastewater Division

(31,637)

Note A:

Description	
Office Costs	Wind Analysis Software \$ 15,056
Office Costs	Gold Watches & Clocks 16,864
Office Costs	Pilsner Beer Glasses 5,700
Office Costs	Leafs/Raptors Tickets 5,066
Office Costs	Super Bowl Tickets 3,500
Total	\$ 46,186

Note B:

Licenses/Fees and Permits	Donation	\$ 25,000
Licenses/Fees and Permits	Donation	25,000
Licenses/Fees and Permits	Donation	13,350
Licenses/Fees and Permits	Donation	5,000
Licenses/Fees and Permits	Wind Developm	7,887
Licenses/Fees and Permits	US Trustee	9,375
Licenses/Fees and Permits	Wind Energy	12,556
Licenses/Fees and Permits	APF Inc Taxes	6,891
Licenses/Fees and Permits	APF Inc Taxes	6,794
Licenses/Fees and Permits	APF Inc Taxes	23,789
Licenses/Fees and Permits	KMS Tax Ruling	10,000

Total

\$ 145,642

SUPPORTING SCHEDULES

2008 Algonquin Power Income Fund Annual Report

Company's Response to Staff GB 3.2 and 3.10 APT Affiliate Charges - Rio Rico

Company's Response to Staff GB 3.7 and 3.15

Rio Rico Utilities, Inc.
Docket No. WS-02676A-09-0257
Test Year Ended December 31, 2008

Wastewater Division
Schedule TJC-15
Page 1 of 1

**EXPLANATION OF OPERATING INCOME ADJUSTMENT NO. 9
BAD DEBT EXPENSE**

LINE NO.	DESCRIPTION	(A) AMOUNT
1	<u>Normalize Bad Debt Expense:</u>	
2		
3	2008 Bad Debt Expense	\$ 64,087
4	2007 Bad Debt Expense	28,498
5	2006 Bad Debt Expense	8,732
6		
7	3 Year Normalization	\$ 33,772
8		
9	Company As Filed	64,087
10		
11	RUCO Adjustment	\$ (30,315)
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38	<u>SUPPORTING SCHEDULES</u>	
39	Company Schedule E-2	
40		
41		

**OPERATING INCOME ADJUSTMENT #10
INCOME TAX EXPENSE**

LINE NO.	DESCRIPTION	(A) REFERENCE	(B) AMOUNT
FEDERAL INCOME TAXES:			
1	Operating Income Before Taxes	Sch. TJC-7, Column (C), L28 + L22 + L23	\$ 844,889
	LESS:		
2	Arizona State Tax	Line 11	53,746
3	Interest Expense	Note (A) Line 21	73,557
4	Federal Taxable Income	Line 1 - Line 2 - Line 3	\$ 717,586
5	Federal Tax Rate	Sch. TJC-1, Pg 2, Col. (D), L34	30.89%
6	Federal Income Tax Expense	Line 4 X line 5	\$ 221,662
STATE INCOME TAXES:			
7	Operating Income Before Taxes	Line 1	\$ 844,889
	LESS:		
8	Interest Expense	Note (A) Line 21	73,557
9	State Taxable Income	Line 7 - Line 8	\$ 771,332
10	State Tax Rate	Tax Rate	6.97%
11	State Income Tax Expense	Line 9 X Line 10	\$ 53,746
TOTAL INCOME TAX EXPENSE:			
12	Federal Income Tax Expense	Line 6	\$ 221,662
13	State Income Tax Expense	Line 11	53,746
14	Total Income Tax Expense Per RUCO	Line 12 + Line 13	\$ 275,409
15	Total Federal Income Tax Expense Per Company (Per Company Sch. C-1, L28)		252,773
16	Total State Income Tax Expense Per Company (Per Company Sch. C-1, L28)		55,684
17	RUCO Federal Income Tax Adjustment	Line 12 - Line 15	\$ (31,110)
18	RUCO State Income Tax Adjustment	Line 13 - Line 16	\$ (1,937)

NOTE (A):

Interest Synchronization:

19	Adjusted Rate Base (Sch. TJC-2, Col. (H), L17)	\$ 2,937,595
20	Weighted Cost Of Debt (Sch. TJC-16 Col. (F), L1)	2.50%
		\$ 73,557

COST OF CAPITAL

LINE NO.	DESCRIPTION	(B) CAPITAL RATIO	(C) COST RATE	(D) WEIGHTED COST RATE
1	Long-Term Debt	40.00%	6.26%	2.50%
2	Common Equity	<u>60.00%</u>	9.00%	<u>5.40%</u>
3	Total Capitalization	<u><u>100.00%</u></u>		
4	WEIGHTED AVERAGE COST OF CAPITAL			7.90%

References:

Columns (A) Thru (D): Testimony, WAR